Annual Plan 2024 Overview and Certification

# Topsfield Housing Authority Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2024 For State-Aided Public Housing

The Annual Plan is a document compiled by housing authority staff in advance of each new fiscal year. The plan serves as both a tool for the Local Housing Authority (LHA) to reflect upon the prior fiscal year, and as an opportunity to develop a clear and transparent plan that builds on successes, identifies needs, and corrects any issues that have arisen in prior years. Additionally, the Annual Plan is an important tool for tenants, who may use the document to better understand the operations and needs of their housing authority, advocate for changes to policies and procedures, access data about the housing authority, and participate in their housing authority's governance.

In addition to the physical document, the Annual Plan is also a process of public engagement. Throughout the Annual Plan process, the LHA executive director or their designee will be expected to review the Plan with any Local Tenant Organizations (LTO's) and Resident Advisory Board (RAB) before the LHA presents the plan to the LHA Board of Commissioners; make a draft available for review to all residents and the general public; post on the website and make a copy available to each LTO at least 30 business days before the public hearing; hold a hearing on the document; and collect, integrate, and report back on substantive comments. Additionally, the Board will read, offer recommendations, and approve the Annual Plan in advance of its submission to DHCD.

The law that mandates the Annual Plan is An Act Relative to Local Housing Authorities, Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 121B Section 28A. The regulation that expands upon Section 28A is 760 CMR 4.16. The regulations that address Local Tenant Organization (LTO) and resident participation in the Annual Plan are 760 CMR 6.09 (3)(h) and 760 CMR 6.09(4)(a)(4).

#### **Overview and Certification**

The Topsfield Housing Authority's Annual Plan for their 2024 fiscal year includes the following components:

- 1. Overview and Certification
- 2. Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)
- 3. Maintenance and Repair Plan
- 4. Operating Budget
- 5. Narrative responses to Performance Management Review (PMR) findings
- 6. Policies
- 7. Waivers
- 8. Glossary
- 9. Other Elements
  - a. Topsfield LTO (T/A) Letter
  - b. Public Comments
  - c. Cover sheet for tenant satisfaction surveys
  - d. Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
  - e. Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
  - f. Board Approval Topsfield

### Annual Plan 2024 Overview and Certification

# **State-Aided Public Housing Developments**

The following table identifies the state-aided public housing units with developments of more than 8 units listed separately. Units in developments of 8 or fewer units are aggregated as noted. Units that the LHA provides to assist clients of the Department of Mental Health (DMH), the Department of Developmental Services (DDS), or other agencies are also aggregated separately.

Dev No	Туре	Development Name	Num Bldgs	Year Built	Dwelling Units
667-01	Elderly	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	6	1978	60
	Other	Special Occupancy units	0		0
Total			6		60

# LHA Central Office

Topsfield Housing Authority 69 Washington Street, Topsfield, MA, 01983 Diane Drinan, Management Agent Phone: 978-887-8407 Email: topsfieldhousing@comcast.net

# LHA Board of Commissioners

	<u>Role</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
Jennifer DiCarlo	Vice-Chair		09/28/2020	05/01/2026
Colleen Gibson	Treasurer		12/20/2016	05/01/2021
Gerald McCarthy	Member		09/05/2013	05/01/2023
Talisa Rafferty	Chair		07/01/2020	05/01/2025

## Local Tenant Organizations

	Date of	Date LHA Reviewed
	Recognition by LHA	Draft AP with LTO
Little Brook Village Tenants Associati	12/12/2019	05/24/2023

Topsfield Housing Authority (LHA)

### Annual Plan 2024 Overview and Certification

# Plan History

The following required actions have taken place on the dates indicated.

