Annual Plan 2022 Overview and Certification

Woburn Housing Authority Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2022 For State-Aided Public Housing

The Annual Plan is a document compiled by housing authority staff in advance of each new fiscal year. The plan serves as both a tool for the Local Housing Authority (LHA) to reflect upon the prior fiscal year, and as an opportunity to develop a clear and transparent plan that builds on successes, identifies needs, and corrects any issues that have arisen in prior years. Additionally, the Annual Plan is an important tool for tenants, who may use the document to better understand the operations and needs of their housing authority, advocate for changes to policies and procedures, access data about the housing authority, and participate in their housing authority's governance.

In addition to the physical document, the Annual Plan is also a process of public engagement. Throughout the Annual Plan process, the LHA executive director or their designee will be expected to review the Plan with any Local Tenant Organizations (LTO's) and Resident Advisory Board (RAB) before the LHA presents the plan to the LHA Board of Commissioners; make a draft available for review to all residents and the general public; post on the website and make a copy available to each LTO at least 30 business days before the public hearing; hold a hearing on the document; and collect, integrate, and report back on substantive comments. Additionally, the Board will read, offer recommendations, and approve the Annual Plan in advance of its submission to DHCD.

The law that mandates the Annual Plan is An Act Relative to Local Housing Authorities, Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 121B Section 28A. The regulation that expands upon Section 28A is 760 CMR 4.16. The regulations that address Local Tenant Organization (LTO) and resident participation in the Annual Plan are 760 CMR 6.09 (3)(h) and 760 CMR 6.09(4)(a)(4).

The Woburn Housing Authority's Annual Plan for their 2022 fiscal year includes the following components:

- 1. Overview and Certification
- 2. Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)
- 3. Maintenance and Repair Plan
- 4. Operating Budget
- 5. Narrative responses to Performance Management Review (PMR) findings
- 6. Policies
- 7. Waivers
- 8. Glossary
- 9. Other Elements
 - a. Substantial comments
 - b. Cover Sheet
 - c. Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
 - d. Tenant Satisfaction Survey 200 and 705 Program

Overview and Certification

State-Aided Public Housing Developments

The following table identifies the state-aided public housing units with developments of more than 8 units listed separately. Units in developments of 8 or fewer units are aggregated as noted. Units that the LHA provides to assist clients of the Department of Mental Health (DMH), the Department of Developmental Services (DDS), or other agencies are also aggregated separately.

Dev No	Туре	Development Name	Num Bldgs	Year Built	Dwelling Units
667-03	Elderly	CAMPBELL STREET 667-03	1	1972	100
200-01	Family	CRESTON AVENUE 200-01	10	1949	68
200-03	Family	LIBERTY AVE. 200-03	25	1953	48
667-04	Elderly	LIBRARY PLACE 667-04	1	1981	45
667-02	Elderly	NICHOLS STREET EXTENSION 667-02	10	1964	54
667-01	Elderly	WARREN AVENUE 667-01	6	1963	40
200-02	Family	WEBSTER AVENUE 200-02	9	1951	60
Total			62		415

Federally Assisted Developments

Woburn Housing Authority also manages Federally-assisted public housing developments and/or federal rental subsidy vouchers serving 388 households.

LHA Central Office

Woburn Housing Authority 59 Campbell St., Woburn, MA, 01801 Thomas Maher, Executive Director Phone: 781-935-0818 Email: tmaher@woburnhousing.org

Annual Plan 2022

Overview and Certification

LHA Board of Commissioners

<u>Role</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
Vice-Chair	State Appointee	01/08/2015	01/08/2019
Treasurer	Federal Tenant Rep	02/26/2002	02/26/2020
Chair		07/20/2007	04/01/2012
Member		03/08/2018	03/31/2023
Member		01/25/2010	03/31/2014
	Vice-Chair Treasurer Chair Member	Vice-Chair State Appointee Treasurer Federal Tenant Rep Chair Member	Vice-ChairState Appointee01/08/2015TreasurerFederal Tenant Rep02/26/2002Chair07/20/2007Member03/08/2018

Plan History

The following required actions have taken place on the dates indicated.

REQ	REQUIREMENT				
		COMPLETED			
Α.	Advertise the public hearing on the LHA website.	02/03/2021			
В.	Advertise the public hearing in public postings.	02/03/2021			
C.	Notify all LTO's and RAB, if there is one, of the hearing and N/A				
	provide access to the Proposed Annual Plan.				
D.	Post draft AP for tenant and public viewing.	02/03/2021			
E.	Hold quarterly meeting with LTO or RAB to review the draft AP.				
	(Must occur before the LHA Board reviews the Annual Plan.)	N/A			
F.	Annual Plan Hearing. Hosted by the LHA Board, with a quorum of members present. (For Boston, the Administrator will host the hearing.)	03/24/2021			
G.	Executive Director presents the Annual Plan to the Board.	03/25/2021			
Н.	Board votes to approve the AP. (For Boston Housing Authority, the Administrator approves and submits the AP.)	03/25/2021			

Certification

CERTIFICATION FOR SUBMISSION OF THE ANNUAL PLAN

I, Tom Maher, Executive Director of the Woburn Housing Authority, certify on behalf of the Housing Authority that: a) the above actions all took place on the dates listed above; b) all facts and information contained in this Annual Plan are true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief and c) that the Annual Plan was prepared in accordance with and meets the requirements of the regulations at 760 CMR 4.16 and 6.09.

Date of certification: 03/31/2021

Overview and Certification

This Annual Plan (AP) will be reviewed by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) following the public comment period, the public hearing, and LHA approval.

Annual Plan Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Capital Improvement Plan

DHCD Description of CIPs:

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a five year plan which identifies capital projects, provides a planning scope, schedule and budget for each capital project and identifies options for financing and implementing the plan. The CIP identifies anticipated spending for each Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) fiscal year (July 1 to June 30) based on the project schedules.

Local Housing Authorities (LHAs) receive yearly awards from DHCD (Formula Funding Awards) which they target to their most urgent capital needs in their CIP. They may also receive special awards from DHCD for specific projects which meet specific criteria. Special awards may be given for certain emergency, regulation compliance, energy and water conservation, and other projects. The first three years of the CIP are based on actual awards made to the LHA, while years four and five are based on estimated planning amounts, not actual awards.

LHAs may sometimes secure other sources of funding and assistance that you will note in their CIP, such as: Community Preservation Act (CPA) funding, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding, Local Affordable Housing Trust Funds (AHTF), HOME grants, income from leasing a cell tower on their property, savings from net meter credit contracts with solar developers, utility rebates and contracted work from utility providers, and Sheriff's Department work crews. However, not all of these funding sources are available every year, or in all communities.

The CIP includes the following parts:

- A table of available funding sources and amounts
- A list of planned capital projects showing spending per fiscal year
- A table showing special awards and other funding for targeted projects, if any, which supplements Formula Funding awarded to the LHA
- A 'narrative' with a variety of additional information.

Annual Plan

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Aggregate Funding Available for Projects in the First Three Years of the CIP:

Category of Funds	tegory of Funds Allocation Planned Spending		Description
Balance of Formula Funding (FF)	\$2,175,780.70	spending	Total of all FF awards minus prior FF spending
LHA Emergency Reserve	\$326,367.11		Amount to reserve for emergencies
Net FF Funds (First 3 Years of the CIP)	\$1,849,413.60		Funds to plan & amount actually planned in the first 3 years of the CIP
ADA Set-aside	\$15,722.37	\$15,722.37	Accessibility projects
DMH Set-aside	\$0.00	\$0.00	Dept. of Mental Health facility
DDS Set-aside	\$0.00	\$0.00	Dept. of Developmental Services facility
Unrestricted Formula Funding (FF)	\$1,833,691.22	\$1,914,269.58	Funds awarded by DHCD to be used on projects selected by the LHA and approved by DHCD.
Special DHCD Funding	\$2,854,669.04	\$2,854,669.04	Targeted awards from DHCD
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Federal funds awarded by a city or town for specific projects.
Community Preservation Act (CPA) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Community Preservation Act funds awarded by a city of town for specific projects.
Operating Reserve(OR) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Funds from the LHA's operating budget.
Other Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Funds other than those in the above categories. See explanation below.
Total funds and planned spending	\$4,704,082.63	\$4,784,660.99	Total of all anticipated funding available for planned projects and the total of planned spending.

Annual Plan

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

CIP Definitions:

ADA Set-aside is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on projects that improve accessibility for people with disabilities. 10% of FF awards are designated for this purpose.

Available State Bond Funding is the amount of State Bond Funding available to the LHA for the first three years of the CIP. It is calculated by totaling all of FF and Special Awards granted to the LHA through the end of the third year of the plan and subtracting the amount of these funds spent prior to July 1 of the first year of the plan.

Amount spent prior to the plan is the total amount of Formula Funding (FF) and Special Awards spent prior to July 1 of the first year of the plan.

Capital project is a project that adds significant value to an asset or replaces building systems or components. Project cost must be greater than \$1000.

CDBG stands for Community Development Block Grant, a potential source of project funds.

CPA stands for Community Preservation Act, a potential source of project funds.

CapHub Project Number is the number given to projects entered into DHCD's project management system known as CapHub.

DMH Set-aside is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on facilities leased to the Department of Mental Health (DMH) program vendors, if any exist at this LHA.

DDS Set-aside is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on facilities leased to the Department of Developmental Services (DDS) program vendors, if any exist at this LHA.

Formula Funding (FF) is an allocation of state bond funds to each LHA according to the condition (needs) of its portfolio in comparison to the entire state-aided public housing portfolio.

Operating Reserve is an account, funded from the LHA operating budget, primarily used for unexpected operating costs, including certain extraordinary maintenance or capital projects.

Other Funds could include other funding by the city or town or from other sources.

Special Awards are DHCD awards targeted to specific projects. Award programs include funds for emergencies beyond what an LHA can fund, for complying with regulatory requirements, for projects that will save water or energy use, and various other programs the department may run from time to time.

Total Cost is the sum of investigation, design, administration, permitting, and construction costs for a project

Unrestricted Formula Funding (FF) is money awarded to the LHA by DHCD under the Formula Funding program other than amounts set aside (restricted) for accessibility improvements or for facilities operated by DMH or DDS.

03/31/2021

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Formula Funding and Special DHCD Award Planned Spending - Other funding not included

Cap Hub Project Number	Project Name	Development(s)	Total Cost	Amount Spent Prior to Plan	Remaining Planned for 2021	fy2022 Planned	fy2023	fy2024	fy2025	fy2026
347067	FF: ADA - Ramp and Railings	WARREN AVENUE 667-01	\$12,000	\$0	\$0	\$12,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347071	LEAN - ASHPs, multi-heads to replace heat sink units	NICHOLS STREET EXTENSION 667-02	\$5,265	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347072	Accessible units 3 units Library Place 667-4	LIBRARY PLACE 667-04	\$255,415	\$21,483	\$44,628	\$174,455	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347074	Underground Electric Feeder replacement at 59 Campbell	CAMPBELL STREET 667-03	\$134,185	\$126,360	\$19,158	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347075	H&S FY20: Repair exterior stairs at 200-1 & 200-3	CRESTON AVENUE 200-01	\$84,475	\$78,567	\$5,958	\$4,350	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347076	H&S FY20: Replace front entrace door and automatic closer at 667-3	CAMPBELL STREET 667-03	\$13,875	\$13,481	\$4,939	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347077	Wiring Upgrade Dev Wide - Webster	WEBSTER AVENUE 200-02	\$878,750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$322,784	\$593,813	\$0	\$0
347078	Dev. wide roofs, slab, brick wall, walkway & 6 accessible units	NICHOLS STREET EXTENSION 667-02	\$1,768,750	\$51,783	\$29,531	\$1,312,360	\$417,578	\$0	\$0	\$0
347079	Elevator - major upgrade - CR Request	LIBRARY PLACE 667-04	\$1,875,000	\$221	\$0	\$207,188	\$1,667,813	\$0	\$0	\$0

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Formula Funding and Special DHCD Award Planned Spending - Other funding not included

Cap Hub Project Number	-	Development(s)	Total Cost	Amount Spent Prior to Plan	Remaining Planned for 2021	fy2022 Planned	fy2023	fy2024	fy2025	fy2026
	Playground Replacement	CRESTON AVENUE 200-01	\$103,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$103,500
	Bathroom modernization	WEBSTER AVENUE 200-02	\$804,238	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$69,601	\$734,638
TOTALS			\$5,935,453	\$291,892	\$104,213	\$1,710,351	\$2,408,175	\$593,813	\$69,601	\$838,138

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

FUNDS IN ADDITION TO ANNUAL FORMULA FUNDING AWARD

Cap Hub	Project Name	DHCD Special		Special DHC	D Awards			Other	Funding	
Project Number		Award Comment	Emergency Reserve	Compliance Reserve	Sustain- ability	Special Awards	CDBG	СРА	Operating Reserve	Other Funds
347071	LEAN - ASHPs, multi-heads to replace heat sink units		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,265	\$0
347072	Accessible units 3 units Library Place 667-4	Create #205,305,405 to fully Accessible units	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$180,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347075	H&S FY20: Repair exterior stairs at 200-1 & 200-3	H&S FY20: Repair exterior stairs at 200-1 & 200-3	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$38,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	H&S FY20: Replace front entrace door and automatic closer at 667-3	H&S FY20: Replace front entrace door and automatic closer at 667-3	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,875	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347078	Dev. wide roofs, slab, brick wall, walkway & 6 accessible units	create 1-6 fully accessible units	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$800,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
347079	Elevator - major upgrade - CR Request	2nd elevator initiative award	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,875,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTALS			\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,906,875	\$0	\$0	\$5,265	\$0

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) Narrative

Including Requests to DHCD & Supporting Statements

1. Request for increased spending flexibility.

DHCD designates a spending target (cap share) and an allowable spending range for each year of the CIP. A Housing Authority may request to shift the cap shares of the first three years in order to increase scheduling flexibility. A CIP utilizing this flexibility is called an Alternate CIP. The total spending over three years and over five years must continue to meet the limits set by DHCD. DHCD will approve an Alternate CIP only with acceptable justification and only if funding is available.

