Annual Plan 2023 Overview and Certification

Beverly Housing Authority Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2023 For State-Aided Public Housing

The Annual Plan is a document compiled by housing authority staff in advance of each new fiscal year. The plan serves as both a tool for the Local Housing Authority (LHA) to reflect upon the prior fiscal year, and as an opportunity to develop a clear and transparent plan that builds on successes, identifies needs, and corrects any issues that have arisen in prior years. Additionally, the Annual Plan is an important tool for tenants, who may use the document to better understand the operations and needs of their housing authority, advocate for changes to policies and procedures, access data about the housing authority, and participate in their housing authority's governance.

In addition to the physical document, the Annual Plan is also a process of public engagement. Throughout the Annual Plan process, the LHA executive director or their designee will be expected to review the Plan with any Local Tenant Organizations (LTO's) and Resident Advisory Board (RAB) before the LHA presents the plan to the LHA Board of Commissioners; make a draft available for review to all residents and the general public; post on the website and make a copy available to each LTO at least 30 business days before the public hearing; hold a hearing on the document; and collect, integrate, and report back on substantive comments. Additionally, the Board will read, offer recommendations, and approve the Annual Plan in advance of its submission to DHCD.

The law that mandates the Annual Plan is An Act Relative to Local Housing Authorities, Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 121B Section 28A. The regulation that expands upon Section 28A is 760 CMR 4.16. The regulations that address Local Tenant Organization (LTO) and resident participation in the Annual Plan are 760 CMR 6.09 (3)(h) and 760 CMR 6.09(4)(a)(4).

The Beverly Housing Authority's Annual Plan for their 2023 fiscal year includes the following components:

- 1. Overview and Certification
- 2. Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)
- 3. Maintenance and Repair Plan
- 4. Operating Budget
- 5. Narrative responses to Performance Management Review (PMR) findings
- 6. Policies
- 7. Waivers
- 8. Glossary
- 9. Other Elements
 - a. Beverly Tenants Association Letter
 - b. Public Hearing Meeting Minutes
 - c. Cover sheet for AP Survey
 - d. Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
 - e. Tenant Satisfaction Survey 200 and 705 Program

Annual Plan 2023 Overview and Certification

State-Aided Public Housing Developments

The following table identifies the state-aided public housing units with developments of more than 8 units listed separately. Units in developments of 8 or fewer units are aggregated as noted. Units that the LHA provides to assist clients of the Department of Mental Health (DMH), the Department of Developmental Services (DDS), or other agencies are also aggregated separately.

Dev No	Туре	Development Name	Num Bldgs	Year Built	Dwelling Units
705-01	Family	705 FAMILY APTS 705-01	6	1990	15
667-02	Elderly	BALCH APTS 667-02	3	1959	26
667-04	Elderly	CEDAR ST APTS 667-04	5	1963	50
200-02	Family	COURTNEY DRIVE 200-02	22	1950	40
667-05	Elderly	ESSEX APTS 667-05	8	1965	50
200-01	Family	FAMILY APTS 200-01	21	1948	77
667-07	Elderly	FEDERAL ST APTS 667-07	1	1981	57
667-01	Elderly	Herrick St. 667-01	1	1956	12
667-03	Elderly	KELLEHER ROAD APTS 667-03	12	1960	54
667-06	Elderly	ROGER CONANT APTS 667-06	7	1969	47
667-08	Elderly	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	1	1910	44
Total			87		472

Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP)

The Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) is a state-funded program that provides rental subsidies to low-income families and individuals. In most cases, a "mobile" voucher is issued to the household, which is valid for any market-rate housing unit that meets the standards of the state sanitary code and program rent limitations. In some cases, vouchers are "project-based" into a specific housing development; such vouchers remain at the development if the tenant decides to move out.

Beverly Housing Authority manages 141 MRVP vouchers.

Annual Plan 2023 Overview and Certification

Federally Assisted Developments

Beverly Housing Authority also manages Federally-assisted public housing developments and/or federal rental subsidy vouchers serving 588 households.

LHA Central Office

Beverly Housing Authority 137 Bridge Street (rear), Beverly, MA, 01915 Debra A. Roy, Executive Director Phone: 978-922-3100 Email: droy@beverlyhousing.net

LHA Board of Commissioners

	<u>Role</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
Kevin Ascolillo	Member	Labor Appointee	03/01/2021	06/28/2025
Thomas Bussone	Chair	State Appointee	02/04/1992	07/08/2021
Kevin Kelly	Treasurer	Tenant	10/16/2017	06/28/2022
Nancy Marino	Vice-Chair		04/18/2018	06/28/2024
Joseph Sciola	Member	State Tenant Rep	09/20/2010	06/28/2023
Local Tenant Orga	<u>inizations</u>			

	Date of	Date LHA Reviewed
	Recognition by LHA	Draft AP with LTO
Beverly Tenants Association	10/13/2013	11/18/2021

Beverly Housing Authority (LHA)

Annual Plan 2023 Overview and Certification

Plan History

The following required actions have taken place on the dates indicated.

REQ	REQUIREMENT					
		COMPLETED				
Α.	Advertise the public hearing on the LHA website.	10/29/2021				
В.	Advertise the public hearing in public postings.	10/29/2021				
C.	Notify all LTO's and RAB, if there is one, of the hearing and provide access to the Proposed Annual Plan.	10/29/2021				
D.	Post draft AP for tenant and public viewing.	10/29/2021				
E.	Hold quarterly meeting with LTO or RAB to review the draft AP. (Must occur before the LHA Board reviews the Annual Plan.)	11/18/2021				
F.	Annual Plan Hearing. Hosted by the LHA Board, with a quorum of members present. (For Boston, the Administrator will host the hearing.)	12/16/2021				
G.	Executive Director presents the Annual Plan to the Board.	12/16/2021				
Н.	Board votes to approve the AP. (For Boston Housing Authority, the Administrator approves and submits the AP.)	12/16/2021				

Certification

CERTIFICATION OF LHA USER AUTHORIZATION FOR DHCD CAPITAL SOFTWARE AND HOUSING APPLICATIONS

I, Debra A Roy, Executive Director of the Beverly Housing Authority, certify on behalf of the Housing Authority that I have conducted an annual review of all Beverly Housing Authority users of DHCD Capital Software applications and Housing Applications and that all current LHA users are authorized to use the systems and have the appropriate level of user access based on their job responsibility. I approve all system access and access levels for all Beverly Housing Authority users.

This certification applies to the following applications:

- Capital Planning System (CPS)
- Consolidated Information Management System (CIMS)
- Cap Hub
- DHCD Housing Management Systems

CERTIFICATION FOR SUBMISSION OF THE ANNUAL PLAN

I, Debra Roy, Executive Director of the Beverly Housing Authority, certify on behalf of the Housing Authority that: a) the above actions all took place on the dates listed above; b) all facts and information contained in this Annual Plan are true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief and c) that the Annual Plan was prepared in accordance with and meets the requirements of the regulations at 760 CMR 4.16 and 6.09.

Date of certification: 12/21/2021

The Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) completed its review of this Annual Plan (AP) on February 10, 2022. Review comments have been inserted into the plan.

Annual Plan Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Capital Improvement Plan

DHCD Description of CIPs:

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a five year plan which identifies capital projects, provides a planning scope, schedule and budget for each capital project and identifies options for financing and implementing the plan. The CIP identifies anticipated spending for each Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) fiscal year (July 1 to June 30) based on the project schedules.

Local Housing Authorities (LHAs) receive yearly awards from DHCD (Formula Funding Awards) which they target to their most urgent capital needs in their CIP. They may also receive special awards from DHCD for specific projects which meet specific criteria. Special awards may be given for certain emergency, regulation compliance, energy and water conservation, and other projects. The first three years of the CIP are based on actual awards made to the LHA, while years four and five are based on estimated planning amounts, not actual awards.

LHAs may sometimes secure other sources of funding and assistance that you will note in their CIP, such as: Community Preservation Act (CPA) funding, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding, Local Affordable Housing Trust Funds (AHTF), HOME grants, income from leasing a cell tower on their property, savings from net meter credit contracts with solar developers, utility rebates and contracted work from utility providers, and Sheriff's Department work crews. However, not all of these funding sources are available every year, or in all communities.

The CIP includes the following parts:

- A table of available funding sources and amounts
- A list of planned capital projects showing spending per fiscal year
- A table showing special awards and other funding for targeted projects, if any, which supplements Formula Funding awarded to the LHA
- A 'narrative' with a variety of additional information.

Annual Plan

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Aggregate Funding Available for Projects in the First Three Years of the CIP:

Category of Funds	Allocation	Planned Spending	Description
Balance of Formula Funding (FF)	\$3,058,403.75		Total of all FF awards minus prior FF spending
LHA Emergency Reserve	\$458,760.56		Amount to reserve for emergencies
Net FF Funds (First 3 Years of the CIP)	\$2,599,643.19	\$2,603,613.65	Funds to plan & amount actually planned in the first 3 years of the CIP
ADA Set-aside	\$13,622.33	\$13,622.33	Accessibility projects
DMH Set-aside	\$0.00	\$0.00	Dept. of Mental Health facility
DDS Set-aside	\$42,363.44	\$42,260.44	Dept. of Developmental Services facility
Unrestricted Formula Funding (FF)	\$2,543,657.41	\$2,547,730.88	Funds awarded by DHCD to be used on projects selected by the LHA and approved by DHCD.
Special DHCD Funding	\$1,896,283.56	\$1,837,783.56	Targeted awards from DHCD
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Federal funds awarded by a city or town for specific projects.
Community Preservation Act (CPA) Funds	\$195,620.74	\$195,620.74	Community Preservation Act funds awarded by a city of town for specific projects.
Operating Reserve(OR) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Funds from the LHA's operating budget.
Other Funds	\$362,429.91	\$362,429.91	Funds other than those in the above categories. See explanation below.
Total funds and planned spending	\$5,053,977.40	\$4,999,447.86	Total of all anticipated funding available for planned projects and the total of planned spending.

CIP Definitions:

ADA Set-aside is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on projects that improve accessibility for people with disabilities. 10% of FF awards are designated for this purpose.

Available State Bond Funding is the amount of State Bond Funding available to the LHA for the first three years of the CIP. It is calculated by totaling all of FF and Special Awards granted to the LHA through the end of the third year of the plan and subtracting the amount of these funds spent prior to July 1 of the first year of the plan.

Amount spent prior to the plan is the total amount of Formula Funding (FF) and Special Awards spent prior to July 1 of the first year of the plan.

Capital project is a project that adds significant value to an asset or replaces building systems or components. Project cost must be greater than \$1000.

CDBG stands for Community Development Block Grant, a potential source of project funds.

CPA stands for Community Preservation Act, a potential source of project funds.

CapHub Project Number is the number given to projects entered into DHCD's project management system known as CapHub.

DMH Set-aside is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on facilities leased to the Department of Mental Health (DMH) program vendors, if any exist at this LHA.

DDS Set-aside is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on facilities leased to the Department of Developmental Services (DDS) program vendors, if any exist at this LHA.

Formula Funding (FF) is an allocation of state bond funds to each LHA according to the condition (needs) of its portfolio in comparison to the entire state-aided public housing portfolio.

Operating Reserve is an account, funded from the LHA operating budget, primarily used for unexpected operating costs, including certain extraordinary maintenance or capital projects.

Other Funds could include other funding by the city or town or from other sources.

Special Awards are DHCD awards targeted to specific projects. Award programs include funds for emergencies beyond what an LHA can fund, for complying with regulatory requirements, for projects that will save water or energy use, and various other programs the department may run from time to time.

Total Cost is the sum of investigation, design, administration, permitting, and construction costs for a project

Unrestricted Formula Funding (FF) is money awarded to the LHA by DHCD under the Formula Funding program other than amounts set aside (restricted) for accessibility improvements or for facilities operated by DMH or DDS.

12/20/2021

Beverly Housing Authority (LHA)

Annual Plan

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Regional Capital Assistance Team

Beverly Housing Authority participates in the Regional Capital Assistance Team (RCAT) program and project implementation responsibilities are as follows:

o For projects with construction cost under \$10,000, the LHA has the sole responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project. RCAT offers technical assistance upon request.

o For projects with construction cost between \$10,000 and \$100,000 the RCAT will have lead responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project with both DHCD and LHA involvement and oversight throughout the process. For projects in this range, the LHA will work with the RCAT Project Manager who will contact the LHA to initiate projects.

o For projects with construction cost over \$100,000, or projects below that threshold that are complex or have a subsequent phase that exceeds \$100,000 construction cost, DHCD will take the lead and draft a WO or RFS to hire a designer to prepare plans and specs. RCAT will not be involved in the implementation of projects in this range and the LHA will continue to work directly with the DHCD Project Manager and DHCD design staff.