REQ	REQUIREMENT				
		COMPLETED			
Α.	Advertise the public hearing on the LHA website.	04/04/2023			
В.	Advertise the public hearing in public postings.	04/04/2023			
C.	Notify all LTO's and RAB, if there is one, of the hearing and 04/04/2023				
	provide access to the Proposed Annual Plan.				
D.	Post draft AP for tenant and public viewing.	04/04/2023			
E.	Hold quarterly meeting with LTO or RAB to review the draft AP.	05/24/2023			
	(Must occur before the LHA Board reviews the Annual Plan.)	05/24/2025			
F.	Annual Plan Hearing. Hosted by the LHA Board, with a quorum of members present. (For Boston, the Administrator will host the hearing.)	06/08/2023			
G.	Executive Director presents the Annual Plan to the Board.	06/08/2023			
H.	Board votes to approve the AP. (For Boston Housing Authority, the Administrator approves and submits the AP.)	06/08/2023			

# **Certification**

# CERTIFICATION OF LHA USER AUTHORIZATION FOR DHCD CAPITAL SOFTWARE AND HOUSING APPLICATIONS

I, Diane Drinan, Executive Director of the Topsfield Housing Authority, certify on behalf of the Housing Authority that I have conducted an annual review of all Topsfield Housing Authority users of DHCD Capital Software applications and Housing Applications and that all current LHA users are authorized to use the systems and have the appropriate level of user access based on their job responsibility. I approve all system access and access levels for all Topsfield Housing Authority users.

This certification applies to the following applications:

- Capital Planning System (CPS)
- Consolidated Information Management System (CIMS)
- Cap Hub
- DHCD Housing Management Systems

### CERTIFICATION FOR SUBMISSION OF THE ANNUAL PLAN

I, Diane Drinan, Executive Director of the Topsfield Housing Authority, certify on behalf of the Housing Authority that: a) the above actions all took place on the dates listed above; b) all facts and information contained in this Annual Plan are true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief and c) that the Annual Plan was prepared in accordance with and meets the requirements of the regulations at 760 CMR 4.16 and 6.09.

The Board and Executive Director further certify that LHA operations and all LHA Board-adopted policies are in accordance with M.G.L. c. 121B and all Massachusetts state-aided public housing regulations, including, but not limited to 760 CMR 4.00; 5.00; 6.00; 8.00; and 11:00, as well as adhere to Department-promulgated guidance.

Date of certification: 06/16/2023

The Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) completed its review of this Annual Plan (AP) on August 9, 2023. Review comments have been inserted into the plan.

Annual Plan Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

### **Capital Improvement Plan**

#### DHCD Description of CIPs:

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a five year plan which identifies capital projects, provides a planning scope, schedule and budget for each capital project and identifies options for financing and implementing the plan. The CIP identifies anticipated spending for each Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) fiscal year (July 1 to June 30) based on the project schedules.

Local Housing Authorities (LHAs) receive yearly awards from DHCD (Formula Funding Awards) which they target to their most urgent capital needs in their CIP. They may also receive special awards from DHCD for specific projects which meet specific criteria. Special awards may be given for certain emergency, regulation compliance, energy and water conservation, and other projects. The first three years of the CIP are based on actual awards made to the LHA, while years four and five are based on estimated planning amounts, not actual awards.

LHAs may sometimes secure other sources of funding and assistance that you will note in their CIP, such as: Community Preservation Act (CPA) funding, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding, Local Affordable Housing Trust Funds (AHTF), HOME grants, income from leasing a cell tower on their property, savings from net meter credit contracts with solar developers, utility rebates and contracted work from utility providers, and Sheriff's Department work crews. However, not all of these funding sources are available every year, or in all communities.

The CIP includes the following parts:

- A table of available funding sources and amounts
- A list of planned capital projects showing spending per fiscal year
- A table showing special awards and other funding for targeted projects, if any, which supplements Formula Funding awarded to the LHA
- A 'narrative' with a variety of additional information.

#### Annual Plan

#### Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

# Aggregate Funding Available for Projects in the First Three Years of the CIP:

Category of Funds	Allocation	Planned Spending	Description
Balance of Formula Funding (FF)	\$462,337.91		Total of all FF awards minus prior FF spending
LHA Emergency Reserve	\$46,233.79		Amount to reserve for emergencies
Net FF Funds (First 3 Years of the CIP)	\$416,104.12		Funds to plan & amount actually planned in the first 3 years of the CIP
ADA Set-aside	\$8,430.38	\$8,430.38	Accessibility projects
DMH Set-aside	\$0.00	\$0.00	Dept. of Mental Health facility
DDS Set-aside	\$0.00	\$0.00	Dept. of Developmental Services facility
Unrestricted Formula Funding (FF)	\$407,673.74	\$405,077.39	Funds awarded by DHCD to be used on projects selected by the LHA and approved by DHCD.
Special DHCD Funding	\$0.00	\$0.00	Targeted awards from DHCD
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Federal funds awarded by a city or town for specific projects.
Community Preservation Act (CPA) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Community Preservation Act funds awarded by a city of town for specific projects.
Operating Reserve(OR) Funds	\$0.00	\$0.00	Funds from the LHA's operating budget.
Other Funds	\$88,626.41	\$88,626.41	Funds other than those in the above categories. See explanation below.
Total funds and planned spending	\$504,730.53	\$502,134.18	Total of all anticipated funding available for planned projects and the total of planned spending.