Woburn Housing Authority has submitted an Alternate CIP with the following justification:

• Projected spending on projects currently in bidding or construction exceeds Cap Share in one or more years of the CIP.

Projected spending on projects currently in bidding or construction exceeds Cap Share in one or more years of the CIP. due to FISH # 347077

2. Request for additional funding.

A Housing Authority may request additional funding from DHCD for projects that qualify as emergencies, required legal compliance upgrades, or sustainability improvements.

Woburn Housing Authority has not requested additional funding.

3. Overall goals of the Housing Authority's CIP

In continuing with our prior plan the Woburn Housing Authority's intention is to always keep the health & safety and quality of life in mind at all times, thus we are addressing some ADA accessible updates with ramps at our 667-01. We also plan to address the upgrading of all wiring at our 200-02 and Dev wide Roofing, CC Slab, brick wall walkway replacement which will include ADA compliance Improvements in the future. Another major modernization project which will incorporate the upgrade of all obsolete bathrooms at our 200-02 in the 4th and 5th years.

4. Changes from the Housing Authority's previous CIP

Every new CIP differs from the previous CIP because projects have been completed and a new year has been added with new projects. These changes and other significant changes to the content of the CIP are highlighted below:

We have added Playground Replacement at Development: CRESTON AVENUE 200-01 CPS Project #: 347-200-01-S01-20-1458

5. Requirements of previous CIP approval

There were no special conditions attached to the approval of our previous CIP.

6. Quarterly capital reports

Our most recent quarterly capital report (form 80 and 90) was submitted on 11/19/2020.

7. Capital Planning System (CPS) updates

Our CPS facility data has been updated with current condition information, including changes resulting from projects completed in the past year, as of 03/11/2020.

8. Project priorities

All the projects in our CIP are high priority (Priority 1 and 2 projects).

9. High priority deficiencies

We have not been able to include all of our high priority (CPS priority 1 and 2) projects in our CIP:

We have depleted our funding resources at this time. We will address further projects when additional funds become available.

10. Accessibility

We have identified the following accessibility deficiencies in our portfolio: Ramp @ Warren Ave - Rec Hall

We have incorporated the following projects in our CIP to address accessibility deficiencies: We are addressing this in our upcoming CIP

11. Special needs development

Woburn Housing Authority does not have a special needs (167 or 689 programs) development.

12. Energy and water consumption

Our 12 most recent monthly energy reports are for months 11/2019 to 10/2020.

The following table lists the DHCD thresholds for Per Unit Monthly (PUM) expense for electricity, natural gas, oil, and water use and the developments at the Housing Authority that have expenses in excess of the thresholds, if any.

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	Electric PUM > Threshold	Gas PUM > Threshold	Oil PUM > Threshold	Water PUM > Threshold
Threshold PUM:	\$100	\$80	\$50	\$60
	667-02	667-03		667-02
	667-03	200-01		667-03
	200-01	667-04		200-01
	667-04	200-02		667-04
	200-02	667-01		200-02
	667-01			667-01
				200-03

At our 667-02 we are updating Heat Sink Units (FISH 357071) in order to reduce electrical consumption - Grant from LEAN/ABCD. Electric Underground Feeder replacement in 2019 which may reduce electrical consumption other the that we have done as much as we can at our 667-03 to try and reduce consumption there. We have a set dollar fee per unit for water and sewer - we are not on a metered system. We also have other project that will help reduce the consumption. However due to Covid19 it will be difficult reduce it fully as all tenants are spending much more time at home.

13. Energy or water saving initiatives

Woburn Housing Authority is not currently pursuing any energy or water-saving audits or grants that could affect CIP project scope, costs or timing of projects.

14. Vacancy rate

Annual Plan Capital Improvement Plan

Our unadjusted vacancy rate reported to DHCD is as follows. (The unadjusted vacancy rate captured in these figures is the percentage of ALL housing units that are vacant, including both offline units being used for other purposes and units with DHCD vacancy waivers.) 3% c. 667 (DHCD Goal 2%)

0% c. 200 (DHCD Goal 2%)

0% c. 705 (DHCD Goal 2%)

Woburn Housing Authority will address the excess vacancies in the following manner: We are certain that the 3% is inaccurate for our 667. DHCD's Vacancy goal is 60 days -Woburn's Vacancy goal is 30 days and our 667 is full. However we have many projects that will make Nichols more desirable such the addition of a 2nd elevator, making the grounds ADA accessible all under FISH # 347078

15. Vacancies

Woburn Housing Authority has units that are currently vacant that it proposes to keep vacant or offline:

Development #	# of Units	Reason
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Woburn Housing Authority has not proposed to newly vacate or re-purpose any units.

Woburn Housing Authority has not identified any units at risk of becoming vacant.

Maintenance and Repair Plan

Maintenance Objective

The goal of good property maintenance at a public housing authority is to serve the residents by assuring that the homes in which they live are decent, safe, and sanitary.

About This Maintenance and Repair Plan

This Maintenance & Repair Plan consists of several subsections describing maintenance systems followed by charts showing typical preventive maintenance, routine maintenance, and unit inspection tasks and schedules. These subsections are:

- a. **Classification and Prioritization of Maintenance Tasks** Defines and prioritizes types of work to be accomplished by maintenance staff and vendors. Explains how the housing authority is expected to respond to work orders (tasks or requests) based on the work order classification.
- b. **Emergency Response System** Defines what constitutes an emergency and how to notify staff of an emergency.
- c. **Normal Maintenance Response System** How to contact the maintenance staff for a non-emergency request.
- d. **Work Order Management** Description of the housing authority's system for managing work orders (tasks and requests).
- e. **Maintenance Plan Narrative & Policy Statement** Self-assessment, basic information, and goals for the coming year, along with a description of the housing authority's maintenance program.
- f. **Preventive Maintenance Schedule** A listing and schedule of tasks designed to keep systems and equipment operating properly, to extend the life these systems and equipment, and to avoid unexpected breakdowns.
- g. **Routine Maintenance Schedule** A listing and schedule of ordinary maintenance tasks such as mopping, mowing, raking, and trash collection required to keep the facilities in good condition.
- h. **Unit Inspections** Scheduling of annual unit inspections.

Classification and Prioritization of Maintenance Tasks

Maintenance items are tracked as "work orders" and are classified in the following categories. They are prioritized in the order listed. The following classifications and prioritization are required by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD).

- I. **Emergencies** Emergencies are only those conditions which are **immediately threatening** to the life or safety of our residents, staff, or structures.
 - Goal: initiated with 24 to 48 hours.
- II. Vacancy Refurbishment Work necessary to make empty units ready for new tenants.
 - After emergencies, the refurbishment of vacancies for immediate re-occupancy has the highest priority for staff assignments. Everyday a unit is vacant is a day of lost rent.
 - Goal: vacancy work orders are completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within that timeframe, LHA has a waiver.
- III. **Preventive Maintenance** Work which must be done to **preserve and extend the useful life** of various elements of your physical property and avoid emergency situations.
 - A thorough Preventive Maintenance Program and Schedule that deals with all elements of the physical property is provided later in the document.
 - The Preventive Maintenance Program is reviewed and updated annually and as new systems and facilities are installed.
- IV. Programmed Maintenance Work which is important and is completed to the greatest extent possible within time and budget constraints. Programmed maintenance is grouped and scheduled to make its completion as efficient as possible. Sources of programmed maintenance include:
 - Routine Work includes those tasks that need to be done on a regular basis to keep our physical property in good shape. (Mopping, Mowing, Raking, Trash, etc.)
 - Inspections are the other source of programmed maintenance.
 - o Inspections are visual and operational examinations of parts of our property to determine their condition.
 - o All dwelling units, buildings and sites must be inspected at least annually.
 - Goal: Inspection-generated work orders are completed within 30 calendar days from the date of inspection, OR if cannot be completed within 30 calendar days, are added to the Deferred Maintenance Plan or the Capital Improvement Plan in the case of qualifying capital repairs (unless health/safety issue).
- V. **Requested Maintenance** Work which is requested by residents or others, does not fall into any category above, and should be accomplished as time and funds are available.
 - Requests from residents or others for maintenance work which does not fall into one of the other categories has the lowest priority for staff assignment.
 - Goal: Requested work orders are completed in 14 calendar days from the date of tenant request or if not completed within that timeframe (and not a health or safety issue), the task is added and completed in a timely manner as a part of the Deferred Maintenance Plan and/or CIP.

Additional Remarks by the Woburn Housing Authority HAB

Emergency Request System

For emergency requests call the numbers listed here. Qualifying emergency work requests are listed below.

METHOD	CONTACT INFO.	TIMES
Call Answering Service	781-933-3457	All other times
Call LHA at Phone Number	781-933-3457	Mon - Thurs. 8:30 AM - 3:30 PM - Fri

List of Emergencies - Emergencies are those conditions which are immediately threatening to the life or safety of our residents, staff, or structures. The following is a list of typical conditions that warrant an emergency response. If there is an emergency condition whether or not enumerated on this list please notify the office or answering service at the numbers listed above. If you have any questions regarding this list or other matters that may constitute an emergency, please contact the Woburn Housing Authority main office.

QUALIFYING EMERGENCY WORK REQUESTS
Fires of any kind (Call 911)
Gas leaks/ Gas odor (Call 911)
No electric power in unit
Electrical hazards, sparking outlets
Broken water pipes, flood
No water/ unsafe water
Sewer or toilet blockage
Roof leak
Lock outs
Door or window lock failure
No heat
No hot water
Snow or ice hazard condition
Dangerous structural defects
Inoperable smoke/CO detectors, beeping or chirping
Elevator stoppage or entrapment

Normal Maintenance Request Process

Make normal (non-emergency) maintenance requests using the following methods:

METHOD	CONTACT INFO.	TIMES		
Text Phone Number				
Call Answering Service	781-933-3457	All other times		
Call Housing Authority Office	781-933-3457	Mon - Thurs. 8:30 AM - 3:30 PM - Fri 8:30		
Submit Online at Website				
Email to Following Email				
Other				

Work Order Management

A. DHCD review of this housing authority's operations shows that the authority uses the following system for tracking work orders:

Type of work order system: DHCD's usual on-site review for this housing authority's work order system was cancelled due to the COVID-19 emergency.

Work order classification used:

Emergency	
Vacancy	
Preventative	
Maintenance	
Routine	
Inspections	
Tenant Requests	

B. We do not track deferred maintenance tasks in our work order system.

C. Our work order process includes the following steps:

Step	Description	Checked steps are used by LHA
1	Maintenance Request taken/submitted per the standard procedures listed above for the Emergency Request System and the Normal Maintenance Request Process.	V
2	Maintenance Requests logged into the work system	\checkmark
3	Work Orders generated	\checkmark
4	Work Orders assigned	\checkmark
5	Work Orders tracked	\checkmark
6	Work Orders completed/closed out	\checkmark
7	Maintenance Reports or Lists generated	\checkmark

Maintenance Plan Narrative

Following are Woburn Housing Authority's answers to questions posed by DHCD.