Formula Funding and Special DHCD Award Planned Spending - Other funding not included

Cap Hub Project Number	Project Name	Development(s)	Total Cost	Amount Spent Prior to Plan	fy2022 Spent	fy2022 Planned	fy2023	fy2024	fy2025	fy2026
030086	FF: Roof surface replacement	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$176,400	\$157,107	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
030093	ModPHASE 2020 Beverly: K&B, Fire Alarm, Electrical, Accessibility, Windows	BALCH APTS 667-02	\$3,969,660	\$216,468	\$8,740	\$588,093	\$2,693,840	\$0	\$0	\$0
030095	Walkway, parking area repaving	COURTNEY DRIVE 200-02	\$352,482	\$0	\$0	\$39,691	\$312,792	\$0	\$0	\$0
030096	Replacement bulkheads	FAMILY APTS 200-01	\$106,101	\$3,163	\$0	\$102,938	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
030098	Roof Replacement at 667-6 & 200-1	667-06 & 200-01	\$270,145	\$32,321	\$112,872	\$141,824	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
030099	DHW Replacement	FEDERAL ST APTS 667-07	\$9,834	\$6,775	\$0	\$3,060	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
030100	Window replacement (6 buildings)	ROGER CONANT APTS 667-06	\$429,954	\$33,211	\$360,956	\$74,693	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
030101	Dry System Sprinkler Repairs	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$33,485	\$0	\$0	\$32,235	\$1,250	\$0	\$0	\$0
030102	Bathroom Mod Group Residence (Half Baths)	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$31,937	\$0	\$0	\$30,687	\$1,250	\$0	\$0	\$0
030103	Exterior door replacement	ROGER CONANT APTS 667-06	\$61,314	\$0	\$0	\$1,716	\$59,599	\$0	\$0	\$0
030105	ADA unit tub to shower conversion - CR Request	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$11,385	\$0	\$8,750	\$11,385	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Formula Funding and Special DHCD Award Planned Spending - Other funding not included

Cap Hub Project Number	Project Name	Development(s)	Total Cost	Amount Spent Prior to Plan	fy2022 Spent	fy2022 Planned	fy2023	fy2024	fy2025	fy2026
	EMG Sewer line repair	COURTNEY DRIVE 200-02	\$22,701	\$0	\$0	\$22,701	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	ACM Removal (5 Kelleher INS) CR Request	KELLEHER ROAD APTS 667-03	\$12,277	\$0	\$0	\$12,277	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Entry Modernizations	FAMILY APTS 200-01	\$1,250,233	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$94,743	\$398,569	\$756,922
	Rear Canopy Repairs	FAMILY APTS 200-01	\$36,981	\$0	\$0	\$4,440	\$32,542	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Driveway and walkway repaving	CEDAR ST APTS 667-04	\$510,095	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$49,916
	Roof Replacement/Ext erior Painting	ESSEX APTS 667-05	\$497,008	\$0	\$0	\$58,641	\$438,368	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Walkway, roadway, parking lot repaving	ESSEX APTS 667-05	\$457,138	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,091	\$432,147	\$7,902	\$0
•	Exterior Painting	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$27,981	\$0	\$0	\$3,360	\$24,622	\$0	\$0	\$0
	689 Flooring replacement (mens side)	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$8,621	\$0	\$0	\$8,621	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	689 Heat Trim Replacements (womans side)	UPTON PLACE APTS 667-08	\$6,050	\$0	\$0	\$6,050	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTALS			\$8,281,779	\$449,042	\$491,318	\$1,142,407	\$3,581,351	\$526,889	\$406,471	\$806,838

FUNDS IN ADDITION TO ANNUAL FORMULA FUNDING AWARD

Cap Hub	Project Name	DHCD Special	Special DHCD Awards			Other Funding				
Project Number		Award Comment	Emergency Reserve	Compliance Reserve	Sustain- ability	Special Awards	CDBG	CPA	Operating Reserve	Other Funds
030093	ModPHASE 2020 Beverly: K&B, Fire Alarm, Electrical, Accessibility, Windows	K&B, Fire Alarm, Windows, Accessibility, and Electrical Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,987,034	\$0	\$100,000	\$0	\$362,520
030098	Roof Replacement at 667-6 & 200-1		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$96,000	\$0	\$0
030105	ADA unit tub to shower conversion - CR Request	a reasonable accommodation for a roll in shower	\$0	\$11,385	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTALS			\$0	\$11,385	\$0	\$1,987,034	\$0	\$196,000	\$0	\$362,520

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) Narrative

Including Requests to DHCD & Supporting Statements

1. Request for increased spending flexibility.

DHCD designates a spending target (cap share) and an allowable spending range for each year of the CIP. A Housing Authority may request to shift the cap shares of the first three years in order to increase scheduling flexibility. A CIP utilizing this flexibility is called an Alternate CIP. The total spending over three years and over five years must continue to meet the limits set by DHCD. DHCD will approve an Alternate CIP only with acceptable justification and only if funding is available.

Beverly Housing Authority has submitted an Alternate CIP with the following justification:

- The TDC for a proposed project exceeds the Cap Share for a single year and it doesn't make sense to spread it
- Other

Existing large projects and new large projects have spending going across 3 years and becomes difficult to balance individual years. # and five years are accurate with minor deviations in individual years.

2. Request for additional funding.

A Housing Authority may request additional funding from DHCD for projects that qualify as emergencies, required legal compliance upgrades, or sustainability improvements.

Beverly Housing Authority has requested \$829,472.20 in DHCD Compliance Reserve funding for project #030-667-2-0-08-630\ 030-667-2-0-08-624\ 030-667-2-0-08-627\ 030-667-02-0-19-894\ 030-667-02-0-19-923\ 030-667-02-0-19-897\ 030-667-02-0-19-896\ 030-667-2-0-08-625\ 030-667-02-0-19-917\ 030-667-02-S01-19-914\ 030-667-02-S01-19-1219, ModPHASE 2020 Beverly: K&B, Fire Alarm, Electrical, Accessibility, Windows. Reason: offset current cost increase to existing Modphase Project preliminary budget.

3. Overall goals of the Housing Authority's CIP

The overall goals of the BHA are to regain full occupancy and increase our focus on emergency preparedness. The goal of this years CIP is to continue to improve the bldg envelopes as well as address much needed site repairs.

4. Changes from the Housing Authority's previous CIP

Every new CIP differs from the previous CIP because projects have been completed and a new year has been added with new projects. These changes and other significant changes to the content of the CIP are highlighted below:

New Essex St roof replacements have been added and the remaining kitchens at Essex have been bumped out. All cost estimates have been updated utilizing new updated component costs provided by DHCD.

5. Requirements of previous CIP approval

There were no special conditions attached to the approval of our previous CIP.

6. Quarterly capital reports

Our most recent quarterly capital report (form 80 and 90) was submitted on 06/30/2021.

7. Capital Planning System (CPS) updates

Our CPS facility data has been updated with current condition information, including changes resulting from projects completed in the past year, as of 10/01/2021.

8. Project priorities

All the projects in our CIP are high priority (Priority 1 and 2 projects).

9. High priority deficiencies

We have not been able to include all of our high priority (CPS priority 1 and 2) projects in our CIP:

These projects shall be addressed when funds become available

10. Accessibility

We have identified the following accessibility deficiencies in our portfolio: 6672 lack of accessible units as well as accessible comm space.

We have incorporated the following projects in our CIP to address accessibility deficiencies: Current Modphase project to address these issues.

11. Special needs development

Beverly Housing Authority has one or more special needs (167 or 689 programs) development. We have completed the service provider input process according to the required procedures detailed in the lease agreement and held an annual meeting with the service provider staff at all special needs developments as of 07/01/2021.

12. Energy and water consumption

Our 12 most recent monthly energy reports are for months 9/2020 to 8/2021.

The following table lists the DHCD thresholds for Per Unit Monthly (PUM) expense for electricity, natural gas, oil, and water use and the developments at the Housing Authority that have expenses in excess of the thresholds, if any.

	Electric PUM > Threshold	Gas PUM > Threshold	Oil PUM > Threshold	Water PUM > Threshold
Threshold PUM:	\$100	\$80	\$50	\$60
	667-06			667-01
	667-07			200-01

667-6 contains ashp's but cooling costs are likely the cause of this given that residents have been home all year due to the pandemic. 667-7 is a fully electric bldg is proven difficult to keep electric costs down. We also belive water costs are high at 667-1 and 200-1 due to residents being home all years as well, these devs already have low flow devices installed.

13. Energy or water saving initiatives

Beverly Housing Authority is not currently pursuing any energy or water-saving audits or grants that could affect CIP project scope, costs or timing of projects.

AP-2023-Beverly Housing Authority-00384 had an energy audit under the Low-Income Energy Affordability Network (LEAN) program on 07/01/2018

14. Vacancy rate

Our unadjusted vacancy rate reported to DHCD is as follows. (The unadjusted vacancy rate captured in these figures is the percentage of ALL housing units that are vacant, including both offline units being used for other purposes and units with DHCD vacancy waivers.)

5.9% c. 667 (DHCD Goal 2%)

2.6% c. 200 (DHCD Goal 2%)

0% c. 705 (DHCD Goal 2%)

Beverly Housing Authority will address the excess vacancies in the following manner: several units are offline due to modphase project at our 667-2 dev. Remaining vacancies captured here are standard turns and ion the process of re leasing.

15. Vacancies

Beverly Housing Authority has units that are currently vacant that it proposes to keep vacant or offline:

Development # #	of Units	Reason
-----------------	----------	--------

Beverly Housing Authority has the following units that we propose to vacate or re-purpose:

Development # # of Units	Reason
--------------------------	--------

Beverly Housing Authority has not identified any units at risk of becoming vacant.

16. Other comments

Current Modhase project contained >800k funding disparity in the plan. This was discussed with Jackie M. Still early in design actual costs are somewhat unknown but in order to prepare this CIP additional special award funds were requested to fund the current offset. If additional FF contribution is needed this shall be discussed with BHA in the future.

CIP Approval For Beverly Housing Authority for FY 2022

Formula Funding Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), WorkPlan 5001

2/10/2022

Congratulations! The CIP-2022 submitted by Beverly Housing Authority is approved, subject to the following conditions:

• Your LHA participates in the Regional Capital Assistance Team (RCAT) program and project implementation responsibilities are as follows:

- o For projects with construction cost under \$10,000, the LHA has the sole responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project. RCAT will offer technical assistance upon your request. DHCD recently revised the Small Project Guide to address statutory and policy changes. It is available on the web at http://www.mass.gov/hed/docs/dhcd/ph/small-projects/dhcdsmallprojectsguide.pdf. The Guide contains step-by-step instructions to help you make sure that your projects are done efficiently, cost-effectively and according to applicable statutes, rules and regulations. Please be sure to complete projects in accordance with the requirements and procedures described in the Guide.
- o For projects with construction cost between \$10,000 and \$100,000 the RCAT will have lead responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project with LHA involvement and oversight throughout the process. If you have projects in this range, you will be working with your RCAT Project Manager who will contact you to initiate your project (s). Please note that DHCD has increased the threshold for independent implementation to \$100,000 construction cost in response to the passage of Chapter 218. Projects with an estimated Construction cost greater than \$25,000 still require soliciting the professional services of an architect or engineer. (See DHCD Small Project guide "When to Hire a Designer" (http://www.mass.gov/hed/docs/dhcd/ph/small-projects/dhcdsmallprojectsguide.pdf). The RCAT may be able to provide "In House" specifications with an estimated construction cost greater than \$25,000, but requires the approval of DHCD before proceeding.
- o For projects with construction cost over \$100,000, or projects below that threshold that are complex or have a subsequent phase that exceeds \$100,000 construction cost, DHCD will take the lead and draft a WO or RFS to hire a designer to prepare plans and specs. At this point, RCAT will not be involved in the implementation of projects in this range and you will continue to work directly with your DHCD Project Manager and DHCD design staff.

Beverly Housing Authority is authorized to proceed on the following projects, which are to be managed with the LHA or RCAT as the Primary PM**:

CPS Number	FISH #	Project Name	TDC Amount	Primary PM	Project Year
030-200-01-0-21-856	030108	Rear Canopy Repairs	\$36,981.00	RCAT	2023
030-667-08-0-20-1108	030110	Exterior Painting	\$27,981.00	RCAT	2023
030-667-08-0-21-802	030111	689 Flooring replacement (mens side)	\$8,621.00	LHA	2022
030-667-08-0-21-803	030112	689 Heat Trim Replacements (womans side)	\$6,050.00	LHA	2022

Projects for which the Primary PM is DHCD or RCAT - Large**

CPS Number	FISH #	Project Name	TDC Amount *	Other Funding	DHCD Staff Arch/ Eng	WO/RFS Date
030-667-05-0-21-801	030109	Roof Replacement/Exterior Painting	\$497,008.00	\$0.00	Searly	03/30/2022

Going forward, if you need to add a project that is not in your approved CIP you will need to submit a revision through CIMS. Instructions for revising your CIP can be found on the CIMS Forms menu.

Details of the Approved CIP can be found at the link to 'Approved & Active CIP Reports' on the CIMS forms page in the CIP Reports section. Projects may utilize funding from multiple sources. The 'Original Approved' report details the proposed funding as submitted by the LHA. Please feel free to call DHCD Project Manager Jackline Monteiro-Mendes at (617) 573-1193 with any questions.

* Where the TDC is followed by an asterisk the project has been indicated as 'Complex' by DHCD.

**'Primary PM' is used to identify the agency responsible for updating a project's budget and schedule.

Maintenance and Repair Plan

Maintenance Objective

The goal of good property maintenance at a public housing authority is to serve the residents by assuring that the homes in which they live are decent, safe, and sanitary.

About This Maintenance and Repair Plan

This Maintenance & Repair Plan consists of several subsections describing maintenance systems followed by charts showing typical preventive maintenance, routine maintenance, and unit inspection tasks and schedules. These subsections are:

- a. **Classification and Prioritization of Maintenance Tasks** Defines and prioritizes types of work to be accomplished by maintenance staff and vendors. Explains how the housing authority is expected to respond to work orders (tasks or requests) based on the work order classification.
- b. **Emergency Response System** Defines what constitutes an emergency and how to notify staff of an emergency.
- c. **Normal Maintenance Response System** How to contact the maintenance staff for a non-emergency request.
- d. **Work Order Management** Description of the housing authority's system for managing work orders (tasks and requests).
- e. **Maintenance Plan Narrative & Policy Statement** Self-assessment, basic information, and goals for the coming year, along with a description of the housing authority's maintenance program.
- f. **Preventive Maintenance Schedule** A listing and schedule of tasks designed to keep systems and equipment operating properly, to extend the life these systems and equipment, and to avoid unexpected breakdowns.
- g. **Routine Maintenance Schedule** A listing and schedule of ordinary maintenance tasks such as mopping, mowing, raking, and trash collection required to keep the facilities in good condition.
- h. **Unit Inspections** Scheduling of annual unit inspections.

Classification and Prioritization of Maintenance Tasks

Maintenance items are tracked as "work orders" and are classified in the following categories. They are prioritized in the order listed. The following classifications and prioritization are required by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD).