### **Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)**

#### **CIP Definitions:**

**ADA Set-aside** is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on projects that improve accessibility for people with disabilities. 10% of FF awards are designated for this purpose.

**Available State Bond Funding** is the amount of State Bond Funding available to the LHA for the first three years of the CIP. It is calculated by totaling all of FF and Special Awards granted to the LHA through the end of the third year of the plan and subtracting the amount of these funds spent prior to July 1 of the first year of the plan.

**Amount spent prior to the plan** is the total amount of Formula Funding (FF) and Special Awards spent prior to July 1 of the first year of the plan.

**Capital project** is a project that adds significant value to an asset or replaces building systems or components. Project cost must be greater than \$1000.

**CDBG** stands for Community Development Block Grant, a potential source of project funds.

CPA stands for Community Preservation Act, a potential source of project funds.

**CapHub Project Number** is the number given to projects entered into DHCD's project management system known as CapHub.

**DMH Set-aside** is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on facilities leased to the Department of Mental Health (DMH) program vendors, if any exist at this LHA.

**DDS Set-aside** is funding allocated within the Formula Funding (FF) for use on facilities leased to the Department of Developmental Services (DDS) program vendors, if any exist at this LHA.

**Formula Funding** (FF) is an allocation of state bond funds to each LHA according to the condition (needs) of its portfolio in comparison to the entire state-aided public housing portfolio.

**Operating Reserve** is an account, funded from the LHA operating budget, primarily used for unexpected operating costs, including certain extraordinary maintenance or capital projects.

Other Funds could include other funding by the city or town or from other sources.

**Special Awards** are DHCD awards targeted to specific projects. Award programs include funds for emergencies beyond what an LHA can fund, for complying with regulatory requirements, for projects that will save water or energy use, and various other programs the department may run from time to time.

Total Cost is the sum of investigation, design, administration, permitting, and construction costs for a project

**Unrestricted Formula Funding (FF)** is money awarded to the LHA by DHCD under the Formula Funding program other than amounts set aside (restricted) for accessibility improvements or for facilities operated by DMH or DDS.

06/16/2023

Topsfield Housing Authority (LHA)

# Annual Plan

#### **Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)**

#### **Regional Capital Assistance Team**

Topsfield Housing Authority participates in the Regional Capital Assistance Team (RCAT) program and project implementation responsibilities are as follows:

o For projects with construction cost under \$10,000, the LHA has the sole responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project. RCAT offers technical assistance upon request.

o For projects with construction cost between \$10,000 and \$100,000 the RCAT will have lead responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project with both DHCD and LHA involvement and oversight throughout the process. For projects in this range, the LHA will work with the RCAT Project Manager who will contact the LHA to initiate projects.

o For projects with construction cost over \$100,000, or projects below that threshold that are complex or have a subsequent phase that exceeds \$100,000 construction cost, DHCD will take the lead and draft a WO or RFS to hire a designer to prepare plans and specs. RCAT will not be involved in the implementation of projects in this range and the LHA will continue to work directly with the DHCD Project Manager and DHCD design staff.