A. Narrative Question #1: How would you assess your Maintenance Operations based on feedback you've received from staff, tenants, DHCD's Performance Management Review (PMR) & Agreed Upon Procedures (AUP), and any other sources?

Maintenance operations are going very well at this point in time in spite of Covid. We have been able to address all Emergency requests within 24 hour period. When in a unit for an emergency request, maintenance has addressed any "normal" request the resident has and looks for obvious needs of repairs, keeping the resident satisfied. When time allows & a household confirms no Covid symptoms, regular work orders are done. Our residents have expressed how extremely pleased with our efforts to keep them safe. WHA has addressed as many outdoor repairs and upgrades as time and money allowed. WHA has been able to keep up with rehabbing and occupying units within time constraints Maintenance Dept - twice daily - Early AM & Late afternoon disinfecting every elderly doorknob (resident & common), cleaning elevators, entry buzzers, all touchable common areas in elderly high rises.

B. Narrative Question #2: What changes have you made to maintenance operations in the past year?

Annual Plan 2022 Maintenance and Repair Plan

We've hired 2 temp laborers to assist in the labor intensive disinfection of elderly buildings. Hired a resident coordinator to assist with resident needs and concerns which has been priceless during these extremely stressful and lonely times for our needier residents.

DUE TO COVID: only emergency work orders were addressed Mid March thru Mid June. Started all work orders Mid June until resurgence in December. Only Emergency work orders once again at the end of December until surge subsides.

C. Narrative Question #3: What are your maintenance goals for this coming year?

To complete any/all annual H&S inspections that have had to be set aside. Complete/begin approved projects on time. Continue to maintain properties in a safe and sanitary state. Requesting city to have maint staff immunized with first responders since they are at higher risk due to being on site so often.

D. Maintenance Budget Summary

The budget numbers shown below are for the consolidated budget only. They do not include values from supplemental budgets, if any.

	Total Regular Maintenance Budget	Extraordinary Maintenance Budget
Last Fiscal Year Budget	\$881,064.00	\$83,000.00
Last Fiscal Year Actual Spending	\$788,449.00	\$25,697.00
Current Fiscal Year Budget	\$0.00	\$0.00

E. Unit Turnover Summary

# Turnovers Last Fiscal Year	43
Average time from date vacated to make Unit "Maintenance Ready"	78 days
Average time from date vacated to lease up of unit	91 days

F. Anything else to say regarding the Maintenance Plan Narrative?

Our maintenance staff has outdone themselves this year. They are putting themselves at risk while doing an outstanding job. Our residents have sent letters, cards, emails, treats for the maintenance staff because they are so grateful for the care and attention they are receiving from them.

Attachments

These items have been prepared by the Woburn Housing Authority and appear on the following pages:

<u>Preventive Maintenance Schedule</u> - a table of preventive maintenance items showing specific tasks, who is responsible (staff or vendor), and the month(s) they are scheduled

<u>Deferred Maintenance Schedule</u> - a table of maintenance items which have been deferred due to lack of resources.

WOBURN HOUSING AUTHORITY MAINTENANCE PLAN

The Maintenance Department of the Woburn Housing Authority is responsible for managing the maintenance function in the most cost effective manner possible while maximizing the useful life of Authority properties and providing the best service to Authority residents. The following statements are designed to establish the structure of an effective and efficient maintenance system

COMPONENTS OF A MAINTENANCE SYSTEM

The Woburn Housing Authority maintenance system shall include certain components:

- A. A system of priorities for work requests;
- B. Comprehensive working procedures;
- C. Performance goals;
- D. A work order system;
- E. A skills training program; and
- F. A long range planning system.

By developing a maintenance system that has these components in place, the authority will have the tools it needs to control the performance of maintenance work at the Housing Authority.

PRIORITY SYSTEM

The work priorities adopted by the Housing Authority exemplify its philosophy of delivering maintenance services. This priority system ensures that the most important maintenance work is done at a time it can be performed most cost-effectively. Minimizing vacancy loss is part of the cost-effectiveness calculation. The maintenance priorities of the Housing Authority are the following:

- 1. Emergencies maintenance needs representing threats to life, health and safety or the property.
- 2. Maintenance needs related to curb appeal, facility appearance and preventive Maintenance.
- 3. Maintenance required preparing a unit for occupancy.
- 4. Maintenance work which will have a negative impact on the property if it is not

completed. This priority level will include most resident on-demand work request.

5. Maintenance needs not included in other areas.

Placing planned maintenance and vacancy preparation work ahead of resident work requests does not indicate that resident requests are unimportant. It emphasizes the importance of maintaining control of the maintenance work by performing scheduled routine and preventive work first. By doing so, the Authority will decrease on-demand work and maintain the property in a manner that will keep and attract good tenants.

DEVELOP PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND GOALS

The Director of Maintenance will establish measures that will allow the effectiveness of maintenance systems and activities to be evaluated. In establishing these standards the Housing Authority will take into consideration certain factors:

- A. Local housing codes;
- B. Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) standards; and
- C. Housing Authority job descriptions.

Nothing in the documents listed above will prevent the Housing Authority from setting a standard that is higher than that contained in the documents. These standards and goals will be used to evaluate current operations and performance and to develop strategies to improve performance and meet the standards that have been set.

WORK ORDER SYSTEM

The Housing Authority shall have a comprehensive work order system that includes all work request information: source of work, description of work, priority, cost to complete, days to complete, and hours to perform. This information is required for the Authority to plan for the delivery of maintenance services as well as evaluate performance. To obtain the greatest effectiveness from the work order system, all work requests and activities performed by maintenance staff must be recorded on work orders.

Work orders will contain, at a minimum, the following information:

- A **Preprinted number**
- **B** Source of request (planned, inspection, resident, etc.)
- C Priority assigned
- D Location of work
- **E** Date and time received
- F Date and time assigned
- G Workers) assigned
- H Description of work requested (with task number)
- I Description of work performed (with task number)
- J Estimated and actual time to complete
- K Materials used to complete work
- L Resident charge
- M **Resident signature**

TRAINING

In order to allow its staff members to perform to the best of their abilities, the Housing Authority recognizes the importance of providing the staff with opportunities to refine technical skills, increase and expand craft skills, and learn new procedures. Each employee must participate in at least 8 hours of training annually.

The Director of Maintenance is responsible for developing a training curriculum for the departmental staff and working with personnel department staff to identify the means of delivering the training.

LONG RANGE PLANNING

The Housing Authority will put in place a long-range maintenance planning capability in order to ensure the most cost-effective use of Authority resources and the maximum useful life of Authority properties.

The Director of Maintenance will develop 'a property-specific long-range planning process that includes the following components:

- A. A property maintenance standard;
- B. An estimate of the work required to bring the property to the maintenance standard
- C. An estimate of the work required to keep the property at the maintenance standard including routine and preventive maintenance workloads, vacant unit turn-around, inspection requirements and resic'tent on-demand work;
- D. An estimate of the on-going cost of operating the property at the maintenance standard;
- E. A market analysis of the property to determine if there are any capital improvements needed to make the property more competitive;
- F. A cost estimate to provide the specified capital improvements; and
- G. A revised work plan and cost estimate of maintaining property at the improved standard.

By developing a work plan, the Authority will be able to anticipate its staff, equipment and Materials needs. It will also be possible to determine need for contracting particular services.

MAINTAINING THE PROPERTY

All maintenance work performed at Woburn Housing Authority properties can be categorized by the source of the work. Each piece of work originates from a particular source -- an emergency, the routine maintenance schedule, the preventive maintenance schedule, a unit inspection, a unit turnover, or a resident request.

RESPONDING TO EMERGENCIES

Emergencies are the highest priority source of work. The Housing Authority will consider a work item to be an emergency if the following occur:

- A. The situation constitutes a serious threat to the life, safety or health of residents or staff; or
- B. The situation will cause serious damage to the property structure or systems if not repaired within twenty-four (24) hours.

If a staff member is unsure whether or not a situation is an emergency, he or she will consult with his or her supervisor. If a supervisor is not available, the employee will use his or her best judgment to make the decision.

For emergencies that occur after regular working hours, the Housing Authority shall have a twenty-four (24) emergency response system in place. This response system includes the designation of a maintenance employee in charge for each day as well as a list of qualified pre-approved contractors, open purchase orders for obtaining required supplies or equipment, and access to Authority materials and supplies. The designated employee shall prepare a work order and report on any emergency within twenty-four hours after abatement of the emergency.

PREPARE VACANT UNITS FOR REOCCUPANCY

It is the policy of the Housing Authority to reoccupy vacant units as soon as possible. This policy allows the Authority to maximize the income produced by its properties and operate attractive and safe properties.

The Director of Maintenance is responsible for developing and implementing a system that ensures an average turn-around time of fifteen (15) calendar days. In order to do so, he or she must have a system that can perform the following tasks:

- A. Forecast unit preparation needs based on prior years' experience;
- B. Estimate both the number of units to be prepared and the number of hours it will take to prepare them; and
- C. Control work assignments to ensure prompt completion.

The maintenance procedure for reoccupying vacant units relies on the prompt notification by management of the vacancy, fast and accurate inspection of the unit, ready availability of workers and materials, and good communication with those responsible for leasing the unit. The Director of Maintenance has the ability to create special teams for vacancy turnaround or to hire contractors when that is required maintaining Authority goals.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

Preventive maintenance is part of the planned or scheduled maintenance program of the Housing Authority. The purpose of the scheduled maintenance program is to allow the Authority to anticipate maintenance requirements and make sure the Authority can address them in the most cost-effective manner. The preventive maintenance program focuses on the major systems that keep the properties operating. These systems include heating and air conditioning, electrical, life safety and plumbing.

A. General Operating Systems

The heart of any preventive maintenance program is a schedule that calls for the regular servicing of all systems. The development of this schedule begins with the identification of each system or item that must be checked and serviced, the date it must be serviced, and the individual responsible for the work. The servicing intervals and tasks for each system must be included in the schedule. The completion of all required tasks is considered a high priority for the Housing Authority.

The systems covered by the preventive maintenance program include but are not limited to:

- 1. HVAC SYSTEMS
- 2. SECURITY SYSTEMS
- 3. FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY SYSTEMS
- 4. ROOFS
- 5. ELEVATORS
- 6. PLUMBING
- 7. VECHICLES
- 8. ELECTRIC HEAT
- 9. EXHAUST FANS
- 10. ANNUAL INSPECTIONS
- 11. MECHHANICALS EQUIPMENT
- 12. COMMON AREA
- 13. PLAYGROUNDS
- 14. PEST CONTROL

A specific program will be developed for each system. This program shall include a list of the scheduled service maintenance for each system and the frequency and interval at which that service must be performed. The equipment and materials required to perform the service will be listed as well so that they will be on hand when needed. As assessment of the skills or licensing needed to perform the tasks will also be made to determine if an outside contractor must be used to perform the work. The preventive maintenance schedule must be updated each time a system is added, updated, or replaced.

Woburn Housing Authority PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE POLICY

Preventive maintenance is work undertaken according to a schedule to prevent breakdown of major mechanical systems and equipment, and to prevent the deterioration of apartments and equipment. The WHA Preventive Maintenance Program will include regular comprehensive inspections and repairs of all units, equipment, buildings, and common areas. Identifying these maintenance needs will help the authority reduce the frequency and severity of breakdowns and service interruptions. These inspections will include checking, measuring, observing, and correcting deficiencies found in the units, major mechanical systems, equipment/vehicles, exterior of units, and grounds.

The WHA Preventive Maintenance Program will be the key to achieving control of maintenance. It will reduce resident-generated work orders to a manageable level, speed up vacancy turnaround since units will be generally in better condition upon a vacate, and provide information to management for follow-up with regard to care of the unit by the occupant.

The Maintenance Department will have more control over the scheduling of preventive maintenance than it has over routine corrective or emergency maintenance. Repair needs caught early will prevent emergencies, save dollars later, and substantially reduce resident generated work-orders. The preventive maintenance inspections and work also will help establish a record of deterioration which may signal modernization needs that can be systematically planned and scheduled. This maintenance will avoid waiting for a major crisis to occur before addressing a predictable problem.

The WHA Preventive Maintenance Schedule will identify when tasks need to be completed. The system in place will record the date each inspection was conducted; who did it, and a process for ensuring that needed work is completed. This process will assign accountability to inspectors, and provides a sense of responsibility for their work.