- I. **Emergencies** Emergencies are only those conditions which are **immediately threatening** to the life or safety of our residents, staff, or structures.
 - Goal: initiated with 24 to 48 hours.
- II. Vacancy Refurbishment Work necessary to make empty units ready for new tenants.
 - After emergencies, the refurbishment of vacancies for immediate re-occupancy has the highest priority for staff assignments. Everyday a unit is vacant is a day of lost rent.
 - Goal: vacancy work orders are completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within that timeframe, LHA has a waiver.
- III. **Preventive Maintenance** Work which must be done to **preserve and extend the useful life** of various elements of your physical property and avoid emergency situations.
 - A thorough Preventive Maintenance Program and Schedule that deals with all elements of the physical property is provided later in the document.
 - The Preventive Maintenance Program is reviewed and updated annually and as new systems and facilities are installed.
- IV. Programmed Maintenance Work which is important and is completed to the greatest extent possible within time and budget constraints. Programmed maintenance is grouped and scheduled to make its completion as efficient as possible. Sources of programmed maintenance include:
 - Routine Work includes those tasks that need to be done on a regular basis to keep our physical property in good shape. (Mopping, Mowing, Raking, Trash, etc.)
 - Inspections are the other source of programmed maintenance.
 - o Inspections are visual and operational examinations of parts of our property to determine their condition.
 - o All dwelling units, buildings and sites must be inspected at least annually.
 - Goal: Inspection-generated work orders are completed within 30 calendar days from the date of inspection, OR if cannot be completed within 30 calendar days, are added to the Deferred Maintenance Plan or the Capital Improvement Plan in the case of qualifying capital repairs (unless health/safety issue).
- V. **Requested Maintenance** Work which is requested by residents or others, does not fall into any category above, and should be accomplished as time and funds are available.
 - Requests from residents or others for maintenance work which does not fall into one of the other categories has the lowest priority for staff assignment.
 - Goal: Requested work orders are completed in 14 calendar days from the date of tenant request or if not completed within that timeframe (and not a health or safety issue), the task is added and completed in a timely manner as a part of the Deferred Maintenance Plan and/or CIP.

Emergency Request System

For emergency requests call the numbers listed here. Qualifying emergency work requests are listed below.

METHOD	CONTACT INFO.	TIMES
Call Answering Service	978-922-1803	24 hours a day
Call LHA at Phone Number	978-922-1803	24 hours a day

List of Emergencies - Emergencies are those conditions which are immediately threatening to the life or safety of our residents, staff, or structures. The following is a list of typical conditions that warrant an emergency response. If there is an emergency condition whether or not enumerated on this list please notify the office or answering service at the numbers listed above. If you have any questions regarding this list or other matters that may constitute an emergency, please contact the Beverly Housing Authority main office.

QUALIFYING EMERGENCY WORK REQUESTS
Fires of any kind (Call 911)
Gas leaks/ Gas odor (Call 911)
No electric power in unit
Electrical hazards, sparking outlets
Broken water pipes, flood
No water/ unsafe water
Sewer or toilet blockage
Roof leak
Lock outs
Door or window lock failure
No heat
No hot water
Snow or ice hazard condition
Dangerous structural defects
Inoperable smoke/CO detectors, beeping or chirping
Elevator stoppage or entrapment

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Normal Maintenance Request Process

Make normal (non-emergency) maintenance requests using the following methods:

METHOD	CONTACT INFO.	TIMES
Text Phone Number		
Call Answering Service	978-922-1803	24 hours a day
Call Housing Authority Office		
Submit Online at Website		
Email to Following Email		
Other		

Work Order Management

A. DHCD review of this housing authority's operations shows that the authority uses the following system for tracking work orders:

Type of work order system:

Work order classification used:

Emergency		
Vacancy		
Preventative Maintenance		
Routine		
Inspections		
Tenant Requests		

B. We also track deferred maintenance tasks in our work order system.

C. Our work order process includes the following steps:

Step	Description	Checked steps are used by LHA
1	Maintenance Request taken/submitted per the standard procedures listed above for the Emergency Request System and the Normal Maintenance Request Process.	\
2	Maintenance Requests logged into the work system	\checkmark
3	Work Orders generated	\checkmark
4	Work Orders assigned	\checkmark
5	Work Orders tracked	\checkmark
6	Work Orders completed/closed out	\checkmark
7	Maintenance Reports or Lists generated	

D. Additional comments by the LHA regarding work order management:

The BHA uses a PHA computer network software from MRI Software LLC.

Maintenance Plan Narrative

Following are Beverly Housing Authority's answers to questions posed by DHCD.

A. Narrative Question #1: How would you assess your Maintenance Operations based on feedback you've received from staff, tenants, DHCD's Performance Management Review (PMR) & Agreed Upon Procedures (AUP), and any other sources?

The feedback has been very good.

B. Narrative Question #2: What changes have you made to maintenance operations in the past year?

The BHA has procured a Contractor for its Annual Fire Alarm Maintenance and Testing Service. The BHA is in the process of acquiring a work order system for to be accessed through maintenance staff phone to handle work orders more efficiently.

C. Narrative Question #3: What are your maintenance goals for this coming year?

BHA staff would like to reduce the turnover time for vacant units.

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D. Maintenance Budget Summary

The budget numbers shown below are for the consolidated budget only. They do not include values from supplemental budgets, if any.

	Total Regular Maintenance Budget	Extraordinary Maintenance Budget
Last Fiscal Year Budget	\$794,402.00	\$257,174.00
Last Fiscal Year Actual Spending	\$618,728.00	\$202,732.00
Current Fiscal Year		
Budget	\$702,088.00	\$169,950.00

E. Unit Turnover Summary

# Turnovers Last Fiscal Year	30
Average time from date vacated to	
make Unit "Maintenance Ready"	43 days
Average time from date vacated to	
lease up of unit	105 days

Attachments

These items have been prepared by the Beverly Housing Authority and appear on the following pages:

<u>Preventive Maintenance Schedule</u> - a table of preventive maintenance items showing specific tasks, who is responsible (staff or vendor), and the month(s) they are scheduled

<u>Deferred Maintenance Schedule</u> - a table of maintenance items which have been deferred due to lack of resources.

January Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Monitor and issue on-going snow removal work orders.
- 2. Hot air furnace / Boiler winter PM.
- 3. Oil circulator pumps.
- 4. Clean dryer vents.
- 5. Vehicle Inspection:
 - Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - Check windshield washer fluid.
 - Check belts and hoses.
 - Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - Clean out air cleaner.
 - Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - Check heater and defroster.
 - Check wiper blades for wear.
 - Check underbody for corrosion and hose off.
 - Change engine oil in all vehicles. (1st quarter)
- 6. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 7. Clean/disinfect compactor and trash chutes.
- 8. Inventory tools, equipment, refrigerators and stoves in stock.
- 9. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 10. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 11. Lease enforcement: Snow removal from front and rear egress.
- 12. Keep all chimneys, exhaust and intake vents free of snow throughout the winter season and keep dryer exhaust vents free of snow throughout the winter season.
 - Blocked chimneys, exhaust vents and intake vents could result in carbon monoxide poisoning and can affect the performance of the furnace.

February Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Monitor and issue on-going snow removal work orders.
- 2. A/C, heat and air handler filter change.
- 3. Clean sanitary systems, lubricate valves and pumps.
- 4. Clean and lubricate trash chutes and doors
- 5. Strip, wax and buff VAT and linoleum flooring.
- 6. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Check underbody for corrosion and hose off.
- 7. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 8. Clean/disinfect compactor and trash chutes.
- 9. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 10. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.

11. Lease enforcement: Clear common hallways and stairs free from all obstructions. (PHN 2012-12)

- According to the State Sanitary code 105 CMR 410.451 No person shall obstruct any exit or passageway. The owner is responsible for maintaining free from obstruction every exit used or intended for use by occupants of more than one dwelling unit or rooming unit. The occupant shall be responsible for maintaining free from obstruction all means of exit leading from his unit and not common to the exit of any other unit.
- 12. Keep all chimneys, exhaust and intake vents free of snow throughout the winter season and keep dryer exhaust vents free of snow throughout the winter season.

Blocked chimneys, exhaust vents and intake vents could result in carbon monoxide poisoning and can affect the performance of the furnace.

March Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Second Sunday, reset light timers and clocks for daylight saving time.
- 2. Monitor and issue on-going snow removal work orders.
- 3. Clean storage rooms and maintenance areas.
- 4. Touch up all common area paint.
- 5. Clean heater vents in all common areas.
- 6. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Check underbody for corrosion and hose off.
- 7. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 8. Clean/disinfect compactor and trash chutes.
- 9. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 10. Lease enforcement: Furniture, trash and debris free from exteriors.
- 11. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 12. Keep all chimneys, exhaust and intake vents free of snow throughout the winter season and keep dryer exhaust vents free of snow throughout the winter season.

Blocked chimneys, exhaust vents and intake vents could result in carbon monoxide poisoning and can affect the performance of the furnace.

April Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Fire extinguisher annual recertification.
- 2. Inspect all entry doors.
- 3. Clean dryer vents, exhaust vents and roof vent motors.
- 4. Service lawn equipment.
- 5. Inspect roofs and siding.
- 6. Clean common area flooring and carpeting.
- 7. Clean/disinfect dumpsters and compactor.
- 8. Cleaning of parking areas, roadways, driveways, walkways and storm drains.
- 9. Inspect trees and trim as needed (maintain 10ft distance from buildings)
- 10. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Change engine oil in all vehicles (2nd quarter)
- 11. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 12. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 13. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 14. Lease enforcement: Check for proper AC installation (according to policy) (See attached recommended Air Conditioner Policy)

May Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Clean all manholes.
- 2. Emergency generator PM.
- 3. Clean A/C condensers.
- 4. Sidewalk and parking lot crack and crevice sealing and repair.
- 5. Weed treatment at all sites.
- 6. Edge and mulch all planting beds.

<u>NOTE</u>: Please note that in accordance with 527 CMR 17, which took effect September 2012, the new application of mulch within 18 inches around combustible exteriors of buildings such as wood or vinyl, but not brick or concrete, is prohibited. (See attachment.)

- 7. Clean/disinfect compactor and dumpsters.
- 8. Prune/trim all shrubs and bushes away from buildings (maintain 2ft clearance from all structures).
- 9. Fertilize lawns.
- 10. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
- 11. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 12. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 13. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 14. Lease enforcement: Cooking grills and fire pits (according to policy)
 - DHCD recommends the ban of fire pits on all public housing property. There is extreme risk to life and safety with the unsupervised use of fire pits.

All cooking grills should be used a minimum of 10 feet from all structures.

June Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Summer boiler shut-down and PM service. (non-heating season June 16th to September 14th)
- 2. Change A/C, heat and air handler filters.
- 3. Check interior emergency lighting.
- 4. Weed and edge all planting beds every 2 weeks (June 1^{st} to Oct 1^{st})
- 5. Inspect site railings, walkways and stairs for potential hazards. Identify and repair as needed.
- 6. Edge and mulch all planting beds.

<u>NOTE</u>: Please note that in accordance with 527 CMR 17, which took effect September 2012, the new application of mulch within 18 inches around combustible exteriors of buildings such as wood or vinyl, but not brick or concrete, is prohibited. (See attachment.)

- 7. Clean/disinfect dumpsters and compactor.
- 8. Check flags and replace as needed
- 9. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
- 10. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 11. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 12. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 13. Lease enforcement: Pools, trampolines and swing-sets (according to policy, see PHN 2003-04)

Furniture, trash and debris free from exterior.

July Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Clean dryer vents, exhaust vents and roof vent motors.
- 2. Inspect gutters, downspouts and splash blocks repair as needed.
- 3. Inspect common area windows (glass, seals, balances and locks).
- 4. Inspect and repair site fencing
- 5. Clean/disinfect dumpsters and compactor.
- 6. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Change engine oil in all (3rd quarter)
- 7. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 8. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 9. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 10. Lease enforcement: Pet policy (according to pet policy)

August Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Make up air units PM.
- 2. Strip, wax and buff VAT and linoleum flooring.
- 3. Clean/disinfect dumpsters compactor.
- 4. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
- 5. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 6. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 7. Lease enforcement: Common hallways and stairs free from all obstructions. (PHN 2012-12)
 - According to the State Sanitary code 105 CMR 410.451 No person shall obstruct any exit or passageway. The owner is responsible for maintaining free from obstruction every exit used or intended for use by occupants of more than one dwelling unit or rooming unit. The occupant shall be responsible for maintaining free from obstruction all means of exit leading from his unit and not common to the exit of any other unit.
- 8. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.

It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14day period.

September Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Check electrical panels in boiler rooms and all common areas.
- 2. Domestic hot water systems PM.
- 3. Clean storage rooms and maintenance areas.
- 4. Touch up all common area paint.
- 5. Clean heater vents in all common areas.
- 6. Clean/disinfect dumpsters and compactor.
- 7. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
- 8. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 9. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 10. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.
 - It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 11. Lease enforcement: Removal of all AC's (according to policy)

October Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. October 7th through the 13th Fire Prevention Month Perform PM and check all fire systems, sprinklers, fire pumps, fire extinguishers, common area egress, etc.
- 2. Annual cleaning of septic systems.
- 3. Annual sewer station PM.
- 4. Boiler tune-up. (Heating season is September 15th through June 15th)
- 5. Change A/C, heat and air handler filters.
- 6. Clean/disinfect dumpsters and compactor.
- 7. Annual cleaning of all gutters.
- 8. Leaf removal.
- 9. Prune and trim all shrubs and bushes. (maintain 2ft clearance from all structures)
- 10. Fertilize lawns.
- 11. Buy and stock ice melt for winter.
- 12. Clean dryer vents, exhaust vents and roof vent motors.
- 13. Service snow blowers.
- 14. Cleaning of parking areas, roadways, driveways, walkways and storm drains.
- 15. Clean, service and store lawn equipment.
- 16. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Change engine oil in all vehicles. (4th quarter)
- 17. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 18. Check Smoke and Carbon Monoxide detectors during annual inspections.
- 19. Unit inspections schedule so as to complete 100% each year.
 - It is recommended that inspections be completed by an administrative staff member or the Executive Director and a maintenance staff employee. This will ensure that the executive director and administrative staff become aware of the property conditions and any lease enforcement issues.