### **Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)**

Formula Funding and Special DHCD Award Planned Spending - Other funding not included

Cap Hub Project Number	Project Name	Development(s)	Total Cost	Amount Spent Prior to Plan	Remaining Planned for 2023	fy2024 Planned	fy2025	fy2026	fy2027	fy2028
298014	2008 FF Master CFA	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$4,188	\$4,188	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298035	Roadway/Loop Repaving	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$86,460	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298038	Exterior Painting Phase 1	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$159,563	\$12,937	\$750	\$6,450	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298042	RA walkway 15 B	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$27,765	\$6,200	\$13,569	\$5,969	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298043	ARPA FF: 4A shower conversion	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$3,007	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298044	ARPA FF: bollards around electric	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$41,788	\$0	\$919	\$13,441	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298045	ARPA FF: 80 gallon water heaters	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$121,000	\$0	\$0	\$50,499	\$10,262	\$0	\$0	\$0
298046	3A unit turn	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$46,200	\$0	\$0	\$46,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298047	EMG Surge Protectors (Lightning)	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$8,905	\$0	\$0	\$8,905	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298048	EMG tree removal	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$5,294	\$0	\$0	\$5,294	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
298049	RA: Hearing Impaired fire alarm upgrade	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$7,039	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
•	Bathtub Update to Showers	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$152,440	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$79,507	\$72,934
•	Exterior Painting Phase 2	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$164,055	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$38,876	\$125,180	\$0	\$0

### **Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)**

Formula Funding and Special DHCD Award Planned Spending - Other funding not included

Cap Hub Project Number	Project Name	Development(s)	Total Cost	Amount Spent Prior to Plan	Remaining Planned for 2023	fy2024 Planned	fy2025	fy2026	fy2027	fy2028
•	12B ADA floor replacement	LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$7,560	\$0	\$0	\$7,560	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		LITTLE BROOK VILLAGE 667-01	\$94,875	\$0	\$0	\$58,429	\$36,447	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### FUNDS IN ADDITION TO ANNUAL FORMULA FUNDING AWARD

Cap Hub Project	Project Name	DHCD Special Award	Special DHCD Awards			Other Funding				
Number		Comment	Emergency Reserve	Compliance Reserve	Sustain- ability	Special Awards	CDBG	СРА	Operating Reserve	Other Funds
298043	ARPA FF: 4A shower conversion	ARPA Formula Funding	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,007
298044	ARPA FF: bollards around electric	ARPA Formula Funding	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$25,388
298045	ARPA FF: 80 gallon water heaters	ARPA Formula Funding	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$60,240

Annual Plan Capital Improvement Plan

# Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) Narrative

## **Including Requests to DHCD & Supporting Statements**

### 1. Request for increased spending flexibility.

DHCD designates a spending target (cap share) and an allowable spending range for each year of the CIP. A Housing Authority may request to shift the cap shares of the first three years in order to increase scheduling flexibility. A CIP utilizing this flexibility is called an Alternate CIP. The total spending over three years and over five years must continue to meet the limits set by DHCD. DHCD will approve an Alternate CIP only with acceptable justification and only if funding is available.

Topsfield Housing Authority has submitted an Alternate CIP with the following justification:

• The TDC for a proposed project exceeds the Cap Share for a single year and it doesn't make sense to spread it

298-667-01-0-21-447 spending is spread over 2 years, this causes the 3rd year of the plan to exceed the capshare allowance.

### 2. Request for additional funding.

A Housing Authority may request additional funding from DHCD for projects that qualify as emergencies, required legal compliance upgrades, or sustainability improvements.

Topsfield Housing Authority has not requested additional funding.

### 3. Overall goals of the Housing Authority's CIP

THA is looking to continue with the siding replacement as well as addressing the urgent need for paving around the property.

### 4. Changes from the Housing Authority's previous CIP

Every new CIP differs from the previous CIP because projects have been completed and a new year has been added with new projects. These changes and other significant changes to the content of the CIP are highlighted below:

Several the scope of the siding project was increased as well as pulling up the second paving work.

### 5. Requirements of previous CIP approval

There were no special conditions attached to the approval of our previous CIP.

### 6. Quarterly capital reports

Our most recent quarterly capital report (form 80 and 90) was submitted on 03/30/2023.

#### 7. Capital Planning System (CPS) updates

Our CPS facility data has been updated with current condition information, including changes resulting from projects completed in the past year, as of 04/03/2023.

#### 8. Project priorities

All the projects in our CIP are high priority (Priority 1 and 2 projects).

#### 9. High priority deficiencies

We have included all of our high priority (CPS priority 1 and 2) projects in our CIP.

#### 10. Accessibility

We are not aware of any accessibility deficiencies in our portfolio.