When the preventive maintenance program requires work that is predictable and repetitive (such as cleaning burners or replacing filters), maintenance staff will tend to work from a schedule. If inspections identify a need for unanticipated repairs, or replacements, the staff will generate work orders. If work orders are written, they will be identified as routine or emergency and will follow the work assignment process. A schedule of unit inspections will be prepared at the beginning of each calendar year and monitored each month to ensure that all units are inspected at least annually.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

Preventive maintenance is part of the planned or scheduled maintenance program of the Housing Authority. The purpose of the scheduled maintenance program is to allow the Authority to anticipate maintenance requirements and make sure the Authority can address them in the most cost-effective manner. The preventive maintenance program focuses on the major systems that keep the properties operating. These systems include heating and air conditioning, electrical, life safety and plumbing.

A. General Operating Systems

The heart of any preventive maintenance program is a schedule that calls for the regular servicing of all systems. The development of this schedule begins with the identification of each system or item that must be checked and serviced, the date it must be serviced, and the individual responsible for the work. The servicing intervals and tasks for each system must be included in the schedule. The completion of all required tasks is considered a high priority for the Housing Authority.

The systems covered by the preventive maintenance program include but are not limited to:

1. HVAC SYSTEMS

- A. boilers
- B. circulators
- C. domestic hw tanks
- D. air conditioning units
- E. Filters

2. SECURITY SYSTEMS

- A. exterior lighting
- B. public hallway lighting
- C. building doors and locks
- D. Security Cameras

3. FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY SYSTEMS

- A. emergency generators
- B. fire extinguishers
- C. emergency lighting
- D. exit lights
- E. sprinkler systems
- F. fire alarm systems

4. <u>ROOFS</u>

- A. roof inspection
- B. gutter cleaning

5. ELEVATORS

A. elevator inspection

6. PLUMBING

- A. catch basins
- B. sanitary drains

7. VEHICLES

- A. safety inspection
- B. tune up
- C. fluid check

8. ELECTRICAL HEAT

A. common area electric heaters

9. LARGE EXHAUST FANS

A. roof top units

10. ANNUAL INSPECTIONS

- A. dwelling units
- B. site
- C. building systems
- D. common areas

11. MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

A. sump pumps

12. COMMON AREAS

- A. grounds
- B. hallways and stairwells
- C. community rooms and rest rooms
- D. elevators

13. PLAYGROUNDS

A. Inspection

14. PEST CONTROL

A. extermination

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE

A specific program will be developed for each system. This program shall include a list of the scheduled service maintenance for each system and the frequency and interval at which that service must be performed. The equipment and materials required to perform the service will be listed as well so that they will be on hand when needed. As assessment of the skills or licensing needed to perform the tasks will also be made to determine if an outside contractor must be used to perform the work. The preventive maintenance schedule must be updated each time a system is added, updated, or replaced.

1. HVAC Systems

The Housing Authority will have a program for maintenance of the mechanical systems to ensure that the proper amount of heat and hot water is readily available and maintained at the proper temperature and that all circulator pumps are serviced and air filters changed.

- A. Check all units including controls.
- B. Inspect unit and piping for leaks, holes, or loose connections.
- C. Natural Gas Units: inspect and clean burners if needed;

check pilot operation;
inspect flue and clean if needed;
check firebox for soot buildup
check temperature settings-hot water tanks should not be more
than 130*
check pressure relief valve for proper operation and check that
drain pipe length satisfies code requirements;
remove any combustible materials;
D. Check circulator pumps for proper operation and leaks. Oil if required.

E. Check A.C. units for proper operation: listen for short cycling

check for refrigerant and oil leaks inspect wiring and controls check for corrosion replace air filters bi annual

2. Security Systems

The Housing Authority will have a program for maintenance of security systems to ensure they will perform as needed to maintain a well-lit and secure environment.

- A. Check that all exterior and hallway lights are in place, undamaged and working; Replace bulbs as needed.
- B Check operation of time clocks and or sensors;
- C. Check door closers to insure doors close and latch;
- D. Make sure doorknobs and panic bars are not loose;
- E. Inspect door frame and glass.

3. Life Safety Systems

The Housing Authority shall have a comprehensive program for maintenance of life safety systems to ensure that they will be fully functional in the case of an emergency Implementation of a schedule that includes the inspection, servicing and testing of this equipment to be included in the plan includes the following:

- A. Exercise the emergency generator every week Inspect generator battery for corrosion Check generator for oil leaks
- B. Have all fire extinguishers inspected and certified annually
- C. Inspect all emergency lights annually Test each light with test switch Replace bulbs or batteries as needed
- D. Inspect all exit lights Replace bulbs as needed
- E. Check sprinkler system for signs of corrosion and leaks Have system inspected by a certified sprinkler engineering firm annually
- D. Inspect and test every smoke alarm, heat detector and carbon monoxide detector in every unit; hallway; common area; boiler room; basement and attic to insure that each device works and rings out to the fire alarm panel annually. Inspect and test all fire alarm panels to insure that all signals will report to central fire alarm monitoring system annually.

The plan will include the required testing and servicing as required by manufacturer's recommendations. It will also include a determination of the most reliable and cost effective way to perform the work including the decision to hire a contractor.

4. Roof Repairs/ Replacement

Maintenance of roofs requires regular inspections by knowledgeable personnel to ensure that there is no unauthorized access to roof surfaces and that there is good drainage, clear gutters and prompt discovery of any deficiencies.

- A. Remove any trash and debris from roof.
- B. Inspect roof for damage and deterioration; punctures; missing shingles; loose flashing.
- C. Inspect gutters and downspouts for obstructions (clean as necessary).
- D. Inspect stack vents for obstruction and security covers.

The authority maintenance staff will usually undertake only minor roof repairs. Therefore there should be a list of approved roofing contractors to take on more serious problems for roofs no longer under warranty.

5 Elevators

The Housing Authority will have a program that ensures that the elevators are Inspected annually by The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Public Safety elevator inspection division. The elevators will be properly maintained by a reputable elevator service company.

- A. Check elevator signal lights for proper operation
- B. Inspect elevators for graffiti and damage . clean as needed.

6 Catch Basins / Storm Drains

The Housing Authority will have a program in which will ensure that the storm drains, catch basins and sanitary drain lines are maintained and remain flowing at all times.

- A. Storm drains and catch basins should be inspected as needed.
- B. Storm drains and catch basins should be cleaned annually.

7 Vehicle/Equipment Maintenance

The Housing Authority will protect the investment it has made in vehicles and other motorized equipment by putting in place a comprehensive maintenance program. The vehicles and equipment to be covered include:

A. See Appendix A.

8 Electrical Heat

A. The Housing Authority will have a program that inspects all common area electric heaters to ensure that the public areas of all buildings are adequately heated and that all building systems in these areas are protected.

Check electric heating units for proper operation, including any thermostats.

9. Large Exhaust Fans

The Housing Authority will have a program that inspects all rooftop exhaust fans for operation. Motors will be checked and belts adjusted to ensure the longest life possible for all mechanical parts.

- A. Listen for unusual noises or vibrations
- B. Inspect belt condition and alignment; adjust tension as required.
- C. check motor and fan bearings.
- D. Inspect general condition of exterior and interior of unit.
- E. Check operation of controls.

10. Annual Inspections

The Housing Authority's goals of efficiency and cost-effectiveness are achieved through a carefully designed and rigorously implemented inspection program. This program calls for the inspection of all areas of the Authority's property including; A. Dwelling Units

- B. Site
- C. Common areas
- D. Building exterior
- E. Building Systems

Each area is to be inspected annually and documented with inspection forms and work orders as backup and will ensure that all areas comply with standards set by HUD and local codes.

11. Mechanical Equipment

Sump pumps are to be inspected and tested for proper operation to provide protection against flooding and subsequently damage to boilers; hot water tanks, basements and crawl spaces.

- A. Manually test all flotation devices to ensure proper function.
- B. Visually inspect each sump pump and it's associated wires and switches for wear and proper connections.

12. .Common Areas

Regular inspections of the property grounds and building exteriors as well as building interiors are required to maintain the curb appeal and marketability of the property.

- A. Ground will be policed daily and any trash or debris will be disposed of from the site as well as around any and all dumpster enclosures.
- B. Grounds and buildings will be policed daily for any graffiti. Graffiti will be removed within twenty four hours whenever possible.
- C. Common hallways and stairs will be swept and mopped on a regular schedule. Each hallway should be done at least once per week.
- D. Community rooms, kitchens and rest rooms will be cleaned and vacuumed daily. All trash barrels will be emptied and any paper supplies will be restocked as needed.

13. Playgrounds

- A. Playgrounds will be policed daily for graffiti and trash and all shall be removed immediately.
- B. Check all apparatus daily for any damage.
- C. Tighten any and all nuts and bolts bi-annually.

14. Pest Control

The Housing Authority will make all efforts to provide a healthy and pest-free environment for its residents. The Authority will determine which, if any, pests infest its properties and will then provide the best possible treatment for the eradication of those pests. All residents will be informed at least twenty four hours before treatment. The notification will be in writing and will include instructions that describe how to prepare the unit for treatment. If necessary, the instructions shall be bi-lingual to properly notify the resident population. Resident requests for extermination will be done routinely at least once per week or as often as needed. Annual flush out of buildings will be completed on an as needed basis and determined by funding.

Scheduled Checklist

Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Bi-annual	Annual
Grounds	Generator Test	Ext. Lights	Emergency Lights	Unit Insp
Hallways	Hall Lights	Build. Drs/locks	Playground-bolts	Site Insp
Stairwells	Vehicles- fluids	Lg. Exhaust fans	Ac Units . Replace filters	Building Insp
Comm. Rooms	Boiler room checks		Gutter Cleaning	Comm. Area Insp
Pub. Restrooms				Boilers-service
Elevators				Circulators
Playgrounds				Hw Tanks
				Generator Service
				Fire Extinguishers
				Sprinkler System
				test/service
				Fire Alarms
				Annual Elevator test
				Catch Basins
				Sanitary Drains
				Vehicle Tune up-
				Sticker
				Roof Inspection
				Sump Pumps
				Furnance filters
				Battery replacements



DEFERRED MAINTENANCE PLAN

Deferred maintenance could be upgrades or repairs that are deferred to a future budget cycle or postponed for some other reason. Sometimes, it is referred to as extraordinary maintenance. Deferred Maintenance should not be confused with capital projects that would be included in the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP).

No emergency work order should be categorized as deferred maintenance. Any work order that meets the definition of deferred must be categorized as such within 45 days of issuance of the work order. Life and Safety items, work order backlog and small/minor items will not be categorized as deferred in the Deferred Maintenance Plan.

Deferred work orders will be closed out and moved to the Deferred Maintenance Module. When our budget permits the necessary work will be completed. Deferred Maintenance would be used when found in the following situations:

1. Inspections

Anything noticed during inspection that can wait until unit is vacant. Example: Carpet/flooring replacement and kitchen/counter top replacement, bathroom upgrade. Seasonal Such as Landscaping.

2. <u>Funding –</u>

As needs are addressed and funds allocated

Operating Budget

The tables on the following pages show the approved budget and actual income and spending per budget account (row) for the fiscal year ending 06/30/2020. It also shows the approved budget for the current year (2021) if there is one, and the percent change from last year's spending to this year's approved budget. The final column shows the current approved amount for each account divided by the number of housing units and by 12 months to show the amount per unit per month (PUM). The chart does not show a draft budget for the coming fiscal year as that will typically be developed in the final month of the fiscal year.

The budget format and accounts are mandated by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD). For a better understanding of the accounts and discussion of special situations see the notes following the budget tables and the "Definitions of Accounts" at the end of this section.

The LHA maintains a consolidated budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by the LHA. It does not maintain separate budgets for each development.

Operating Reserve

The LHA's operating reserve is the amount of funds that an LHA sets aside to sustain itself during lean years, or to remedy urgent health and safety concern or address deferred maintenance items. In addition, while DHCD approves a fixed non-utility operating budget level for every LHA (called the Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level, or ANUEL), LHAs can propose a budget that exceeds that level, with the additional cost to be funded from the Operating Reserve, as long as the reserve will still remain above the minimum threshold set by DHCD.

DHCD defines a full (100%) Operating Reserve (OR) amount to be equal to one-half of the previous year's operating expenses and requires LHAs to maintain a minimum OR of 35% of this amount to cover any unplanned but urgent needs that may arise during the year and that can't be funded by the operating budget. If the reserve is between 20% and 35% of the full level, the LHA must obtain prior written approval from DHCD to spend reserve funds, unless the expense is to resolve a health and safety issue. If the reserve is below the 20% level, the LHA can only spend OR funds on health and safety issues. In both cases, the LHA should address the health and safety issue immediately but must retroactively inform DHCD and obtain its approval.

The Woburn Housing Authority operating reserve at the end of fiscal year 2020 was \$1,454,218.00, which is 118.1% of the full reserve amount defined above.

Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by Woburn Housing Authority.						
REVENUE						
						2021
		2020	2020 Actual	2021	% Change	Dollars
		Approved	Amounts	Approved	from 2020	Budgeted
Account		Revenue	Received	Revenue	Actual to	per Unit per
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2021 Budget	Month
3110	Shelter Rent - Tenants	\$2,650,000.00	\$2,587,052.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3111	Shelter Rent - Tenants -	\$0.00	\$12,348.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
	Fraud/Retroactive					
3115	Shelter Rent - Federal Section 8	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3190	Nondwelling Rentals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3400	Administrative Fee - MRVP	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3610	Interest on Investments - Unrestricted	\$36,000.00	\$22,881.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3611	Interest on Investments - Restricted	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3690	Other Revenue	\$7,500.00	\$7,607.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3691	Other Revenue - Retained	\$0.00	\$8,160.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3692	Other Revenue - Operating Reserves	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3693	Other Revenue - Energy Net Meter	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3801	Operating Subsidy - DHCD (4001)	\$142,202.00	\$88,000.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3802	Operating Subsidy - MRVP Landlords	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3803	Restricted Grants Received	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3920	Gain/Loss From Sale/Disp. of Prop.	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
3000	TOTAL REVENUE	\$2,835,702.00	\$2,726,048.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00

Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments
owned by Woburn Housing Authority.

EXPENSES						
Account Number	Account Class	2020 Approved Expense Budget	2020 Actual Amounts Spent	2021 Approved Expense Budget	% Change from 2020 Actual to 2021 Budget.	2021 Dollars Budgeted per Unit per Month
4110	Administrative Salaries	\$449,852.00	\$308,733.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4120	Compensated Absences	\$0.00	\$33,310.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4130	Legal	\$35,000.00	\$18,904.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4140	Members Compensation	\$30,000.00	\$26,870.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4150	Travel & Related Expenses	\$2,040.00	\$1,694.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4170	Accounting Services	\$21,600.00	\$19,875.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4171	Audit Costs	\$6,540.00	\$6,540.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4180	Penalties & Interest	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4190	Administrative Other	\$77,513.00	\$73,820.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4191	Tenant Organization	\$2,490.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4100	TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	\$625,035.00	\$489,746.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4310	Water	\$266,015.00	\$261,562.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4320	Electricity	\$363,503.00	\$318,979.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4330	Gas	\$179,646.00	\$162,703.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4340	Fuel	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4360	Net Meter Utility Debit/Energy Conservation	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4390	Other	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4391	Solar Operator Costs	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4392	Net Meter Utility Credit (Negative Amount)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4300	TOTAL UTILITIES	\$809,164.00	\$743,244.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by Woburn Housing Authority.					
EXPENSES	6	owned by w		aunonty.		
		2020 Approved	2020 Actual Amounts	2021 Approved	% Change from 2020	2021 Dollars Budgeted per
Account		Expense	Spent	Expense	Actual to	Unit per
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2021 Budget	Month
4410	Maintenance Labor	\$373,764.00	\$420,855.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4420	Materials & Supplies	\$153,300.00	\$149,269.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4430	Contract Costs	\$354,000.00	\$218,325.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4400	TOTAL MAINTENANCE	\$881,064.00	\$788,449.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4510	Insurance	\$88,995.00	\$94,594.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4520	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$6,336.00	\$6,336.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4540	Employee Benefits	\$342,108.00	\$298,340.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4541	Employee Benefits - GASB 45	\$0.00	\$64,416.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4542	Pension Expense - GASB 68	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4570	Collection Loss	\$20,000.00	\$3,731.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4571	Collection Loss - Fraud/Retroactive	\$0.00	\$12,348.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4580	Interest Expense	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4590	Other General Expense	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4500	TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES	\$457,439.00	\$479,765.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4610	Extraordinary Maintenance	\$83,000.00	\$25,697.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4611	Equipment Purchases - Non Capitalized	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4612	Restricted Reserve Expenditures	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4715	Housing Assistance Payments	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4801	Depreciation Expense	\$0.00	\$664,357.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4600	TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	\$83,000.00	\$690,054.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4000	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$2,855,702.00	\$3,191,258.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments					
	owned by Woburn Housing Authority.					
SUMMARY	1	1				
Account <u>Number</u>	Account Class	2020 Approved Budget	2020 Actual Amounts	2021	% Change from 2020 Actual to 2021 Budget	2021 Dollars Budgeted per Unit per Month
3000	TOTAL REVENUE	\$2,835,702.00	\$2,726,048.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4000	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$2,855,702.00	\$3,191,258.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
2700	NET INCOME (DEFICIT)	\$-20,000.00	\$-465,210.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
7520	Replacements of Equip Capitalized	\$102,650.00	\$108,932.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
7540	Betterments & Additions - Capitalized	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
7500	TOTAL NONOPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$102,650.00	\$108,932.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
7600	EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$-122,650.00	\$-574,142.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00

Explanation of Budget Accounts

The following explains how each of the line items is to be prepared.

<u>3110:</u> Shelter Rent: The shelter rent projection should be based on the current rent roll plus anticipated changes expected from annual rent re-determinations or as a result of regulatory amendments.

<u>3111: Shelter Rent – Tenants - Fraud/Retroactive</u>: This account should be used for the reporting of total rent receipts from residents due to unreported income. These are often called fraud or retroactive balances. In cases where deficit LHAs discover, pursue cases, and have entered into a written fraud/retroactive repayment agreement with a present or former tenant who did not report income, the LHA will be allowed to retain two-thirds of the funds recovered. One third of the total dollar amount recovered should be included in the LHA's quarterly or year-end Operating Statement as Shelter Rent, account #3111, and two-thirds of this total dollar amount should be included in Other Revenue-Retained, account #3691.

<u>3115: Shelter Rent - Section 8</u>: This account applies only to those developments receiving support through the federal government's Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 8 New Construction and/or Substantial Rehab Programs.

<u>3190: Non-Dwelling Rental:</u> This account should be credited with the rents, other than tenants rents reported in line 3110 and 3115, including charges for utilities and equipment, billed to lessees of non-dwelling facilities as well as apartments rented for non-dwelling purposes, such as social service programs.

<u>3400: Administrative Fee- MRVP/AHVP</u>: This account should be credited with Administrative Fees to be received for the MRVP/AHVP Program. The MRVP/AHVP administrative fee is \$40.00 per unit per month, as of July 1, 2019.

<u>3610:</u> Interest on Investments – Unrestricted: This account should be credited with interest earned on unrestricted administrative fund investments.

<u>3611:</u> Interest on Investments – Restricted: This account should be credited with interest earned on restricted administrative fund investments. For example, an LHA may receive a grant whose use is restricted to a specific purpose, and the interest income earned on that grant may also be restricted to the same purpose.

<u>3690:</u> Other Operating Revenues: This account should be credited with income from the operation of the project that cannot be otherwise classified. Income credits to this account include, but are not limited to, penalties for delinquent payments, rental of equipment, charges for use of community space, charges to other projects or programs for the use of central office management and maintenance space, commissions and profits from vending machines, including washing machines, and certain charges to residents for additional services, materials, and/or repairs of damage caused by neglect or abuse in accordance with the Department's regulations on lease provisions.

<u>3691: Other Revenue – Retained</u>: This account should be credited with certain miscellaneous revenue to be <u>retained</u> by the LHA, and which is not used to reduce the amount of operating subsidy the LHA is due. The most common examples for this account is receipts for the rental of roof antennas to cell phone providers and net meter credits earned on electricity bills from Net Meter Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). Generally, surplus LHAs may retain 100% of these savings and deficit LHAs may retain 25% of the savings, with

the 75% balance used to offset its need for operating subsidy. However, for the period 7/1/16 through 6/30/19, all deficit LHAs may keep 100% of the net meter credit savings.

<u>3692: Other Revenue - Operating Reserves:</u> This account should be credited with funds that LHAs plan to utilize from their operating reserve accounts in excess of the Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level (ANUEL). To be approvable, LHA must maintain the DHCD prescribed operating reserve minimum level after deducting the amount budgeted. The only exception to this is when the expenses are for health and safety issues.

<u>3693: Other Revenue – Net Meter:</u> This account should be normally be credited with 75% of the total net meter credit savings realized by a deficit LHA, while surplus LHAs with net meter credit savings would enter \$0 here. Savings are calculated as the value of the net meter credits appearing on the LHA's electric bills (or, in some cases, paid in cash to the LHA by their utility company), minus the cost of the payments made to the solar power developer under their Power Purchase Agreement (PPA). Deficit LHAs normally may retain 25% of the savings. That amount should be included as Other Revenue – Retained on line #3691. However, please note that for the period 7/1/16 through 6/30/19 all LHAs may retain 100% of their total net meter credit savings, and should report those savings as Other Revenue – Retained on line #3691

<u>3801:</u> Operating Subsidy – DHCD (400-1): This account represents all state-funded operating subsidy to be received and or to be earned for the fiscal year. At the end of each fiscal year, this account will be adjusted in the operating statement to equal the actual subsidy earned by the LHA.

<u>3802: Operating Subsidy – MRVP/AHVP Landlords:</u>

The credit balance in this account represents the anticipated total receipts from DHCD during the fiscal year for housing assistance payments to landlords. At the end of each fiscal year this account will be adjusted to equal the actual subsidy earned.

<u>3920:</u> Gain/Loss from Sale or Disposition of Property (Capitalized or Non-Capitalized): The debit or credit balance of this account represents the following items: a) Cash proceeds from the sale of property that was either: 1) non-capitalized; or 2) capitalized and has been fully depreciated, and b) Realized gain or loss from the sale or disposition of capitalized properly that has not been fully depreciated.

<u>4110:</u> Administrative Salaries: This account should be charged with the gross salaries of LHA personnel engaged in administrative duties and in the supervision, planning, and direction of maintenance activities and operating services during the operations period. It should include the salaries of the executive director, assistant executive director, accountants, accounting clerks, clerks, secretaries, project managers, management aides, purchasing agents, engineers, draftsmen, maintenance superintendents, and all other employees assigned to administrative duties.

<u>4120: Compensated Absences:</u> The debit balance in this account represents the actual cost incurred during the fiscal year for vacation, paid holidays, vested sick leave and earned compensatory time. This account includes both the direct compensated absences cost and associated employer payroll expenses (employment taxes, pension cost, etc.).

<u>4130: Legal Expense:</u> This account should be charged with retainers and fees paid to attorneys for legal services relating to the operation of the projects.

<u>4140: Compensation to Authority Members:</u> A local authority may compensate its members for performance of their duties and such other services as they may render to the authority in connection with its Chapter 200 development(s). Compensation for any other program is not authorized. Because of this, LHAs must base such compensation only on the actual rent receipts for these developments plus a prorated share of other operating receipts of funds on a per unit basis. The precise amount that members may be compensated is defined by statute to a maximum of \$40 per member per day, and \$50 for the chairperson per day. The total of all compensation to all board members is not to exceed two percent (2%) of actual gross income of Chapter 200 developments in any given year, consistent with the approved budget amount. In no case shall the payment of compensation exceed \$12,500 annually for the chairperson, or \$10,000 for any member other than the chairperson. Please note the statute requires the member to perform housing authority business in order to receive compensation.

<u>4150:</u> Travel and Related Expense: Legitimate travel expenses incurred by board members and staff in the discharge of their duties for any **state-aided program** are reimbursable from this account, as consistent with Department policy.

<u>4170: Contractual Accounting Services:</u> Fees for accounting services that are provided routinely and are contracted for on an annual basis. Only accounting services performed on a contractual basis (fee accountant) should be included in this item. Full or part-time LHA accounting staff that provides routine accounting services should be included in Account 4110, Administrative Salaries.

<u>4171:</u> Audit Costs: This account includes the state program's prorated share of audit fees paid to an Independent Public Accountant (IPA). The procurement of an IPA is necessary to satisfy the Federal Government's audit requirements. Costs for these services should be shared with all state and federal programs of LHA. Audit costs are to be absorbed within the ANUEL. The new Agreed Upon procedures (AUP) audit costs for state-assisted public housing programs should also be included in this account.

<u>4180:</u> <u>Penalties and Interest:</u> Any expenses incurred from penalties, fees, and interest paid on delinquent accounts shall be included in this line item.

<u>4190: Administrative Other</u>: This account is provided for recording the cost of administrative items for which no specific amount is prescribed in this 4100 group of accounts. It includes, but is not limited to, the cost of such items as: reports and accounting forms; stationery and other office supplies; postage; telephone services; messenger service; rental of office space; advertising for bids; publications; membership dues; collection agency & court costs, training costs; management fees, and fiscal agent fees.