- It is recommended that you inspect a manageable number of units each month which allows for all maintenance deficiencies to be completed within the DHCD Property Maintenance Guidelines 14-day period.
- 20. Lease enforcement: Decorations (Halloween) cords running through doors and windows.
 - a. Inspect all basements for proper clearance from heating systems (5ft).
 - b. Fire prevention notices to tenants.

November Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. First Saturday in November reset light timers and clocks back 1 hour for daylight saving time.
- 2. Monitor and issue on-going snow removal work orders.
- 3. Inspect trees and trim as needed (maintain 10ft clearance from all structures).
- 4. Monitor and issue on-going snow removal work orders.
- 5. Clean common area carpets and flooring.
- 6. Clean/disinfect compactor and trash chutes.
- 7. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Check underbody for corrosion and hose off.
- 8. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 9. Lease enforcement: Blocked egresses.
- 10. Keep all chimneys, exhaust and intake vents free of snow throughout the winter season and keep

dryer exhaust vents free of snow throughout the winter season.

• Blocked chimneys, exhaust vents and intake vents could result in carbon monoxide poisoning and can affect the performance of the furnace.

December Preventative Maintenance Task

- 1. Monitor and issue on-going snow removal work orders.
- 2. Check and replace flags as needed.
- 3. Clean/disinfect compactor and trash chutes.
- 4. Vehicle Inspection:
 - a. Check all fluid levels: crank case, transmission, etc.
 - b. Check antifreeze, radiator rust inhibiter, and thermostat.
 - c. Check windshield washer fluid.
 - d. Check belts and hoses.
 - e. Check plugs, wiring, battery, clean and grease terminals.
 - f. Clean out air cleaner.
 - g. Check wheel alignment and tire balance (signs of uneven wear).
 - h. Check heater and defroster.
 - i. Check wiper blades for wear.
 - j. Check underbody for corrosion and hose off.
- 5. Inventory of supplies and small parts.
- 6. Lease enforcement: Decorations (Christmas) Cords running through doors and windows.
- 7. Keep all chimneys, exhaust and intake vents free of snow throughout the winter season and keep

dryer exhaust vents free of snow throughout the winter season.

• Blocked chimneys, exhaust vents and intake vents could result in carbon monoxide poisoning and can affect the performance of the furnace.

LY HOUSING AUTHORITY -- WORK ORDER -- DEFERRED MAINTENANCE PLAN

ATION	DESCRIPTION / WORK TO BE DONE	REASON FOR DEFERRAL	COST ESTIMATION	TARGET COMPLETION
/20)				
RY	KIT FLOOR TILES LIFTING	BUDGET		TBD
TOP	BACK STORM DOOR NEEDS REPLACEMENT	STORM DOOR PRJCTREPL		TBD
TOP	STORM DOOR SWING OPEN W/WIND	STORM DOOR PRJCTREPL		TBD
RBORN	FRONT & BACK STORM DOORS BROKEN	STORM DOOR PRJCTREPL		TBD
RY	FRONT STORM DOOR NEEDS 2B REPLACED	STORM DOOR PRJCTREPL		TBD
ICK	FLOOR TILES NEED TO BE REPLACED	BUDGET		TBD
JUT PK	GUTTERS AT CHESTNUT NEED 2B CLEARED	BUDGET		TBD
ER RD	HOLE IN ASPHALT IN ROAD-NEXT TO DRAIN	BUDGET		TBD
ST	POT HOLES IN PARKING LOT/DRIVEWAYS	BUDGET		TBD
	TOO MANY TREES IN FRONT OF BLDG	BUDGET		TBD
RTNEY	BTHRM FLOOR LIFTING/WATER DAMAGE	BUDGET		TBD
AR	WANTS BUSHES FROM STORM CLEARED	BUDGET		TBD
RTNEY	FLOORS OLD & DAMAGED	BUDGET		TBD
DERAL	KIT CABINET DOORS DAMAGED	BUDGET		TBD

Operating Budget

The tables on the following pages show the approved budget and actual income and spending per budget account (row) for the fiscal year ending 03/31/2021. It also shows the approved budget for the current year (2022) if there is one, and the percent change from last year's spending to this year's approved budget. The final column shows the current approved amount for each account divided by the number of housing units and by 12 months to show the amount per unit per month (PUM). The chart does not show a draft budget for the coming fiscal year as that will typically be developed in the final month of the fiscal year.

The budget format and accounts are mandated by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD). For a better understanding of the accounts and discussion of special situations see the notes following the budget tables and the "Definitions of Accounts" at the end of this section.

The LHA maintains a consolidated budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by the LHA. It does not maintain separate budgets for each development.

LHA Comments

SeniorCare Inc. currently funds a part-time Mixed Population Coordinator who provides options counselling, assistance with obtaining necessary services (medical, meals, home help, etc.), assistance with BHA paperwork and provides BHA support with tenant issues for the Agency's state elder and disabled population. The Beverly Housing Authority, in a joint collaboration with the Salem Housing Authority, received a shared Department of Housing and Community Development Resident Service Coordinator Grant.

Operating Reserve

The LHA's operating reserve is the amount of funds that an LHA sets aside to sustain itself during lean years, or to remedy urgent health and safety concern or address deferred maintenance items. In addition, while DHCD approves a fixed non-utility operating budget level for every LHA (called the Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level, or ANUEL), LHAs can propose a budget that exceeds that level, with the additional cost to be funded from the Operating Reserve, as long as the reserve will still remain above the minimum threshold set by DHCD.

DHCD defines a full (100%) Operating Reserve (OR) amount to be equal to one-half of the previous year's operating expenses and requires LHAs to maintain a minimum OR of 35% of this amount to cover any unplanned but urgent needs that may arise during the year and that can't be funded by the operating budget. If the reserve is between 20% and 35% of the full level, the LHA must obtain prior written approval from DHCD to spend reserve funds, unless the expense is to resolve a health and safety issue. If the reserve is below the 20% level, the LHA can only spend OR funds on health and safety issues. In both cases, the LHA should address the health and safety issue immediately but must retroactively inform DHCD and obtain its approval.

The Beverly Housing Authority operating reserve at the end of fiscal year 2021 was \$831,954.00, which is 60% of the full reserve amount defined above.

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments							
REVENUE	owned by Beverly Housing Authority. REVENUE							
						2022		
		2021	2021 Actual	2022	% Change	Dollars		
		Approved	Amounts	Approved	from 2021	Budgeted		
Account		Revenue	Received	Revenue	Actual to	per Unit per		
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2022 Budget	Month		
3110	Shelter Rent - Tenants	\$2,547,377.00	\$2,497,392.00	\$2,520,461.00	0.9%	\$446.89		
3111	Shelter Rent - Tenants -	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
	Fraud/Retroactive							
3115	Shelter Rent - Federal Section 8	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3190	Nondwelling Rentals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3400	Administrative Fee - MRVP	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3610	Interest on Investments - Unrestricted	\$21,008.00	\$3,521.00	\$4,884.00	38.7%	\$0.87		
3611	Interest on Investments - Restricted	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3690	Other Revenue	\$58,880.00	\$42,707.00	\$58,880.00	37.9%	\$10.44		
3691	Other Revenue - Retained	\$0.00	\$16,117.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
3692	Other Revenue - Operating Reserves	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3693	Other Revenue - Energy Net Meter	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3801	Operating Subsidy - DHCD (4001)	\$552,532.00	\$571,068.00	\$211,878.00	-62.9%	\$37.57		
3802	Operating Subsidy - MRVP Landlords	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3803	Restricted Grants Received	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3920	Gain/Loss From Sale/Disp. of Prop.	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
3000	TOTAL REVENUE	\$3,179,797.00	\$3,130,805.00	\$2,796,103.00	-10.7%	\$495.76		

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments							
	owned by Beverly Housing Authority.							
EXPENSES Account Number	Account Class	2021 Approved Expense Budget	2021 Actual Amounts Spent	2022 Approved Expense Budget	% Change from 2021 Actual to 2022 Budget.	2022 Dollars Budgeted per Unit per Month		
4110 4120 4130 4140 4150 4170 4171 4180 4190 4191 4100	Administrative Salaries Compensated Absences Legal Members Compensation Travel & Related Expenses Accounting Services Audit Costs Penalties & Interest Administrative Other Tenant Organization TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	\$488,472.00 \$0.00 \$45,000.00 \$15,784.00 \$2,080.00 \$14,451.00 \$10,440.00 \$0.00 \$143,892.00 \$1,410.00 \$721,529.00	\$16,810.00 \$17,719.00 \$13,700.00 \$251.00 \$12,184.00 \$7,230.00 \$0.00 \$118,635.00 \$763.00	\$0.00 \$35,000.00 \$16,313.00 \$2,066.00 \$14,740.00 \$11,850.00 \$0.00 \$79,231.00 \$1,410.00	-100% 97.5% 19.1% 723.1% 21% 63.9% 0% -33.2% 84.8%	\$0.00 \$6.21 \$2.89 \$0.37 \$2.61 \$2.10 \$0.00 \$14.05 \$0.25		
4310 4320 4330 4340 4360 4390 4391 4392	Water Electricity Gas Fuel Net Meter Utility Debit/Energy Conservation Other Solar Operator Costs Net Meter Utility Credit (Negative	\$254,610.00 \$418,000.00 \$145,000.00 \$2,100.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$381,589.00 \$120,700.00	\$402,000.00 \$135,480.00 \$2,400.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	5.3% 12.2% 37.5% 0% 0%	\$71.28 \$24.02 \$0.43 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00		
4300	Amount) TOTAL UTILITIES	\$819,710.00	\$754,601.00	\$765,240.00	1.4%	\$135.68		

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by Beverly Housing Authority.						
EXPENSES	S	owned by B	everly Housing A	uthority.			
		2021 Approved	2021 Actual Amounts	2022 Approved	% Change from 2021	2022 Dollars Budgeted per	
Account		Expense	Spent	Expense	Actual to	Unit per	
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2022 Budget	Month	
4410	Maintenance Labor	\$298,542.00	\$309,863.00	\$316,828.00	2.2%	\$56.18	
4420	Materials & Supplies	\$97,000.00	\$57,253.00	\$82,000.00	43.2%	\$14.54	
4430	Contract Costs	\$398,860.00	\$251,612.00	\$303,260.00	20.5%	\$53.77	
4400	TOTAL MAINTENANCE	\$794,402.00	\$618,728.00	\$702,088.00	13.5%	\$124.48	
4510	Insurance	\$97,454.00	\$107,163.00	\$120,988.00	12.9%	\$21.45	
4520	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$8,054.00	\$8,669.00	\$8,054.00	-7.1%	\$1.43	
4540	Employee Benefits	\$391,312.00	\$371,512.00	\$440,585.00	18.6%	\$78.12	
4541	Employee Benefits - GASB 45	\$0.00	\$249,992.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00	
4542	Pension Expense - GASB 68	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
4570	Collection Loss	\$3,800.00	\$18,059.00	\$3,800.00	-79%	\$0.67	
4571	Collection Loss - Fraud/Retroactive	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
4580	Interest Expense	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
4590	Other General Expense	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
4500	TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES	\$500,620.00	\$755,395.00	\$573,427.00	-24.1%	\$101.67	
4610	Extraordinary Maintenance	\$257,174.00	\$202,732.00	\$169,950.00	-16.2%	\$30.13	
4611	Equipment Purchases - Non Capitalized	\$30,000.00	\$14,378.00	\$27,600.00	92%	\$4.89	
4612	Restricted Reserve Expenditures	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
4715	Housing Assistance Payments	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
4801	Depreciation Expense	\$0.00	\$749,099.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00	
4600	TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	\$287,174.00	\$966,209.00	\$197,550.00	-79.6%	\$35.03	
4000	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$3,123,435.00	\$3,770,078.00	\$2,900,835.00	-23.1%	\$514.33	

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments							
	owned by Beverly Housing Authority.							
SUMMARY				1				
Account Number	Account Class	2021 Approved Budget	2021 Actual Amounts	2022 Approved Budget	% Change from 2021 Actual to 2022 Budget	2022 Dollars Budgeted per Unit per Month		
3000	TOTAL REVENUE	\$3,179,797.00	\$3,130,805.00	\$2,796,103.00	-10.7%	\$495.76		
4000	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$3,123,435.00	\$3,770,078.00	\$2,900,835.00	-23.1%	\$514.33		
2700	NET INCOME (DEFICIT)	\$56,362.00	\$-639,273.00	\$-104,732.00	-83.6%	\$-18.57		
7520	Replacements of Equip Capitalized	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
7540	Betterments & Additions - Capitalized	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
7500	TOTAL NONOPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
7600	EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$56,362.00	\$-639,273.00	\$-104,732.00	-83.6%	\$-18.57		

Explanation of Budget Accounts

The following explains how each of the line items is to be prepared.

<u>3110:</u> Shelter Rent: The shelter rent projection should be based on the current rent roll plus anticipated changes expected from annual rent re-determinations or as a result of regulatory amendments.

<u>3111: Shelter Rent – Tenants - Fraud/Retroactive</u>: This account should be used for the reporting of total rent receipts from residents due to unreported income. These are often called fraud or retroactive balances. In cases where deficit LHAs discover, pursue cases, and have entered into a written fraud/retroactive repayment agreement with a present or former tenant who did not report income, the LHA will be allowed to retain two-thirds of the funds recovered. One third of the total dollar amount recovered should be included in the LHA's quarterly or year-end Operating Statement as Shelter Rent, account #3111, and two-thirds of this total dollar amount should be included in Other Revenue-Retained, account #3691.