#### 11. Special needs development

Topsfield Housing Authority does not have a special needs (167 or 689 programs) development.

#### 12. Energy and water consumption

Our 12 most recent monthly energy reports are for months 1/2022 to 1/2023.

The following table lists the DHCD thresholds for Per Unit Monthly (PUM) expense for electricity, natural gas, oil, and water use and the developments at the Housing Authority that have expenses in excess of the thresholds, if any.

	Electric	Gas	Oil	Water
	PUM > Threshold	PUM > Threshold	PUM > Threshold	PUM > Threshold
Threshold PUM:	\$100	\$80	\$50	\$60

667-01

The water heater replacement project will help to reduce the electric cost

#### **13.** Energy or water saving initiatives

Topsfield Housing Authority is not currently pursuing any energy or water-saving audits or grants that could affect CIP project scope, costs or timing of projects.

#### 14. Vacancy rate

Our unadjusted vacancy rate reported to DHCD is as follows. (The unadjusted vacancy rate captured in these figures is the percentage of ALL housing units that are vacant, including both offline units being used for other purposes and units with DHCD vacancy waivers.)

5% c. 667 (DHCD Goal 2%)

0% c. 200 (DHCD Goal 2%)

0% c. 705 (DHCD Goal 2%)

Topsfield Housing Authority will address the excess vacancies in the following manner: the 667 occupancy reflects "typical unit turns" all units are in the process of being prepped to be leased

# **CIP Approval For Topsfield Housing Authority for FY 2024**

### Formula Funding Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), WorkPlan 5001

#### 8/9/2023

Congratulations! The CIP-2024 submitted by Topsfield Housing Authority is approved, subject to the following conditions:

• Please design all projects to resilient standards as needed. You have insufficient funding to start any new projects at this time.

• Your LHA participates in the Regional Capital Assistance Team (RCAT) program and project implementation responsibilities are as follows:

- o For projects with construction cost under \$10,000, the LHA has the sole responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project. RCAT will offer technical assistance upon your request. DHCD recently revised the Small Project Guide to address statutory and policy changes. It is available on the web at http://www.mass.gov/hed/docs/dhcd/ph/small-projects/dhcdsmallprojectsguide.pdf. The Guide contains step-by-step instructions to help you make sure that your projects are done efficiently, cost-effectively and according to applicable statutes, rules and regulations. Please be sure to complete projects in accordance with the requirements and procedures described in the Guide.
- o For projects with construction cost between \$10,000 and \$100,000 the RCAT will have lead responsibility to initiate, implement and manage the project with LHA involvement and oversight throughout the process. If you have projects in this range, you will be working with your RCAT Project Manager who will contact you to initiate your project (s). Please note that DHCD has increased the threshold for independent implementation to \$100,000 construction cost in response to the passage of Chapter 218. Projects with an estimated Construction cost greater than \$25,000 still require soliciting the professional services of an architect or engineer. (See DHCD Small Project guide "When to Hire a Designer" (http://www.mass.gov/hed/docs/dhcd/ph/small-projects/dhcdsmallprojectsguide.pdf ). The RCAT may be able to provide "In House" specifications with an estimated construction cost greater than \$25,000, but requires the approval of DHCD before proceeding.
- o For projects with construction cost over \$100,000, or projects below that threshold that are complex or have a subsequent phase that exceeds \$100,000 construction cost, DHCD will take the lead and draft a WO or RFS to hire a designer to prepare plans and specs. At this point, RCAT will not be involved in the implementation of projects in this range and you will continue to work directly with your DHCD Project Manager and DHCD design staff.

There are no projects to be managed independently by the LHA or RCAT.

There are no large or complex projects to be managed by DHCD.

Going forward, if you need to add a project that is not in your approved CIP you will need to submit a revision through CIMS. Instructions for revising your CIP can be found on the CIMS Forms menu.

Details of the Approved CIP can be found at the link to 'Approved & Active CIP Reports' on the CIMS forms page in the CIP Reports section. Projects may utilize funding from multiple sources. The 'Original Approved' report details the proposed funding as submitted by the LHA. Please feel free to call DHCD Project Manager Avalon McLaren at (617) 573-1166 with any questions.