<u>4191: Tenant Organization: LTO Funding by the LHA</u>. Upon request the LHA shall fund all LTOs in a city or town at the annual rate of \$6.00 per state-aided public housing unit occupied or available for occupancy by residents represented by such LTO(s) or an annual total of \$500.00 prorated among all such LTO(s), whichever is more. For more information on the creation and funding of LTOs see 760 CMR 6.09.

Authorities which operate computer learning centers, which are funded by the state consolidated budget or by other sources (which are typically recorded in line #3691 as "Other Revenue Retained", should budget the cost of the centers on this line.

<u>4310:</u> Water: This account should be charged with the cost of water and sewer charges purchased for all purposes.

<u>4320: Electricity</u>: This account should be charged with the total cost of electricity purchased for all purposes. Many LHAs have entered into Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In these deals, an LHA executes a contract with a solar power developer who constructs and owns an off- site solar electricitygenerating site. In exchange for contracting to purchase a percentage of the solar power produced, the LHA receives a credit on its utility electric bill for each KWH purchased or in some cases receives a direct cash payment from their utility company. Please ensure that the amount charged to this account is the total cost of electricity BEFORE any reductions due to the receipt of net meter credits.

<u>4330: Gas:</u> This account should be charged with the cost of gas (natural, artificial, or liquefied) purchased for all purposes.

<u>4340:</u> Fuel: This account should be charged with the cost of coal, fuel oil, steam purchased, and any other fuels (except electricity and gas) used in connection with Local Housing Authority operation of plants for the heating of space or water supplied to tenants as a part of rent.

<u>4360:</u> Energy Conservation: This account is to be charged with costs incurred for energy conservation measures.

<u>4390:</u> Other Utilities: This account should be charged with the cost of utilities which are not provided for in accounts 4310 through 4360.

<u>4391: Solar Operator Costs:</u> Many LHAs have entered into Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In these deals, an LHA executes a contract with a solar power developer who constructs and owns an off-site solar electricity-generating site. The LHA makes regular (usually monthly) payments to the developer for its contracted share of the solar electricity produced by the site. Those payments should be entered in this account.

<u>4392: Net Meter Utility Credit (Negative Amount):</u> As noted in account #4391 above, many LHAs have executed Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In exchange for contracting to purchase a percentage of the solar power produced, the LHA receives a credit on its utility electric bill for each KWH purchased from the developer, which reduces the balance on its electric bill, or, in some cases, the credits are paid in cash to the LHA by the utility company. The total gross amount of the net meter credits that appear on the LHA's utility bills should be carried in this account and entered as a negative number. In cases where credits are paid in cash to the Host LHA, the net balance after paying out the amounts due the participating housing authorities, should also be carried in this account and entered as a negative number.

<u>4410:</u> Maintenance Labor: This account should be charged with the gross salaries and wages, or applicable portions thereof, for LHA personnel engaged in the routine maintenance of the project.

<u>4420:</u> Materials & Supplies: This account should be charged with the cost of materials, supplies, and expendable equipment used in connection with the routine maintenance of the project. This includes the operation and maintenance of automotive and other movable equipment, and the cost of materials, supplies, and expendable equipment used in connection with operating services such as janitorial services, elevator services, extermination of rodents and household pests, and rubbish and garbage collection.

<u>4430: Contract Costs:</u> This account should be charged with contract costs (i.e. the cost of services for labor, materials, and supplies furnished by a firm or by persons other than Local Authority employees) incurred in connection with the routine maintenance of the project, including the maintenance of automotive and other movable equipment. This account should also be charged with contract costs incurred in connection with such operating services as janitorial services, fire alarm and elevator service, extermination of rodents and household pests, rubbish and garbage collection, snow removal, landscape services, oil burner maintenance, etc.

<u>4510:</u> Insurance: Includes the total amount of premiums charged all forms of insurance. Fire and extended coverage, crime, and general liability are handled by DHCD on a statewide basis. All other necessary insurance policies include: Workers' Compensation, boiler, vehicle liability and owner, etc.

4520: Payments in Lieu of Taxes:

This account should be charged with all payments in lieu of taxes accruing to a municipality or other local taxing body.

<u>4540:</u> Employee Benefits: This account should be charged with local housing authority contributions to employee benefit plans such as pension, retirement, and health and welfare plans. It should also be charged with administrative expenses paid to the State or other public agencies in connection with a retirement plan, if such payment is required by State Law, and with Trustee's fees paid in connection with a private retirement plan, if such payment is required under the retirement plan contract.

Employee benefits are based upon a given percentage of the total payroll; therefore, the total amount approved in this account will be based on the approved budgeted salaries representing the state's fair share.

<u>4541: Employee Benefits - GASB 45: This line covers "</u>Other Post-Employment Benefits" (OPEB). Of the total benefits offered by employers to attract and retain qualified employees, some benefits, including salaries and active-employee healthcare are taken while the employees are in active service, whereas other benefits, including post-employment healthcare and other OPEB are taken after the employees' services have ended. Nevertheless, both types of benefits constitute compensation for employee services. In accordance with required accounting practices, this amount is not projected in the budget (and is therefore blank) but the estimated future costs of this item is carried in the operating statement.

<u>4542: Pension Expense – GASB 68:</u> The primary objective of GASB 68 Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for pension costs. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. As with account 4541 above, in accordance with required accounting practices, this amount is not projected in the budget (and is therefore blank) but the estimated future costs of this item is carried in the operating statement.

<u>4570:</u> Collection Loss: The balance in this account represents the estimated expense to cover unexpected losses for tenant rents. Note: Do not include losses from fraud/retroactive balances here. Report them in Account 4571 – Collection Loss – Fraud/Retroactive.

<u>4571: Collection Loss – Fraud/Retroactive:</u> The balance in this account represents the estimated expense to cover unexpected losses for tenant rents due to unreported income, i.e. fraud/retroactive balances.

<u>4580:</u> Interest Expense: The debit balance in this account represents the interest expense paid and accrued on loans and notes payable. This debt can be from operating borrowings or capital borrowings.

<u>4590:</u> Other General Expense: This account represents the cost of all items of general expenses for which no specific account is prescribed in the general group of accounts.

<u>4610:</u> Extraordinary Maintenance – Non-Capitalized: This account should be debited with all *costs* (labor, materials and supplies, expendable equipment (such as many tools or routine repair parts), and contract work) of repairs, replacements (but not replacements of non-expendable equipment), and rehabilitation of such a substantial nature that the work is clearly not a part of the routine maintenance and operating program. The items charged to this account should not increase the useful life or value of the asset being repaired. These items are not capitalized and are not added as an increase to fixed assets at the time of completion. Nor are these items depreciated. An example of this would be scheduled repainting of apartments.

<u>4611: Equipment Purchases – Non-Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the costs of equipment that does not meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization. Because these items are being expended when paid, they should not be categorized as a fixed asset and therefore will not be depreciated. These items include stoves, refrigerators, small tools, most computers and software, etc.

The budget is a planning tool and as our portfolio ages it is essential that LHAs evaluate their properties annually and plan for extraordinary maintenance. To that end DHCD very strongly recommends that for all 400-1 operating budgets, depending on the age of the portfolio and condition, LHAs spend between \$100 and \$500 a year per unit in Extraordinary Maintenance, Equipment Purchases, Replacement of Equipment, and Betterments & Additions to ensure that the aging public housing stock is preserved.

<u>4715:</u> <u>Housing Assistance Payments:</u> This account should be debited with all housing assistance payments paid to landlords for the MRVP program on a monthly basis.

<u>4801: Depreciation Expense:</u> This account should be debited with annual fixed asset depreciation expenses as determined by the LHA's capitalization policy.

<u>7520:</u> Replacement of Equipment – Capitalized: This account should be debited with the acquisition cost (only the net cash amount) of non-expendable equipment purchased as a replacement of equipment of substantially the same kind. These items, such as vehicles, computers, or furniture, meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization and will also be added to fixed assets and therefore depreciated over the useful life.

<u>7540:</u> Betterments & Additions – Capitalized: This account should be debited with the acquisition cost (only the net cash amount) of non-expendable equipment and major non-routine repairs that are classified as a betterment or addition. These items meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization and will also be added to fixed assets and therefore depreciated over the useful life of the asset. Examples are: major roof replacement, structural repairs such as siding, or major paving work.

In accordance with GAAP accounting, inventory purchases (Replacement of Equipment and Betterments & Additions) are distinguished between capitalized and non-capitalized items. Any inventory or equipment purchase greater than \$5,000 is required by DHCD to be capitalized, inventoried and depreciated. Any inventory or equipment purchase costing \$1,000 to \$4,999 should be inventoried by LHA staff for control

purposes only but is not subject to capitalization or depreciation, it is, however, required to be expensed when the items are paid for. An LHA's inventory listing should include both capitalized and non-capitalized items of \$1,000 and more, as well as all refrigerators and stoves of any value. All items that appear on the inventory listing should be tagged with a unique identification number, and all refrigerators and stoves (regardless of value) should be tagged. LHAs may adopt a capitalization policy that capitalizes inventory purchases at a lesser amount than the \$5,000 requirement (i.e. \$1,000 - \$4,999); however, no capitalization policy can have an amount higher than \$5,000. Any inventory or equipment purchases costing \$0 to \$999 are to be expensed when paid for.

Narrative Responses to the Performance Management Review (PMR) Findings

DHCD has cancelled publication of Performance Management Reviews for fiscal years ending 3/31/2020 through 12/31/2020 due to disruptions of normal operations in response to the COVID-19 virus. Therefore, there are no ratings included in this report.

Explanation of PMR Criteria Ratings

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Management	
Occupancy Rate	 The rating is calculated using the following formula: (Total Number of Occupied units on Monthly Report divided by (Total Number of Units Minus Units that Received a Waiver Minus Number of Units Vacant less than 30 days on Monthly Report) "No Findings": Occupancy Rate is at or above 98% Operational Guidance: Occupancy rate is at 95% up to 97.9% Corrective Action: Adjusted occupancy rate is less than 95%
Tenant Accounts Receivable (TAR)	 This criterion calculates the percentage of uncollected rent and related charges owed by starting with the amount reported by the LHA, as uncollected balances for the TAR (Account 1122 from the Balance Sheet) minus Normal Repayment Agreements* divided by Shelter (Tenant) Rent (account 3110 from the Operating Statement) "No Findings" : At or below 2% "Operational Guidance": More than 2% , but less than 5% "Corrective Action": 5% or more
Certifications and Reporting Submissions	 Housing authorities are required to submit 4 quarterly vacancy certifications by end of the month following quarter end; 4 quarterly operating statements and 4 Tenant Accounts Receivable (TAR) reports within 60 days of quarter end. "No Findings": At least 11 of the required 12 reports were submitted and at least 9 were submitted on time. "Operational Guidance": Less than 11 of the required 12 reports were submitted and/or less than 9 were submitted on time.
Board Member Training	 Percentage of board members that have completed the mandatory online board member training. "No Findings": 80% or more completed training "Operational Guidance": 60-79.9% completed training "Corrective Action": <60 % completed training

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Financial	
Adjusted Net Income	The Adjusted Net Income criterion calculation starts with an LHA's Net Income and subtracts Depreciation, GASB 45 (Retirement Costs), GASB 68 (Retirement Costs), Extraordinary Maintenance (maintenance expense outside of routine/ordinary expenses), and Equipment Purchases – Non Capitalized. This Adjusted Net Income amount is then divided by the Total Expenses of the LHA. If this Adjusted Net Income amount is positive, it means underspending and if it is negative it means overspending. Underspending Rating: • "No Findings" : 0 to 9.9% • "Operational Guidance": 10 to 14.9% • "Corrective Action": 15% or higher Overspending Rating: • "No Findings" : 0 to -4.9% • "Operational Guidance": -5% to -9.9% • "Corrective Action": -10% or below
Operating Reserves	Current Operating Reserve as a percentage of total maximum reserve level. Appropriate reserve level is buffer against any unforeseen events or expenditures. • "No Findings" :35%+ of maximum operating reserve • "Operational Guidance": 20% to 34.9% of maximum operating reserve • "Corrective Action": <20% of maximum operating reserve
Capital Planning	
Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) Submitted	 Housing authorities are required to submit a five-year capital plan every year. "No Findings" =Submitted on time and no modifications required or modifications made within 45 days. "Operational Guidance" =Up to 45 days late and no modifications required or modifications made within 45 days. "Corrective Action" =More than 45 days late or modifications required and not completed within 45 days.
Capital Spending	 Under the Formula Funding Program (FF), authorities receive undesignated funds to spend on projects in their Capital Improvement Plan. They are rated on the percentage of available funds they have spent over a three-year period "No Findings" = at least 80% "Operational Guidance" = At least 50% "Corrective Action" = Less than 50%