<u>3115:</u> Shelter Rent - Section 8: This account applies only to those developments receiving support through the federal government's Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 8 New Construction and/or Substantial Rehab Programs.

<u>3190: Non-Dwelling Rental:</u> This account should be credited with the rents, other than tenants rents reported in line 3110 and 3115, including charges for utilities and equipment, billed to lessees of non-dwelling facilities as well as apartments rented for non-dwelling purposes, such as social service programs.

<u>3400: Administrative Fee- MRVP/AHVP</u>: This account should be credited with Administrative Fees to be received for the MRVP/AHVP Program. The MRVP/AHVP administrative fee is \$50.00 per unit per month, as of July 1, 2020.

<u>3610:</u> Interest on Investments – Unrestricted: This account should be credited with interest earned on unrestricted administrative fund investments.

<u>3611:</u> Interest on Investments – Restricted: This account should be credited with interest earned on restricted administrative fund investments. For example, an LHA may receive a grant whose use is restricted to a specific purpose, and the interest income earned on that grant may also be restricted to the same purpose.

<u>3690:</u> Other Operating Revenues: This account should be credited with income from the operation of the project that cannot be otherwise classified. Income credits to this account include, but are not limited to, penalties for delinquent payments, rental of equipment, charges for use of community space, charges to other projects or programs for the use of central office management and maintenance space, commissions and profits from vending machines, including washing machines, and certain charges to residents for additional services, materials, and/or repairs of damage caused by neglect or abuse in accordance with the Department's regulations on lease provisions.

<u>3691: Other Revenue – Retained</u>: This account should be credited with certain miscellaneous revenue to be <u>retained</u> by the LHA, and which is not used to reduce the amount of operating subsidy the LHA is due. The most common examples for this account is receipts for the rental of roof antennas to cell phone providers and net meter credits earned on electricity bills from Net Meter Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). Generally, surplus LHAs may retain 100% of these savings and deficit LHAs may retain 25% of the savings, with

the 75% balance used to offset its need for operating subsidy. However, for the period 7/1/16 through 6/30/20, all deficit LHAs may keep 100% of the net meter credit savings, while they can keep 50% effective 7/1/2020.

<u>3692: Other Revenue - Operating Reserves:</u> This account should be credited with funds that LHAs plan to utilize from their operating reserve accounts in excess of the Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level (ANUEL). To be approvable, LHA must maintain the DHCD prescribed operating reserve minimum level after deducting the amount budgeted. The only exception to this is when the expenses are for health and safety issues.

<u>3693: Other Revenue – Net Meter:</u> This account should normally be credited with 75% of the total net meter credit savings realized by a deficit LHA, while surplus LHAs with net meter credit savings would enter \$0 here. Savings are calculated as the value of the net meter credits appearing on the LHA's electric bills (or, in some cases, paid in cash to the LHA by their utility company), minus the cost of the payments made to the solar power developer under their Power Purchase Agreement (PPA). Deficit LHAs normally may retain 25% of the savings. That amount should be included as Other Revenue – Retained on line #3691. However, please note that for the period 7/1/16 through 6/30/20 all LHAs may retain 100% of their total net meter credit savings, and should report those savings as Other Revenue – Retained on line #3691. LHAs can keep 50% of savings effective 7/1/2020.

<u>3801:</u> Operating Subsidy – DHCD (400-1): This account represents all state-funded operating subsidy to be received and or to be earned for the fiscal year. At the end of each fiscal year, this account will be adjusted in the operating statement to equal the actual subsidy earned by the LHA.

<u>3802: Operating Subsidy – MRVP/AHVP Landlords:</u>

The credit balance in this account represents the anticipated total receipts from DHCD during the fiscal year for housing assistance payments to landlords. At the end of each fiscal year this account will be adjusted to equal the actual subsidy earned.

<u>3920:</u> Gain/Loss from Sale or Disposition of Property (Capitalized or Non-Capitalized): The debit or credit balance of this account represents the following items: a) Cash proceeds from the sale of property that was either: 1) non-capitalized; or 2) capitalized and has been fully depreciated, and b) Realized gain or loss from the sale or disposition of capitalized properly that has not been fully depreciated.

<u>4110:</u> Administrative Salaries: This account should be charged with the gross salaries of LHA personnel engaged in administrative duties and in the supervision, planning, and direction of maintenance activities and operating services during the operations period. It should include the salaries of the executive director, assistant executive director, accountants, accounting clerks, clerks, secretaries, project managers, management aides, purchasing agents, engineers, draftsmen, maintenance superintendents, and all other employees assigned to administrative duties.

<u>4120: Compensated Absences:</u> The debit balance in this account represents the actual cost incurred during the fiscal year for vacation, paid holidays, vested sick leave and earned compensatory time. This account includes both the direct compensated absences cost and associated employer payroll expenses (employment taxes, pension cost, etc.).

<u>4130: Legal Expense:</u> This account should be charged with retainers and fees paid to attorneys for legal services relating to the operation of the projects.

<u>4140: Compensation to Authority Members:</u> A local authority may compensate its members for performance of their duties and such other services as they may render to the authority in connection with its Chapter 200 development(s). Compensation for any other program is not authorized. Because of this, LHAs must base such compensation only on the actual rent receipts for these developments plus a prorated share of other operating receipts of funds on a per unit basis. The precise amount that members may be compensated is defined by statute to a maximum of \$40 per member per day, and \$50 for the chairperson per day. The total of all compensation to all board members is not to exceed two percent (2%) of actual gross income of Chapter 200 developments in any given year, consistent with the approved budget amount. In no case shall the payment of compensation exceed \$12,500 annually for the chairperson, or \$10,000 for any member other than the chairperson. Please note the statute requires the member to perform housing authority business in order to receive compensation.

<u>4150:</u> Travel and Related Expense: Legitimate travel expenses incurred by board members and staff in the discharge of their duties for any **state-aided program** are reimbursable from this account, as consistent with Department policy.

<u>4170: Contractual Accounting Services:</u> Fees for accounting services that are provided routinely and are contracted for on an annual basis. Only accounting services performed on a contractual basis (fee accountant) should be included in this item. Full or part-time LHA accounting staff that provides routine accounting services should be included in Account 4110, Administrative Salaries.

<u>4171:</u> Audit Costs: This account includes the state program's prorated share of audit fees paid to an Independent Public Accountant (IPA). The procurement of an IPA is necessary to satisfy the Federal Government's audit requirements. Costs for these services should be shared with all state and federal programs of LHA. Audit costs are to be absorbed within the ANUEL. The new Agreed Upon procedures (AUP) audit costs for state-assisted public housing programs should also be included in this account.

<u>4180:</u> <u>Penalties and Interest:</u> Any expenses incurred from penalties, fees, and interest paid on delinquent accounts shall be included in this line item.

<u>4190: Administrative Other</u>: This account is provided for recording the cost of administrative items for which no specific amount is prescribed in this 4100 group of accounts. It includes, but is not limited to, the cost of such items as: reports and accounting forms; stationery and other office supplies; postage; telephone services; messenger service; rental of office space; advertising for bids; publications; membership dues; collection agency & court costs, training costs; management fees, and fiscal agent fees.

<u>4191: Tenant Organization: LTO Funding by the LHA</u>. Upon request the LHA shall fund all LTOs in a city or town at the annual rate of \$6.00 per state-aided public housing unit occupied or available for occupancy by residents represented by such LTO(s) or an annual total of \$500.00 prorated among all such LTO(s), whichever is more. For more information on the creation and funding of LTOs see 760 CMR 6.09.

Authorities which operate computer learning centers, which are funded by the state consolidated budget or by other sources (which are typically recorded in line #3691 as "Other Revenue Retained", should budget the cost of the centers on this line.

<u>4310: Water:</u> This account should be charged with the cost of water and sewer charges purchased for all purposes.

<u>4320: Electricity</u>: This account should be charged with the total cost of electricity purchased for all purposes. Many LHAs have entered into Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In these deals, an LHA executes a contract with a solar power developer who constructs and owns an off- site solar electricitygenerating site. In exchange for contracting to purchase a percentage of the solar power produced, the LHA receives a credit on its utility electric bill for each KWH purchased or in some cases receives a direct cash payment from their utility company. Please ensure that the amount charged to this account is the total cost of electricity BEFORE any reductions due to the receipt of net meter credits.

<u>4330: Gas:</u> This account should be charged with the cost of gas (natural, artificial, or liquefied) purchased for all purposes.

<u>4340:</u> Fuel: This account should be charged with the cost of coal, fuel oil, steam purchased, and any other fuels (except electricity and gas) used in connection with Local Housing Authority operation of plants for the heating of space or water supplied to tenants as a part of rent.

<u>4360: Net Meter Utility Debit/Energy Conservation:</u> This account is to be charged with costs incurred for energy conservation measures.

<u>4390:</u> Other Utilities: This account should be charged with the cost of utilities which are not provided for in accounts 4310 through 4360. In addition, for all quarterly or year-end operating statements 9/30/20 or later, and all budgets 6/30/21 or later, please use this line to record the total net meter credits earned as reported in Line 4392, MINUS the Solar Operator Costs reported in Line 4391, with the result expressed as a positive number. For example, if you reported -\$20,000 in Net Meter Utility Credits in Line 4392 and \$15,000 in Solar Operator Costs in Line 4391, you would subtract the \$15,000 reported on Line 4391 from the -\$20,000 reported on Line 4392, and post the remainder of \$5,000 on Line 4360, as a positive number. This number essentially represents the "net" savings the LHA earned from its net meter credit contract.

<u>4391: Solar Operator Costs:</u> Many LHAs have entered into Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In these deals, an LHA executes a contract with a solar power developer who constructs and owns an off-site solar electricity-generating site. The LHA makes regular (usually monthly) payments to the developer for its contracted share of the solar electricity produced by the site. Those payments should be entered in this account.

<u>4392: Net Meter Utility Credit (Negative Amount):</u> As noted in account #4391 above, many LHAs have executed Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In exchange for contracting to purchase a percentage of the solar power produced, the LHA receives a credit on its utility electric bill for each KWH purchased from the developer, which reduces the balance on its electric bill, or, in some cases, the credits are paid in cash to the LHA by the utility company. The total gross amount of the net meter credits that appear on the LHA's utility bills should be carried in this account and entered as a negative number. In cases where credits are paid in cash to the Host LHA, the net balance after paying out the amounts due the participating housing authorities, should also be carried in this account and entered as a negative number.

<u>4410:</u> Maintenance Labor: This account should be charged with the gross salaries and wages, or applicable portions thereof, for LHA personnel engaged in the routine maintenance of the project.

<u>4420:</u> <u>Materials & Supplies</u>: This account should be charged with the cost of materials, supplies, and expendable equipment used in connection with the routine maintenance of the project. This includes the operation and maintenance of automotive and other movable equipment, and the cost of materials, supplies, and expendable equipment used in connection with operating services such as janitorial services, elevator services, extermination of rodents and household pests, and rubbish and garbage collection.

<u>4430: Contract Costs:</u> This account should be charged with contract costs (i.e. the cost of services for labor, materials, and supplies furnished by a firm or by persons other than Local Authority employees) incurred in connection with the routine maintenance of the project, including the maintenance of automotive and other movable equipment. This account should also be charged with contract costs incurred in connection with such operating services as janitorial services, fire alarm and elevator service, extermination of rodents and household pests, rubbish and garbage collection, snow removal, landscape services, oil burner maintenance, etc.

<u>4510:</u> Insurance: Includes the total amount of premiums charged all forms of insurance. Fire and extended coverage, crime, and general liability are handled by DHCD on a statewide basis. All other necessary insurance policies include: Workers' Compensation, boiler, vehicle liability and owner, etc.

4520: Payments in Lieu of Taxes:

This account should be charged with all payments in lieu of taxes accruing to a municipality or other local taxing body.

<u>4540:</u> Employee Benefits: This account should be charged with local housing authority contributions to employee benefit plans such as pension, retirement, and health and welfare plans. It should also be charged with administrative expenses paid to the State or other public agencies in connection with a retirement plan, if such payment is required by State Law, and with Trustee's fees paid in connection with a private retirement plan, if such payment is required under the retirement plan contract.

Employee benefits are based upon a given percentage of the total payroll; therefore, the total amount approved in this account will be based on the approved budgeted salaries representing the state's fair share.

<u>4541: Employee Benefits - GASB 45: This line covers "</u>Other Post-Employment Benefits" (OPEB). Of the total benefits offered by employers to attract and retain qualified employees, some benefits, including salaries and active-employee healthcare are taken while the employees are in active service, whereas other benefits, including post-employment healthcare and other OPEB are taken after the employees' services have ended. Nevertheless, both types of benefits constitute compensation for employee services. In accordance with required accounting practices, this amount is not projected in the budget (and is therefore blank) but the estimated future costs of this item is carried in the operating statement.

<u>4542: Pension Expense – GASB 68:</u> The primary objective of GASB 68 Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for pension costs. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. As with account 4541 above, in accordance with required accounting practices, this amount is not projected in the budget (and is therefore blank) but the estimated future costs of this item is carried in the operating statement.

<u>4570:</u> Collection Loss: The balance in this account represents the estimated expense to cover unexpected losses for tenant rents. Note: Do not include losses from fraud/retroactive balances here. Report them in Account 4571 – Collection Loss – Fraud/Retroactive.

<u>4571: Collection Loss – Fraud/Retroactive:</u> The balance in this account represents the estimated expense to cover unexpected losses for tenant rents due to unreported income, i.e. fraud/retroactive balances.

<u>4580:</u> Interest Expense: The debit balance in this account represents the interest expense paid and accrued on loans and notes payable. This debt can be from operating borrowings or capital borrowings.

<u>4590:</u> Other General Expense: This account represents the cost of all items of general expenses for which no specific account is prescribed in the general group of accounts.

<u>4610:</u> Extraordinary Maintenance – Non-Capitalized: This account should be debited with all *costs* (labor, materials and supplies, expendable equipment (such as many tools or routine repair parts), and contract work) of repairs, replacements (but not replacements of non-expendable equipment), and rehabilitation of such a substantial nature that the work is clearly not a part of the routine maintenance and operating program. The items charged to this account should not increase the useful life or value of the asset being repaired. These items are not capitalized and are not added as an increase to fixed assets at the time of completion. Nor are these items depreciated. An example of this would be scheduled repainting of apartments.

<u>4611: Equipment Purchases – Non-Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the costs of equipment that does not meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization. Because these items are being expended when paid, they should not be categorized as a fixed asset and therefore will not be depreciated. These items include stoves, refrigerators, small tools, most computers and software, etc.

The budget is a planning tool and as our portfolio ages it is essential that LHAs evaluate their properties annually and plan for extraordinary maintenance. To that end DHCD very strongly recommends that for all 400-1 operating budgets, depending on the age of the portfolio and condition, LHAs spend between \$100 and \$500 a year per unit in Extraordinary Maintenance, Equipment Purchases, Replacement of Equipment, and Betterments & Additions to ensure that the aging public housing stock is preserved.

<u>4715:</u> Housing Assistance Payments: This account should be debited with all housing assistance payments paid to landlords for the MRVP program on a monthly basis.

<u>4801: Depreciation Expense:</u> This account should be debited with annual fixed asset depreciation expenses as determined by the LHA's capitalization policy.

<u>7520: Replacement of Equipment – Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the acquisition cost (only the net cash amount) of non-expendable equipment purchased as a replacement of equipment of substantially the same kind. These items, such as vehicles, computers, or furniture, meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization and will also be added to fixed assets and therefore depreciated over the useful life.

<u>7540: Betterments & Additions – Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the acquisition cost (only the net cash amount) of non-expendable equipment and major non-routine repairs that are classified as a betterment or addition. These items meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization and will also be added to fixed

assets and therefore depreciated over the useful life of the asset. Examples are: major roof replacement, structural repairs such as siding, or major paving work.

In accordance with GAAP accounting, inventory purchases (Replacement of Equipment and Betterments & Additions) are distinguished between capitalized and non-capitalized items. Any inventory or equipment purchase greater than \$5,000 is required by DHCD to be capitalized, inventoried and depreciated. Any inventory or equipment purchase costing \$1,000 to \$4,999 should be inventoried by LHA staff for control purposes only but is not subject to capitalization or depreciation, it is, however, required to be expensed when the items are paid for. An LHA's inventory listing should include both capitalized and non-capitalized items of \$1,000 and more, as well as all refrigerators and stoves of any value. All items that appear on the inventory listing should be tagged with a unique identification number, and all refrigerators and stoves (regardless of value) should be tagged. LHAs may adopt a capitalization policy that capitalizes inventory purchases at a lesser amount than the \$5,000 requirement (i.e. \$1,000 - \$4,999); however, no capitalization policy can have an amount higher than \$5,000. Any inventory or equipment purchases costing \$0 to \$999 are to be expensed when paid for.

Narrative Responses to the Performance Management Review (PMR) Findings

DHCD has cancelled publication of Performance Management Reviews for fiscal years ending 3/31/2020 through 3/31/2021 due to disruptions of normal operations in response to the COVID-19 virus. Therefore, there are no ratings included in this report.

Explanation of PMR Criteria Ratings

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Management	
Occupancy Rate	 The rating is calculated using the following formula: (Total Number of Occupied units on Monthly Report divided by (Total Number of Units Minus Units that Received a Waiver Minus Number of Units Vacant less than 30 days on Monthly Report) "No Findings": Occupancy Rate is at or above 98% Operational Guidance: Occupancy rate is at 95% up to 97.9% Corrective Action: Adjusted occupancy rate is less than 95%
Tenant Accounts Receivable (TAR)	 This criterion calculates the percentage of uncollected rent and related charges owed by starting with the amount reported by the LHA, as uncollected balances for the TAR (Account 1122 from the Balance Sheet) minus Normal Repayment Agreements* divided by Shelter (Tenant) Rent (account 3110 from the Operating Statement) "No Findings" : At or below 2% "Operational Guidance": More than 2% , but less than 5% "Corrective Action": 5% or more
Certifications and Reporting Submissions	 Housing authorities are required to submit 4 quarterly vacancy certifications by end of the month following quarter end; 4 quarterly operating statements and 4 Tenant Accounts Receivable (TAR) reports within 60 days of quarter end. "No Findings": At least 11 of the required 12 reports were submitted and at least 9 were submitted on time. "Operational Guidance": Less than 11 of the required 12 reports were submitted and/or less than 9 were submitted on time.
Board Member Training	 Percentage of board members that have completed the mandatory online board member training. "No Findings": 80% or more completed training "Operational Guidance": 60-79.9% completed training "Corrective Action": <60 % completed training
Annual Plan (AP) Submitted	 Housing authorities are required to submit an annual plan every year. "No Findings" =Submitted on time "Operational Guidance" =Up to 45 days late "Corrective Action" =More than 45 days late

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Financial	
Adjusted Net Income	The Adjusted Net Income criterion calculation starts with an LHA's Net Income and subtracts Depreciation, GASB 45 (Retirement Costs), GASB 68 (Retirement Costs), Extraordinary Maintenance (maintenance expense outside of routine/ordinary expenses), and Equipment Purchases – Non Capitalized. This Adjusted Net Income amount is then divided by the Total Expenses of the LHA. If this Adjusted Net Income amount is positive, it means underspending and if it is negative it means overspending. Underspending Rating: • "No Findings" : 0 to 9.9% • "Operational Guidance": 10 to 14.9% • "Corrective Action": 15% or higher Overspending Rating: • "No Findings" : 0 to -4.9% • "Operational Guidance": -5% to -9.9% • "Corrective Action": -10% or below
Operating Reserves	 Current Operating Reserve as a percentage of total maximum reserve level. Appropriate reserve level is buffer against any unforeseen events or expenditures. "No Findings" :35%+ of maximum operating reserve "Operational Guidance": 20% to 34.9% of maximum operating reserve "Corrective Action": <20% of maximum operating reserve
Capital Planning	
Capital Spending	 Under the Formula Funding Program (FF), authorities receive undesignated funds to spend on projects in their Capital Improvement Plan. They are rated on the percentage of available funds they have spent over a three-year period "No Findings" = at least 80% "Operational Guidance" = At least 50% "Corrective Action" = Less than 50%

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Health & Safety	
Health & safety violations	DHCD has observed conditions at the LHA's developments and reported health and safety violations. The LHA has certified the number of corrected violations in each category.
Facility Management	
- Inspections Unit Inspections Conducted	 Housing authorities are required to conduct inspections of all their occupied units at least once a year "No Findings": 100 % of sampled units had inspections conducted once during the year "Corrective Action": Fewer than 100% of sample units were inspected during the year
Inspections Report	 Housing authorities are required to note all of the deficiencies found during inspections "No Findings": 100 % of deficiencies are noted on inspection report "Corrective Action": Fewer than 100% of deficiencies are noted in inspection report
Inspection Work Order	 Housing authorities are required to generate work orders for all deficiencies noted during inspections "No Findings": 100 % of deficiencies noted on inspection reports generated work orders "Corrective Action": Fewer than 100% of deficiencies noted on inspection reports generated work orders
Work Order System	 Work order system identifies, tracks, and can produce reports for inspection work orders. "No Findings": Inspection work orders are identified, tracked, and reportable "Operational Guidance": Inspection work orders are not identified, and/or tracked, and/or reportable
Inspections Work Orders Completed	 Inspection work orders were completed within 30 calendar days from the date of inspection, OR if cannot be completed within 30 calendar days, are added to the Deferred Maintenance Plan or included in the Capital Improvement Plan in the case of qualifying capital repairs (unless health/safety issue). "No Findings": Sampled inspection work orders were completed within 30 days of inspection date or added to deferred maintenance plan and/or CIP "Operational Guidance": Sampled inspection work orders were completed within 31 to 45 calendar days of inspection date and not added to deferred maintenance plan or CIP "Corrective Action": Sampled inspection work orders were completed in over 45 calendar days of inspection date

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Facility Management – Work Order System	
Emergency Work Orders Properly Defined	 Emergency work orders should be defined per <u>Property Management Guide</u>, identified, tracked, reportable. "No Findings": Emergency work orders defined per <u>Property Management Guide</u>, identified, tracked, reportable "Operational Guidance": Emergency work orders are not defined per <u>Property Management Guide</u>, and/or identified, and/or tracked, and/or reportable
Emergency Work Orders Initiation	 Emergency work orders should be initiated within 24 to 48 hours. "No Findings": Emergency work orders initiated within 24-48 hours "Corrective Action": Emergency work orders not initiated within 24-48 hours
Vacancy Work Orders	 Vacancy work orders should be identified, tracked and reportable. "No Findings": Vacancy work orders identified, tracked AND reportable "Corrective Action": Vacancy work orders are not identified, and/or tracked, and/or reportable
Vacancy Work Orders Completed	 Vacancy work orders should be completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within that timeframe, LHA has a waiver. "No Findings": Vacancy work orders are completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within timeframe, LHA has a waiver "Operational Guidance": Vacancy work orders completed within 31-60 calendar days "Corrective Action": Vacancy work orders completed 61+ calendar days
Preventive Maintenance Program	 Housing authorities are required to maintain a comprehensive preventive maintenance program in which preventive work orders are identified, tracked, and reportable. "No Findings": A comprehensive preventive maintenance program exists and work orders are identified, tracked and reportable "Corrective Action": A comprehensive preventive maintenance program does not exist OR work orders are not identified and/or tracked and/or reportable
Routine Work Orders	 Routine work orders should be identified, tracked, reportable and completed regularly. "No Findings": Routine work orders identified, tracked, reportable and completed regularly "Operational Guidance": Routine work orders are not identified, and/or tracked and/or reportable, and/or completed regularly

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Requested Work	Requested work orders should be identified, tracked and reportable.
Orders	 "No Findings": Requested work orders identified, tracked, reportable and completed regularly
	 "Operational Guidance": Requested work orders are not identified and/or tracked and/or reportable, and or completed regularly
Requested Work	Requested work orders should be completed in 14 calendar days from the
Orders Completion	 date of tenant request or if not completed within that timeframe (and not a health or safety issue), the task should be added and completed in a timely manner as a part of the Deferred Maintenance Plan and/or CIP. "No Findings": Requested work orders are completed within 14 calendar days of tenant request OR added to deferred maintenance plan and/or CIP "Operational Guidance": Requested work orders are completed within 15-30 calendar days from the date of tenant request "Corrective Action": Requested work orders are completed in over 30 calendar days from the date of tenant request OR not completed
Emergency Response System	 Housing authorities should have a 24 Hour Emergency Response System and distribute Emergency Definition to Residents, Staff, and Answering Service (if applicable). "No Findings": A 24-hour system for responding to emergencies exists AND definitions of emergencies have been distributed to staff, residents and answering service, if applicable "Operational Guidance": System exists, but no definition has been distributed "Corrective Action": Neither a system nor distributed definitions exist

Policies

The following policies are currently in force at the Beverly Housing Authority:

Policy	Last Ratified by Board Vote	Notes
*Rent Collection Policy	06/10/1999	
*Personnel Policy	05/20/2020	
*Capitalization Policy	07/12/2007	
*Procurement Policy	09/16/2010	
*Grievance Policy	01/13/2005	
Reasonable Accommodations Policy	03/07/2006	
Maintenance and Other Charges	11/05/2015	
Smoking Policy	08/10/2017	Non-Smoking Policy
Pet Policy	01/03/2013	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	11/14/2013	Bed Bug Policy
Equal Employment Opportunity Policy and Affirmative Action Plan	01/12/2017	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	10/11/2018	Internal Control Policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	07/13/2017	Surveillance Camera Security Policy
Credit/Debit Card Policy	12/10/2015	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	01/08/2009	Abandoned Unit Policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	11/20/2020	Air Conditioner Policy

Policy	Last Ratified	Notes
	by Board Vote	

* Starred policies are required by DHCD. Policies without a "Latest Revision" date are not yet in force.

The list of policies has been provided by the LHA and has not been verified by DHCD.

DHCD comment regarding the list of policies:

BHA has adopted a grievance procedure in 2005. Given the age of the adopted policy, the BHA should compare the policy to the current DHCD guidelines. 6.08: Grievance Procedures

(1) Existing Procedures to Remain in Effect until Amended or Replaced....... After April 21, 2017 each LHA shall compare the provisions of its grievance procedure(s) with the provisions of 760 CMR 6.08(4) and shall initiate measures in order to achieve material compliance with those provisions.

<u>Waivers</u>

AP-2023-Beverly Housing Authority-00384 has no current waivers from the regulations of the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD).