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Health & Safety	
Health & safety violations	DHCD has observed conditions at the LHA's developments and reported health and safety violations. The LHA has certified the number of corrected violations in each category.
Facility Management - Inspections	
Unit Inspections Conducted	 Housing authorities are required to conduct inspections of all their occupied units at least once a year "No Findings": 100 % of sampled units had inspections conducted once during the year "Corrective Action": Fewer than 100% of sample units were inspected during the year
Inspections Report	 Housing authorities are required to note all of the deficiencies found during inspections "No Findings": 100 % of deficiencies are noted on inspection report "Corrective Action": Fewer than 100% of deficiencies are noted in inspection report
Inspection Work Order	 Housing authorities are required to generate work orders for all deficiencies noted during inspections "No Findings": 100 % of deficiencies noted on inspection reports generated work orders "Corrective Action": Fewer than 100% of deficiencies noted on inspection reports generated work orders
Work Order System	 Work order system identifies, tracks, and can produce reports for inspection work orders. "No Findings": Inspection work orders are identified, tracked, and reportable "Operational Guidance": Inspection work orders are not identified, and/or tracked, and/or reportable
Inspections Work Orders Completed	 Inspection work orders were completed within 30 calendar days from the date of inspection, OR if cannot be completed within 30 calendar days, are added to the Deferred Maintenance Plan or included in the Capital Improvement Plan in the case of qualifying capital repairs (unless health/safety issue). "No Findings": Sampled inspection work orders were completed within 30 days of inspection date or added to deferred maintenance plan and/or CIP "Operational Guidance": Sampled inspection work orders were completed within 31 to 45 calendar days of inspection date and not added to deferred maintenance plan or CIP "Corrective Action": Sampled inspection work orders were completed in over 45 calendar days of inspection date

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Facility Management – Work Order System	
Emergency Work Orders Properly Defined	 Emergency work orders should be defined per <u>Property Management Guide</u>, identified, tracked, reportable. "No Findings": Emergency work orders defined per <u>Property Management Guide</u>, identified, tracked, reportable "Operational Guidance": Emergency work orders are not defined per <u>Property Management Guide</u>, and/or identified, and/or tracked, and/or reportable
Emergency Work Orders Initiation	 Emergency work orders should be initiated within 24 to 48 hours. "No Findings": Emergency work orders initiated within 24-48 hours "Corrective Action": Emergency work orders not initiated within 24-48 hours
Vacancy Work Orders	 Vacancy work orders should be identified, tracked and reportable. "No Findings": Vacancy work orders identified, tracked AND reportable "Corrective Action": Vacancy work orders are not identified, and/or tracked, and/or reportable
Vacancy Work Orders Completed	 Vacancy work orders should be completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within that timeframe, LHA has a waiver. "No Findings": Vacancy work orders are completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within timeframe, LHA has a waiver "Operational Guidance": Vacancy work orders completed within 31-60 calendar days "Corrective Action": Vacancy work orders completed 61+ calendar days
Preventive Maintenance Program	 Housing authorities are required to maintain a comprehensive preventive maintenance program in which preventive work orders are identified, tracked, and reportable. "No Findings": A comprehensive preventive maintenance program exists and work orders are identified, tracked and reportable "Corrective Action": A comprehensive preventive maintenance program does not exist OR work orders are not identified and/or tracked and/or reportable
Routine Work Orders	 Routine work orders should be identified, tracked, reportable and completed regularly. "No Findings": Routine work orders identified, tracked, reportable and completed regularly "Operational Guidance": Routine work orders are not identified, and/or tracked and/or reportable, and/or completed regularly

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Requested Work	Requested work orders should be identified, tracked and reportable.
Orders	 "No Findings": Requested work orders identified, tracked, reportable and completed regularly
	• "Operational Guidance": Requested work orders are not identified and/or tracked and/or reportable, and or completed regularly
Requested Work	Requested work orders should be completed in 14 calendar days from the
Orders Completion	 date of tenant request or if not completed within that timeframe (and not a health or safety issue), the task should be added and completed in a timely manner as a part of the Deferred Maintenance Plan and/or CIP. "No Findings": Requested work orders are completed within 14 calendar days of tenant request OR added to deferred maintenance plan and/or CIP "Operational Guidance": Requested work orders are completed within 15-30 calendar days from the date of tenant request "Corrective Action": Requested work orders are completed in over 30 calendar days from the date of tenant request OR not completed
Emergency Response System	 Housing authorities should have a 24 Hour Emergency Response System and distribute Emergency Definition to Residents, Staff, and Answering Service (if applicable). "No Findings": A 24-hour system for responding to emergencies exists AND definitions of emergencies have been distributed to staff, residents and answering service, if applicable "Operational Guidance": System exists, but no definition has been distributed "Corrective Action": Neither a system nor distributed definitions exist

Policies

The following policies are currently in force at the Woburn Housing Authority:

Policy	Last Ratified by Board Vote	Notes
*Rent Collection Policy	01/28/2021	
*Personnel Policy	01/28/2021	
*Capitalization Policy	01/28/2021	
*Procurement Policy	01/28/2021	
*Grievance Policy	01/28/2021	
Sexual Harassment Policy	01/28/2021	
Investment Policy	01/28/2021	
Smoking Policy	01/28/2021	
Credit/Debit Card Policy	01/28/2021	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	01/28/2021	Fraud Prevention
Language Access Plan	01/28/2021	
Travel Policy	01/28/2021	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	01/28/2021	Resident on Resident Harassment
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	01/28/2021	Tenant Transfer

* Starred policies are required by DHCD. Policies without a "Latest Revision" date are not yet in force.

The list of policies has been provided by the LHA and has not been verified by DHCD.

Waivers

Woburn Housing Authority has received the following waivers from DHCD's regulations. This list does not include vacancy waivers, pet waivers, or any waivers that would release personally identifiable tenant or applicant data.

Description	Reason	Date Waiver Approved by DHCD	Date Expired
Biennial recertification of c.667 rents	administrative and resident burden	02/13/2012	

The list of waivers has been provided by the LHA and has not been verified by DHCD.

Attachments

The following items have been uploaded as attachments to this Annual Plan.

Due to the COVID-19 emergency, on-site Performance Management Review (PMR) assessments by the Facilities Management Specialists were cancelled for the December fiscal year end housing authorities. Therefore, the Facility Management categories have been omitted from the PMR document.

- Substantial comments
- Cover Sheet
- Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
- Tenant Satisfaction Survey 200 and 705 Program



March 24 2021

To Whom It May Concern:

A virtual public meeting was held on 3/24/2021 3:00 P.M. At 1-877-309-2073 access code 527-583-549 # to discuss the 2022 State Annual Plan. No interested parties submitted any questions or comments to the Authority Prior to meeting and no one attended said meeting.

Sincerely,

Thomas Maher Executive Director Woburn Housing Authority

Resident Surveys – Background:

Since 2016 DHCD has been working with the Center for Survey Research at the University of Massachusetts Boston to survey residents in the state public housing units it oversees. The surveys are confidential, mailed directly to the residents and returned to the Center by mail (or, starting in 2019, completed on-line). In Round One of the surveys, conducted over the period 2016-2018, residents of elderly/disabled developments (also known as c. 667 developments) and family units (also known as c. 705 and c. 200 developments) were surveyed in four groups as described below. (Note: there are many more c. 667 units, so they were broken down into three groups).

ROUND ONE SURVEYS

Spring 2016: (c. 200 and c. 705) Fall 2016: (667 - Group 1) Fall 2017: (667 - Group 2) Fall 2018: (667 - Group 3)

By the end of 2018, all residents were surveyed in Round One with one exception: in the case of the twelve housing authorities with **more than** 225 c. 200 family units, a randomly selected group of 225 c. 200 residents were surveyed. This group was determined to be large enough to generate statistically useful results.

Round Two of the surveys began in 2019. The current plan is to complete all Round Two surveys in four groups as follows:

ROUND TWO SURVEYS

Fall 2019 (667 - Group 1) - COMPLETED Fall 2020 (200s and 705s) Fall 2021 (667 - Group 2) Fall 2022 (667 - Group 3)

Please Note:

- 1. If there were at least twenty responses from residents of BOTH an authority's c.667 units AND from their c.200/705 units, then there is a separate report for each program.
- 2. If there were fewer than twenty responses in EITHER program, but at least twenty responses combined, then the elderly and family results were combined into a single report.
- To protect resident confidentiality, survey results are generally reported ONLY for authorities that had at least twenty total resident responses from their combined c.667/200/705 residents. Therefore, a few smaller authorities that didn't have twenty responses do not have a published survey report.
- 4. Because the 2019-2022 surveys ask some different questions than the 2016-2018 survey, the results can't be combined (i.e., 2019 c.667 results can't be combined with 2016 c.200/705 results, as described in #2 above.
- 5. Responses from family residents in c.200 and c.705 housing are always combined together.

WOBURN HOUSING AUTHORITY

Chapter 667 Housing Summary 2016 - 2018

DHCD is working with the Center for Survey Research at the University of Massachusetts Boston to survey residents in the housing units it oversees.

Fall 2016:

• Surveys were sent to 9624 housing units (Chapter 667). 5511 surveys were filled out and returned.

Fall 2017:

• Surveys were sent to 6024 housing units (Chapter 667). 3391 surveys were filled out and returned.

Fall 2018:

- Surveys were sent to 13,304 housing units (Chapter 667). 6717 surveys were filled out and returned.
- In the **Woburn Housing Authority**, surveys were sent to a total of **239** housing units (Chapter 667); **134** surveys were completed.

This report provides some information about how the residents from the **Woburn Housing Authority** who answered the survey responded. It compares their answers to those from residents in the entire state and to those from medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts. These medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Lynn, Marblehead, Melrose, Methuen, Saugus, Stoneham, and Woburn.

Communication

Residents in Ch. 667 housing were asked about how they interacted with the Woburn Housing Authority in the last 12 months. The table below shows what percentage of residents said they did each of the following:

	Woburn Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA*	Entire State
Contacted management about a problem or concern	72%	76%	78%
Felt they were usually or always treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted management	89%	90%	87%
Saw the Capital Improvement Plan	13%	28%	30%
Saw the Operating Budget	8%	17%	17%
Knew the Executive Director held a meeting with residents	29%	54%	53%

* Medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Lynn, Marblehead, Melrose, Methuen, Saugus, Stoneham, and Woburn.

Services and Programs

48% of the Woburn Housing Authority residents in Ch. 667 who responded to the survey said they would be interested in services and programs. Here are the services and programs residents said they would be most interested in participating in:

	Woburn Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA	Entire State
Job training programs	7%	6%	6%
Money management programs (<i>budgeting, taxes, income building</i>)	8%	9%	10%
Children's programs (<i>tutoring</i> , <i>childcare</i> , <i>afterschool</i> programs)	3%	2%	2%
Health and Medical Services (visiting nurse, meal programs)	28%	33%	35%
Adult Education (GED, ESL, educational counseling)	10%	13%	10%

Maintenance and Repair

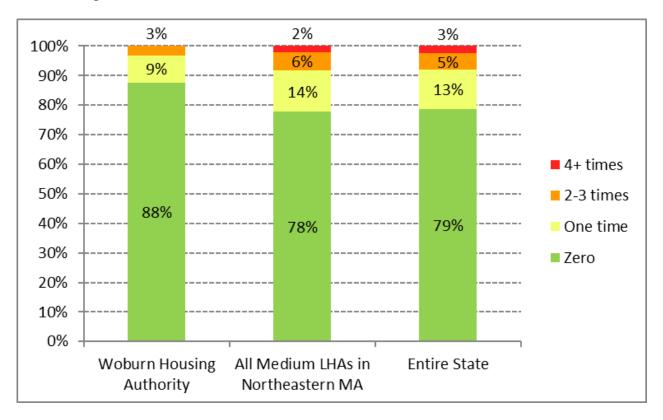
Who had problems? Less than one fifth of respondents had a problem with their heating and less than half had a plumbing problem in the last 12 months.

	Woburn Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA	Entire State
Had a heating problem	12%	22%	21%
Had a problem with water or plumbing	47%	49%	49%

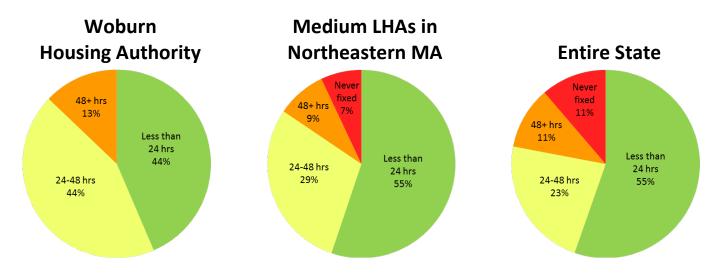
Heating Problems

How many times did residents have heating problems?