Glossary

- **ADA**: Americans with Disabilities Act. Often used as shorthand for accessibility related issues or improvements.
- AHVP: Alternative Housing Voucher Program
- Alternative Housing Voucher Program provides rental vouchers to disabled applicants who are not elderly and who have been determined eligible for Chapter 667 (elderly and disabled) housing.
- Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level (ANUEL) is the amount of non-utility expense allowed for each local housing authority based upon the type(s) of housing programs administered.
- ANUEL: Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level
- AP: Annual Plan
- Annual Plan: A document prepared by each Local Housing Authority, incorporating the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), Maintenance and Repair Plan, Budget, responses to the Performance Management Review, and other elements.
- Cap Share is the amount of Formula Funding spending approved by DHCD for each year.
- **Capital Funds**: Funds provided by DHCD to an LHA for the modernization and preservation of state-aided public housing, including Formula Funds and Special Capital Funds.
- **Capital Needs Assessment**, similar to the CIP, often used for developments in the Section 8 New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation program. Such developments are generally not eligible for state capital funds and therefore do not participate in the CIP process. However, to track their ongoing capital needs and plan for construction projects to address those needs, they often conduct a CNA to determine when building systems will wear out and need to be replaced, and what replacement will cost, so they can plan the ensure that the necessary funding will be available
- **Capital Projects** are projects that add significant value to an asset or replace building systems or components. Project cost must be greater than \$1000.
- **CIMS** is a web-based software system used for creating CIP's and Annual Plans. For the CIP, the CIMS program allows the LHA to prioritize, select and schedule projects, assign funding sources and direct project spending to specific fiscal years to create a CIP that is consistent with the LHA's FF award amount and FF cap shares, plus any additional funding resources the LHA has identified. The LHA submits its CIP and DHCD conducts its review of the LHA's CIP in CIMS. For the Annual Plan CIMS imports data from other DHCD systems and combines that with data entered by the LHA.
- **CIP**: A Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a five (5) year plan which identifies capital projects, provides a planning scope, schedule and budget for each capital project and identifies options for financing and implementing the plan. The contents of a CIP are limited to available resources. An approved CIP is required in order to receive Formula Funds.
- **CNA:** Capital Needs Assessment

- **CPS** is DHCD's transparent Web-based capital planning system that catalogues the condition of every building and site in the statewide public housing portfolio, providing LHAs with detailed technical information to make strategic long-term capital investments. It includes a Facility Condition Index (FCI) for every development that compares the value of expired components of a development relative to its replacement cost.
- **Deferred Maintenance** is maintenance, upgrades, or repairs that are deferred to a future budget cycle or postponed for some other reason. Sometimes it is referred to as extraordinary maintenance.
- **Deficit housing authority:** a housing authority whose income (mainly from rent) does not cover all its normal operating costs in its approved operating budget, and which therefore operates at a deficit and requires operating subsidy from DHCD.
- DHCD: Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development
- **Extraordinary Maintenance**: see the description for budget line 4610 in the Explanation of Budget Accounts in the Budget Section of this Annual Plan.
- **FF**: Formula Funding
- **Formula Funding** is state bond funding allocated to each LHA according to the condition (needs) of its portfolio in comparison to the entire state-aided public housing portfolio.
- FYE: Fiscal Year End
- **HHA Administrative Fee** is the fee paid to an HHA from the RCAT Program budget.
- **HHA**: Host Housing Authority for the RCAT program.

Host Housing Authority (HHA). An LHA selected by the Department to employ and oversee an RCAT.

- HUD: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
- LHA: Local Housing Authority
- LTO: Local Tenants Organization
- Management and Occupancy Report: This is an annual HUD review process that is used to evaluate the performance of developments in various HUD housing programs, including the Section 8 New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation program, which some LHAs operate. It is similar to the state PMR process in that it evaluates LHA performance on variety of financial, housing quality, and other standards
- Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) is a state-funded program that provides rental subsidies to low-income families and individuals.
- MOR: Management and Occupancy Report
- **MRVP**: Massachusetts Rental V DHCD's annual review of each housing authority's performance. It pulls together data on the authority's occupancy rates, tenant accounts receivables, accounts payable, budget variance, operating reserve, capital improvement plan submission, capital spending, annual inspections and work order and maintenance systems to identify and address areas of strength and areas for development. Its goal is to allow DHCD and the LHA to

take a deep dive into the data, lift up best practices, and work together towards improving operations oucher Program.

Performance Management Review (PMR):

- **PMR**: Performance Management Review
- **RCAT**: Regional Capital Assistance Team
- **Regional Capital Assistance Team**: One of three organizations employed at HHAs designated by the Department to carry out the RCAT Program.
- Sec.8 NC/SR (or S8NCSR): Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation
- Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation (Sec.8 NC/SR): This term refers to a federal HUD housing program operated at a small number of state public housing developments whose construction was funded by state grants, but whose ongoing operating costs are supported by project-based subsidies from HUD's federal Section 8 program, rather than from state public housing operating funds..
- **Special Awards**: In addition to allocations to each LHA, DHCD has created limited set aside funds to provide for extreme emergency or code compliance needs which are beyond the capacity of an LHA's current FF balance.
- **Surplus housing authority:** a housing authority whose income (mainly from rent) covers all its normal operating costs in its approved operating budget, and which therefore operates at a surplus and does not require operating subsidy from DHCD.

Attachments

The following items have been uploaded as attachments to this Annual Plan.

Due to the COVID-19 emergency, on-site Performance Management Review (PMR) assessments by the Facilities Management Specialists were cancelled for the December fiscal year end housing authorities. Therefore, the Facility Management categories have been omitted from the PMR document.

- Beverly Tenants Association Letter
- Public Hearing Meeting Minutes
- Cover sheet for AP Survey
- Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
- Tenant Satisfaction Survey 200 and 705 Program



Beverly Tenants Association The McLean Building 22 Federal Street, Beverly, MA 01915 978-922-2561 Office - Kkelly@beverlyhousing.net- 978-969-3599 Fax

Kevin M. Kelly, sr. President Janice L. Wanchik Vice President - Treasurer

November 18, 2021

Debra A. Roy Executive Director Beverly Housing Authority 137 Rear Bridge Street Beverly, MA 01915

Dear Ms. Roy,

On October 29, 2021, I received the Beverly Housing Authority's Federal and State Annual Plans electronically. On November 18, 2021, the Executive Director Debra A. Roy, met with me in person to review the documents and answer questions that I may have had.

As the Beverly Housing Authority's Elderly Tenants' President, I would like to inform you that I have received, reviewed, and endorse the Beverly Housing Authority's State FY23 Annual Plan as presented.

Sincerely

Kevin M Kelly, sr. President

Cc: D.Goodwin, Deputy Director J.L.Wanchik, Vice President, BTA BHA Board Members Present: Kevin Ascolillo, Nancy Marino, Kevin Kelly, Sr., and Joseph Sciola

BHA Staff Present: Debra A. Roy, Executive Director; Dawn Goodwin, Deputy Director; Bruce McCarrier, Director of Building Facilities; Trish Myers, Director of Public Housing; and, Dede Atwood, Director of Leased Housing

Others Present: None

Ms. Roy read through all sections and narrative of the Beverly Housing Authority's FY2023 Draft Annual Plan.

Ms. Roy asked if there were any questions. There were none.

Board Member Kevin Kelly thanked Bruce McCarrier for all the hard work he has been doing. He noted that the improvement in maintenance services can be seen and is much appreciated.

The meeting was closed the meeting at approximately 11:30 pm.

Meeting minute notes provided by Dawn Goodwin, Deputy Director.

Resident Surveys – Background

Since 2016 DHCD has been working with the Center for Survey Research (CSR) at the University of Massachusetts Boston to survey residents in the state public housing units it oversees. The surveys are confidential, mailed directly to the residents and returned to the Center by mail (or, starting in 2019, completed on-line). CSR surveys residents of elderly/disabled units (also known as c. 667 developments) and family units (also known as c. 705 and c. 200 developments).

During each round, all individual residents are mailed surveys, with one exception: in the case of the twelve housing authorities with more than 225 c. 200 family units, a randomly selected group of 225 residents was surveyed at each housing authority. This group was determined to be large enough to generate statistically useful results. In both rounds, responses from c.200 and c.705 residents are always combined together.

Round One Surveys (2016 - 2018)

In Round One of the surveys, CSR surveyed residents of elderly/disabled developments (c. 667) in three groups in the Fall of 2016, 2017 and 2018. CSR surveyed residents of family units (c. 705 and c. 200 developments) in the Spring of 2016. (Note: there are many more c. 667 units, so they were broken down into three groups).

Notes re: Round One Surveys

- 1. In previous publications of this survey data, if there were at least twenty responses from residents of an authority's c.667 units or from their c.200/705 units, then there is a separate report for that program.
- 2. However, to be consistent with the new Round Two methodology described below, we recalculated the Round One data using the new methodology. Since we no longer combine c.667 results with c.200/705 results, a number of LHAs no longer have a report for their c.200/705 units, given the small data set for those units.

Round Two Surveys (2019 – 2022)

Round Two of the surveys began in 2019. CSR surveyed about one-third of the elderly/disabled residents in Fall 2019 and all of the family residents in Fall 2020. We expect the remaining elderly/disabled residents to be surveyed in Fall 2021 and Fall 2022.

Notes re: Round Two Surveys

- 1. We refined our reporting methodology and will issue survey results for any program (c. 667 or c. 200/705) meeting these requirements:
 - 8-19 completed surveys received, if the response rate is at least 40%
 - o 20-29 completed surveys received, if the response rate is at least 20%
 - \circ $\,$ 30+ completed surveys received, if the response rate is at least 15% $\,$
- Responses from the family units will not be combined with responses from elderly/disabled units as they were in Round One. Since the variance between the results of the elderly/disabled and family programs was sometimes significant, combining the two was determined to yield less accurate results.

BEVERLY HOUSING AUTHORITY

Chapter 667 Housing Summary Fall 2016

The Center for Survey Research at the University of Massachusetts Boston sent surveys to 9624 housing units (Chapter 667) in Massachusetts in the fall of 2016. 5511 residents responded.

Surveys were sent to **321** housing units (Chapter 667) in the **Beverly Housing Authority**. **172** surveys were completed.

This report provides some information about how the residents from the **Beverly Housing Authority** who answered the survey responded. It compares answers to those from the entire state and to those from medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts. These medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Melrose, Methuen, and Stoneham.

Communication

Residents in Ch. 667 housing were asked about how they interacted with the Beverly Housing Authority in the last 12 months. The table below shows what percentage of residents said they did each of the following:

	Beverly Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in the Northeast*	Entire State
Contacted management about a problem or concern	80%	75%	76%
Felt they were usually or always treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted management	88%	90%	88%
Saw the Capital Improvement Plan	20%	26%	31%
Saw the Operating Budget	11%	15%	17%
Knew the Executive Director held a meeting with residents	39%	55%	53%

* Medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Melrose, Methuen, and Stoneham.

Services and Programs

53% of the Beverly Housing Authority residents in Ch. 667 who responded to the survey said they would be interested in services and programs. Here are the services and programs residents said they would be most interested in participating in:

	Beverly Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in the Northeast	Entire State
Job training programs	5%	6%	6%
Money management programs (<i>budgeting</i> , <i>taxes</i> , <i>income building</i>)	6%	9%	9%
Children's programs (<i>tutoring</i> , <i>childcare</i> , <i>afterschool</i> programs)	2%	2%	2%
Health and Medical Services (visiting nurse, meal programs)	37%	33%	35%
Adult Education (GED, ESL, educational counseling)	11%	14%	11%

Maintenance and Repair

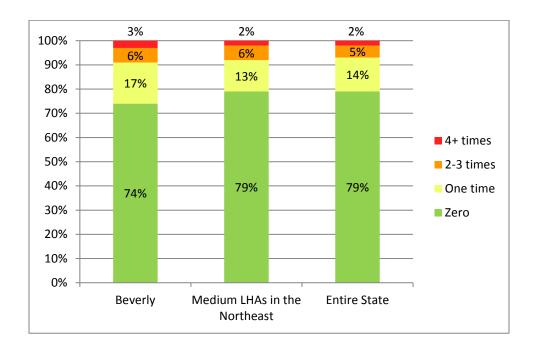
• Who had problems? About one-fourth of respondents had a problem with their heating and about half had a plumbing problem in the last 12 months.

	Beverly Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in the Northeast	Entire State
Had a heating problem	24%	20%	20%
Had a problem with water or plumbing	52%	47%	48%

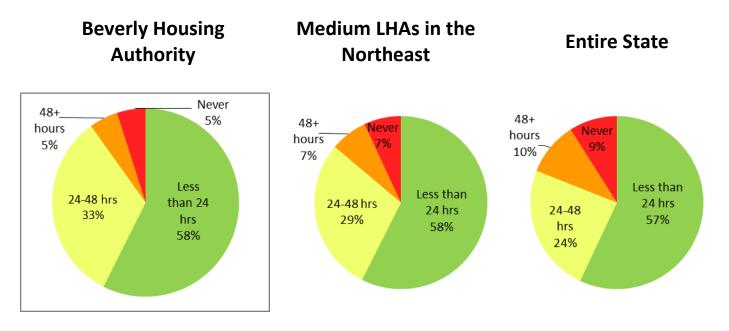
• Heating Problems

How many times did residents have heating problems?

The charts below shows how many times respondents had heat problems in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



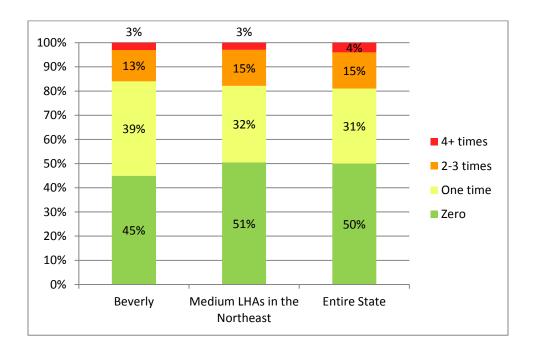
How long did it take to fix the heating problems? For those respondents who had problems, we asked how long it usually took for the problems to be fixed – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, more than 48 hours, or never fixed.



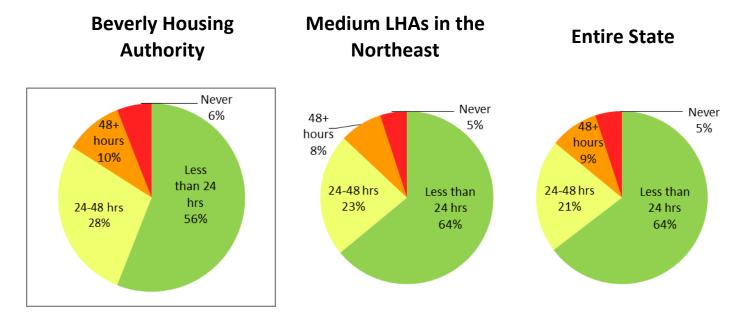
• Water or Plumbing Problems

How many times did residents have problems with their water or plumbing?

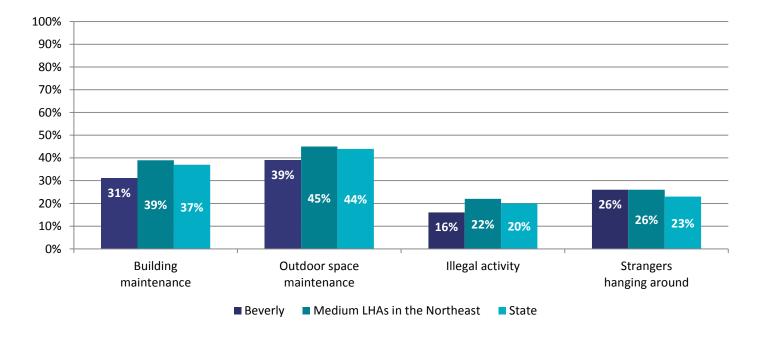
The charts below shows how many times respondents had water or plumbing problems in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



How long did it take to fix the water or plumbing problems? For those respondents who had problems, we asked how long it usually took for the problems to be fixed – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, more than 48 hours, or never fixed.



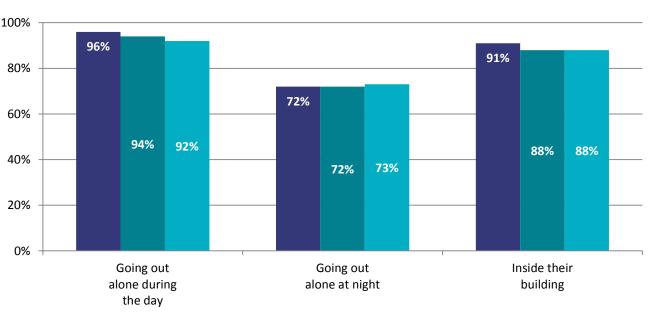
• What other problems did respondents have? Respondents were asked how often they had problems with: building maintenance (*such as clean halls and stairways and having lights and elevators that work*), outdoor space maintenance (*such as litter removal and clear walk ways*), illegal activity in the development, and strangers hanging around who should not be there. The chart below shows what percentage of respondents said that they "always" or "sometimes" had this problem in the last 12 months.



Respondents who "always" or "sometimes" had problems with....

Safety

Respondents were asked how safe they felt in their building and going outside alone. The chart below shows what percentage of people said they felt "very safe" or "mostly" safe.



Respondents who felt "very safe" or "mostly safe"

■ Beverly ■ Medium LHAs in the Northeast ■ State

Beverly Housing Authority Chapter 200 & Chapter 705 Family Housing Fall 2020

DHCD is working with the Center for Survey Research at the University of Massachusetts Boston to survey residents in the housing units it oversees.

In the Fall of 2020, surveys were sent to 10,163 family housing units (Chapters 200 and 705). 2,124 surveys were filled out and returned.

In the **Beverly Housing Authority**, surveys were sent to a total of **132** Beverly housing units, **32** surveys were completed.

This report provides some information about how the residents from the **Beverly Housing Authority** answered the survey. It compares their answers to those from residents in the entire state and to those from medium LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts. These medium LHAs in Northeast Massachusetts include: Amesbury, Andover, Billerica, Ipswich, Lynn, Marblehead, Melrose, Methuen, Saugus, Stoneham, Woburn. (Please note that survey data may not have been received from each one of these nearby LHAs.)

Communication

• **Communication with management:** Residents were asked about how they interacted with their Housing Authorities in the last 12 months. The table below shows what percentage of residents said they did each of the following:

	Beverly Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA*	Entire State
Felt they were usually or always treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted management	50%	72%	71%
Knew the Executive Director held a meeting with residents	0%	4%	15%

* Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA include: Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Billerica, Ipswich, Lynn, Marblehead, Melrose, Methuen, Saugus, Stoneham, Woburn. (Please note that survey data may not have been received from each one of these nearby LHAs.)

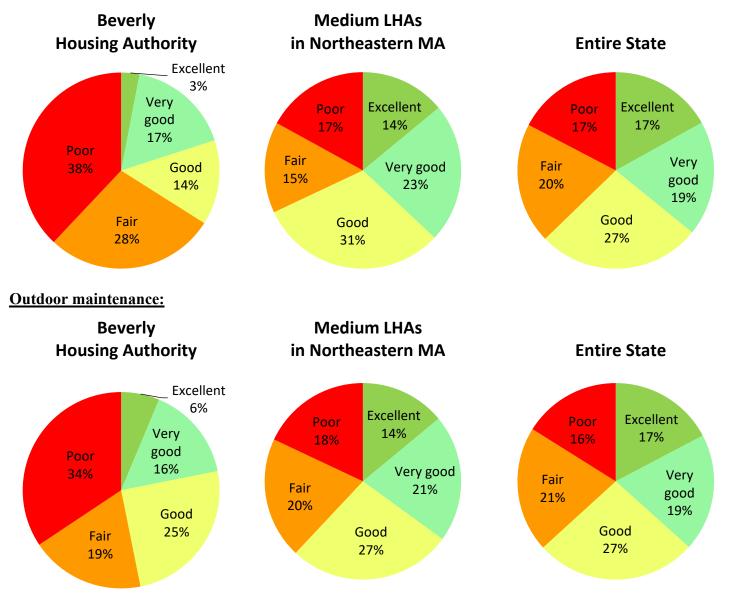
Maintenance and Repair

• **Communication with maintenance staff:** Residents were asked about their interactions with the Beverly Housing Authority maintenance staff in the last 12 months.

	Beverly Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA	Entire State
Felt they were usually or always treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted maintenance	66%	76%	75%
Were contacted by the Housing Authority before staff entered their apartment	71%	83%	86%

• **Overall maintenance:** Respondents were asked how they would rate overall building maintenance (such as clean halls and stairways and having lights and elevators that work) and outdoor space maintenance (such as litter removal and clear walkways) in the last 12 months.

Building maintenance:



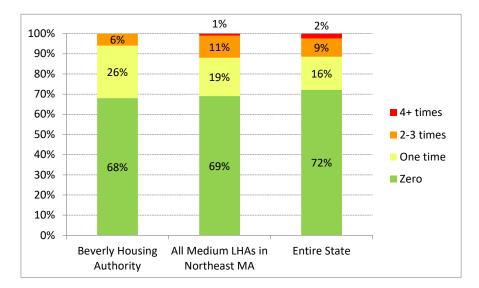
• Heating and Water Problems: One half of respondents had a problem with their heating and three-fourths had a plumbing problem in the last 12 months.

	Beverly Housing Authority	Medium LHAs in Northeastern MA	Entire State
Had any heating problem	50%	57%	56%
Had any water problem	75%	77%	74%

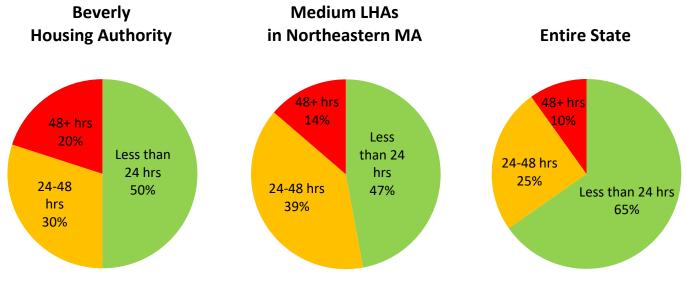
• Heating Problems

How many times did residents completely lose heat?

The chart below shows how many times respondents had completely lost heat in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents never completely lost heat. The yellow shows who lost heat one time. The orange shows those who lost heat 2-3 times. And the red shows those who lost heat 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



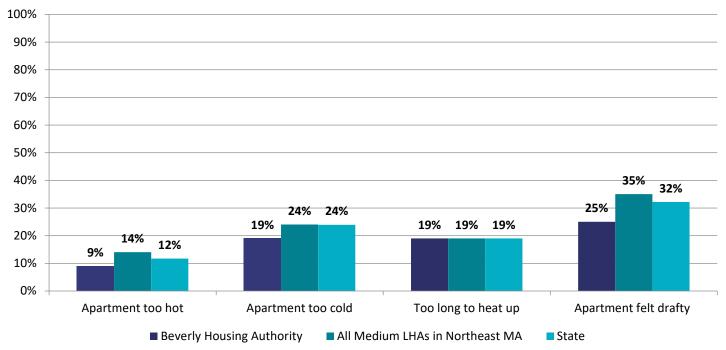
How long did it usually take for heat to come back on? For those respondents who reported completely losing heat, we asked how long it usually took for the heat to come back on – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, or more than 48 hours.



• Other Heating Problems

In the last 12 months did residents have other heating problems?

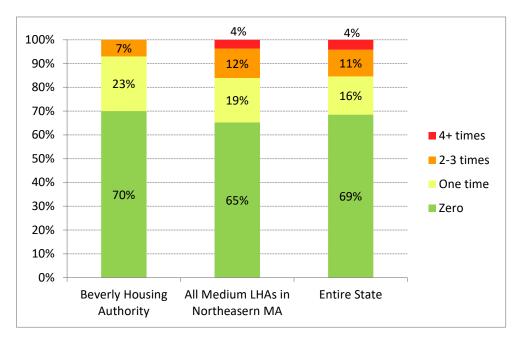
The chart below shows what percentage of residents experienced other heating problems in the last 12 months.



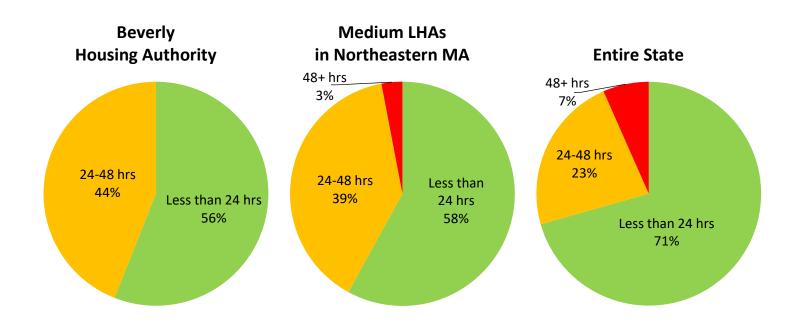
• Water or Plumbing Problems

How many times did residents have no hot water in their apartment?

The chart below shows how many times respondents did not have hot water in their apartment in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents never had this problem. The yellow shows who lost hot water one time. The orange shows those who lost hot water 2-3 times. And the red shows those who lost hot water 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



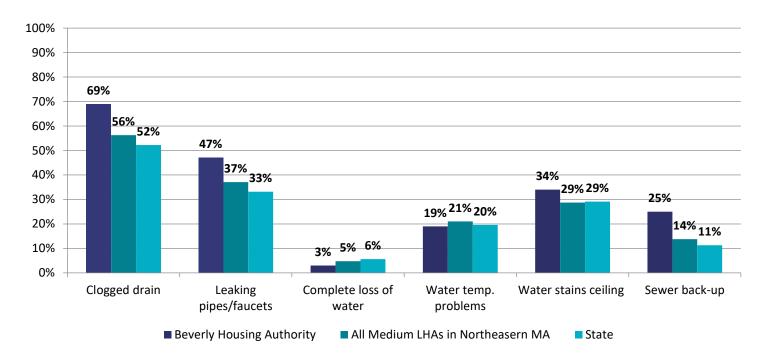
How long did it usually take for hot water to come back on? For those respondents who reported not having hot water in their apartment, we asked how long it usually took for hot water to come back on – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, or more than 48 hours.



• Other Water or Plumbing Problems

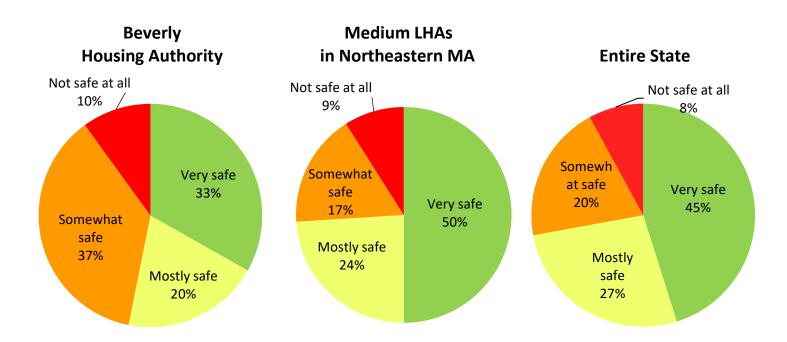
In the last 12 months did residents have other water or plumbing problems?

The chart below shows what percentage of residents experienced other water or plumbing problems in the last 12 months.

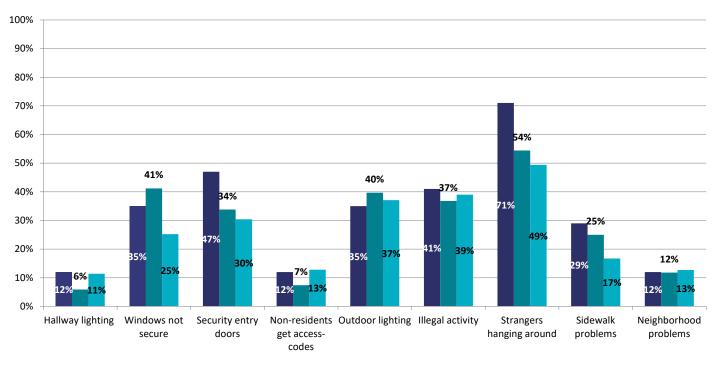


Safety

Respondents were asked how safe they felt in their development. The charts below show what percentage of residents said they felt *very safe, mostly safe, somewhat safe*, or *not safe at all* in their development in the last 12 months.



Reasons why respondents felt unsafe in their development: Respondents were asked why they felt unsafe in their development. This chart shows what specific concerns respondents mentioned.



Overall Satisfaction

Respondents were asked about their overall satisfaction living in their development. The chart below shows what percentage of people said they were *very satisfied*, *mostly satisfied*, *mostly dissatisfied*, or *very dissatisfied*.