The chart below shows how many times respondents had heat problems in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



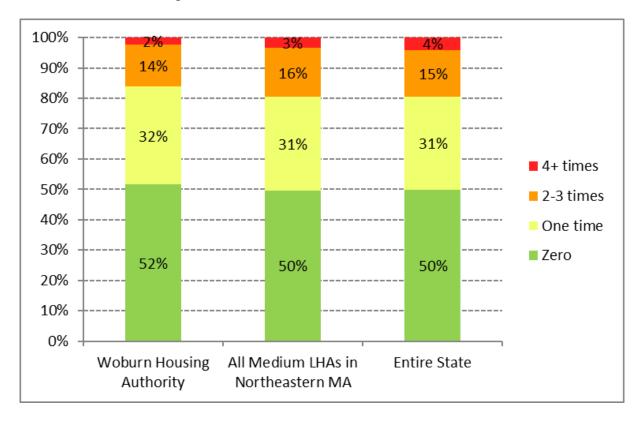
How long did it take to fix the heating problems? For those respondents who had problems, we asked how long it usually took for the problems to be fixed – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, more than 48 hours, or never fixed.



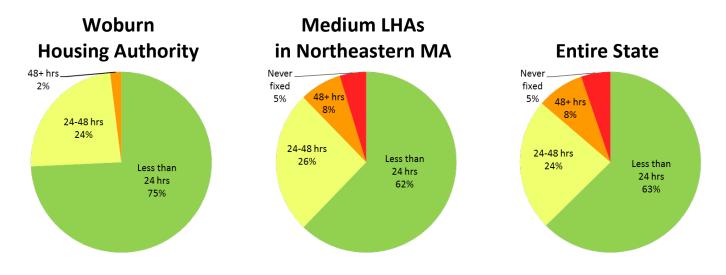
• Water or Plumbing Problems

How many times did residents have problems with their water or plumbing?

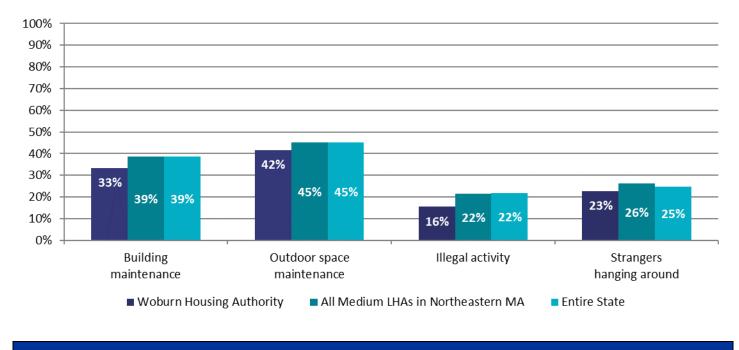
The chart below shows how many times respondents had water or plumbing problems in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



How long did it take to fix the water or plumbing problems? For those respondents who had problems, we asked how long it usually took for the problems to be fixed – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, more than 48 hours, or never fixed.



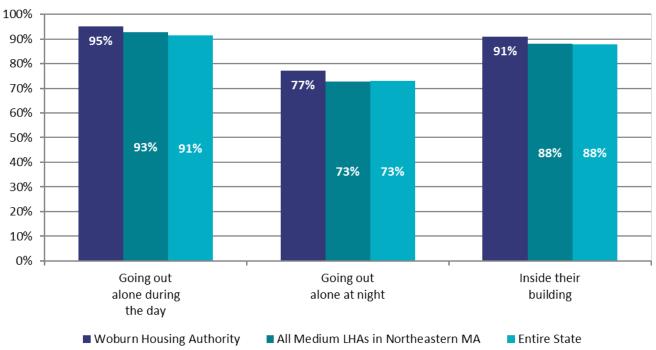
• What other problems did respondents have? Respondents were asked how often they had problems with: building maintenance (*such as clean halls and stairways and having lights and elevators that work*), outdoor space maintenance (*such as litter removal and clear walk ways*), illegal activity in the development, and strangers hanging around who should not be there. The chart below shows what percentage of respondents said that they "always" or "sometimes" had this problem in the last 12 months.



Respondents who "always" or "sometimes" had problems with....

Safety

Respondents were asked how safe they felt in their building and going outside alone. The chart below shows what percentage of people said they felt "very safe" or "mostly" safe.



Respondents who felt "very safe" or "mostly safe"

WOBURN HOUSING AUTHORITY

Chapter 200 & Chapter 705 Housing Summary Spring 2016

The Center for Survey Research at the University of Massachusetts Boston sent surveys to 9772 housing units (Chapters 200 and 705) in Massachusetts in the spring of 2016. 3240 residents responded.

Surveys were sent to **176** housing units (Chapters 200 and 705) in the **Woburn Housing Authority**. **70** surveys were completed.

This report provides some information about how the residents from the **Woburn Housing Authority** who answered the survey responded. It compares answers to those from the entire state and to those from all medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts. Medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Lynn, Marblehead, Melrose, Methuen, Saugus, Stoneham, and Woburn.

Communication

Residents in Ch. 200 and Ch. 705 housing were asked about how they interacted with the Woburn Housing Authority in the last 12 months. The table below shows what percentage of residents said they did each of the following:

	Woburn Housing Authority	All Medium LHAs in the Northeast*	Entire State
Contacted management about a problem or concern	80%	89%	87%
Felt they were usually or always treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted management	86%	73%	76%
Saw the Capital Improvement Plan	5%	14%	18%
Saw the Operating Budget	9%	11%	12%
Knew the Executive Director held a meeting with residents	10%	22%	21%

* Medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Lynn, Marblehead, Melrose, Methuen, Saugus, Stoneham, and Woburn.

Services and Programs

71% of the Woburn Housing Authority residents in Ch. 200 and Ch. 705 who responded to the survey said they would be interested in services and programs. Here are the services and programs residents said they would be most interested in participating in:

	Woburn Housing Authority	All Medium LHAs in the Northeast	Entire State
Job training programs	31%	32%	31%
Money management programs (<i>budgeting, taxes, income building</i>)	33%	35%	29%
Children's programs (<i>tutoring</i> , <i>childcare</i> , <i>afterschool</i> programs)	41%	42%	39%
Health and Medical Services (visiting nurse, meal programs)	26%	24%	26%
Adult Education (GED, ESL, educational counseling)	26%	30%	29%

Maintenance and Repair

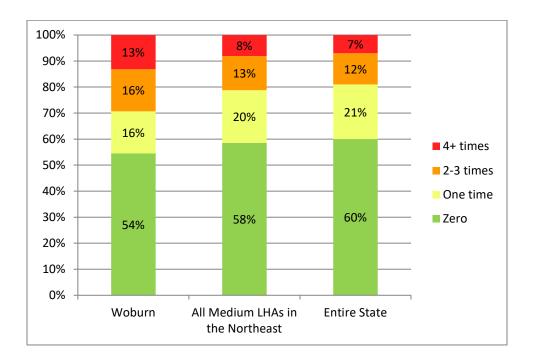
• Who had problems? About half of respondents had at least one maintenance problem in the last 12 months.

	Woburn Housing Authority	All Medium LHAs in the Northeast	Entire State
Had a heating problem	44%	41%	39%
Had a problem with water or plumbing	59%	56%	57%

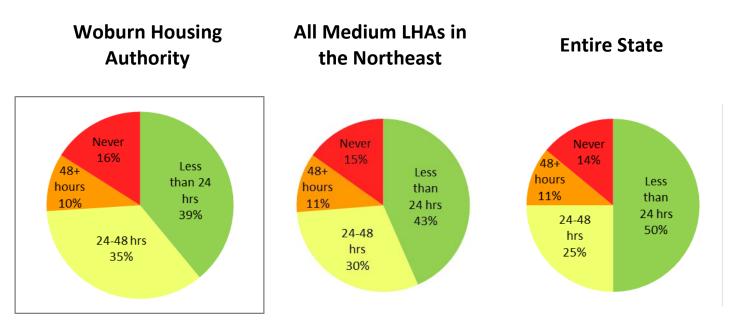
• Heating Problems

How many times did residents have heating problems?

The charts below shows how many times respondents had heat problems in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



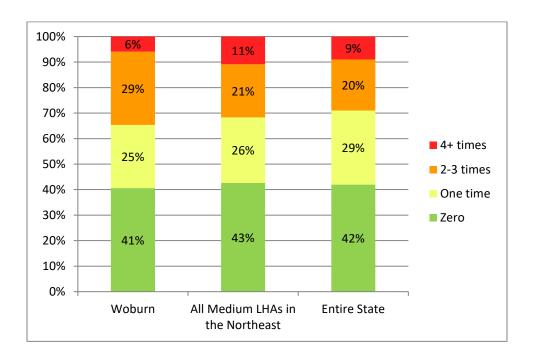
How long did it take to fix the heating problems? For those respondents who had problems, we asked how long it usually took for the problems to be fixed – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, more than 48 hours, or never fixed.



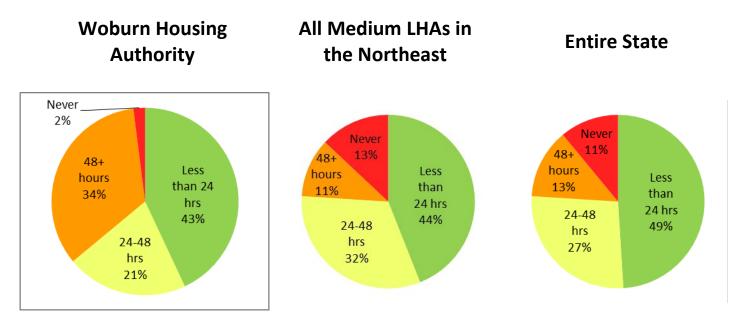
• Water or Plumbing Problems

How many times did residents have problems with their water or plumbing?

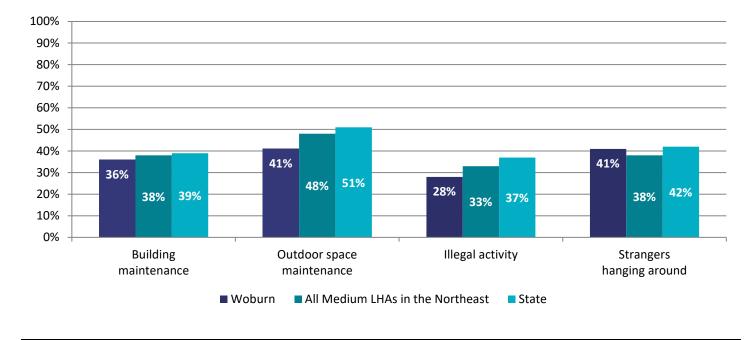
The charts below shows how many times respondents had water or plumbing problems in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



How long did it take to fix the water or plumbing problems? For those respondents who had problems, we asked how long it usually took for the problems to be fixed – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, more than 48 hours, or never fixed.



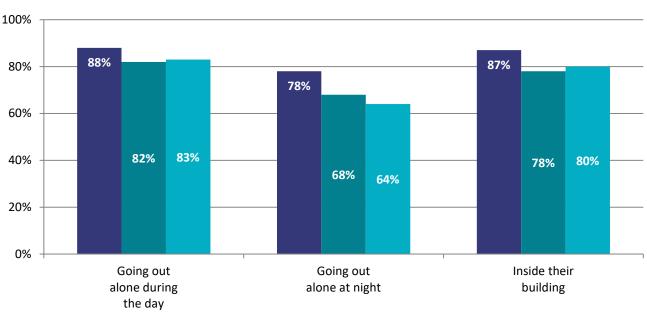
• What other problems did respondents have? Respondents were asked how often they had problems with: building maintenance (such as clean halls and stairways and having lights and elevators that work), outdoor space maintenance (such as litter removal and clear walk ways), illegal activity in the development, and strangers hanging around who should not be there. The chart below shows what percentage of respondents said that they "always" or "sometimes" had this problem in the last 12 months.



Respondents who "always" or "sometimes" had problems with....

Safety

Respondents were asked how safe they felt in their building and going outside alone. The chart below shows what percentage of people said they felt "very safe" or "mostly" safe.



Respondents who felt "very safe" or "mostly safe"

■ Woburn ■ All Medium LHAs in the Northeast ■ State