\*\*'Primary PM' is used to identify the agency responsible for updating a project's budget and schedule. This document was created on 8/9/2023 by Ali Makke, Project Manager Maintenance and Repair Plan

#### **Maintenance Objective**

The goal of good property maintenance at a public housing authority is to serve the residents by assuring that the homes in which they live are decent, safe, and sanitary.

#### About This Maintenance and Repair Plan

This Maintenance & Repair Plan consists of several subsections describing maintenance systems followed by charts showing typical preventive maintenance, routine maintenance, and unit inspection tasks and schedules. These subsections are:

- a. **Classification and Prioritization of Maintenance Tasks** Defines and prioritizes types of work to be accomplished by maintenance staff and vendors. Explains how the housing authority is expected to respond to work orders (tasks or requests) based on the work order classification.
- b. **Emergency Response System** Defines what constitutes an emergency and how to notify staff of an emergency.
- c. Normal Maintenance Response System How to contact the maintenance staff for a non-emergency request.
- d. **Work Order Management** Description of the housing authority's system for managing work orders (tasks and requests).
- e. **Maintenance Plan Narrative & Policy Statement** Self-assessment, basic information, and goals for the coming year, along with a description of the housing authority's maintenance program.
- f. **Preventive Maintenance Schedule** A listing and schedule of tasks designed to keep systems and equipment operating properly, to extend the life these systems and equipment, and to avoid unexpected breakdowns.
- g. **Routine Maintenance Schedule** A listing and schedule of ordinary maintenance tasks such as mopping, mowing, raking, and trash collection required to keep the facilities in good condition.
- h. **Unit Inspections** Scheduling of annual unit inspections.

### **Classification and Prioritization of Maintenance Tasks**

Maintenance items are tracked as "work orders" and are classified in the following categories. They are prioritized in the order listed. The following classifications and prioritization are required by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD).

- I. **Emergencies** Emergencies are only those conditions which are **immediately threatening** to the life or safety of our residents, staff, or structures.
  - Goal: initiated with 24 to 48 hours.
- II. Vacancy Refurbishment Work necessary to make empty units ready for new tenants.
  - After emergencies, the refurbishment of vacancies for immediate re-occupancy has the highest priority for staff assignments. Everyday a unit is vacant is a day of lost rent.
  - Goal: vacancy work orders are completed within 30 calendar days or if not completed within that timeframe, LHA has a waiver.
- III. **Preventive Maintenance** Work which must be done to **preserve and extend the useful life** of various elements of your physical property and avoid emergency situations.
  - A thorough Preventive Maintenance Program and Schedule that deals with all elements of the physical property is provided later in the document.
  - The Preventive Maintenance Program is reviewed and updated annually and as new systems and facilities are installed.
- IV. Programmed Maintenance Work which is important and is completed to the greatest extent possible within time and budget constraints. Programmed maintenance is grouped and scheduled to make its completion as efficient as possible. Sources of programmed maintenance include:
  - Routine Work includes those tasks that need to be done on a regular basis to keep our physical property in good shape. (Mopping, Mowing, Raking, Trash, etc.)
  - Inspections are the other source of programmed maintenance.
    - o Inspections are visual and operational examinations of parts of our property to determine their condition.
    - o All dwelling units, buildings and sites must be inspected at least annually.
    - Goal: Inspection-generated work orders are completed within 30 calendar days from the date of inspection, OR if cannot be completed within 30 calendar days, are added to the Deferred Maintenance Plan or the Capital Improvement Plan in the case of qualifying capital repairs (unless health/safety issue).
- V. **Requested Maintenance** Work which is requested by residents or others, does not fall into any category above, and should be accomplished as time and funds are available.
  - Requests from residents or others for maintenance work which does not fall into one of the other categories has the lowest priority for staff assignment.
  - Goal: Requested work orders are completed in 14 calendar days from the date of tenant request or if not completed within that timeframe (and not a health or safety issue), the task is added and completed in a timely manner as a part of the Deferred Maintenance Plan and/or CIP.

Additional Remarks by the Topsfield Housing Authority PHA-Network

#### **Emergency Request System**

For emergency requests call the numbers listed here. Qualifying emergency work requests are listed below.

METHOD	CONTACT INFO.	TIMES
Call Answering Service	978-887-8407	24/7
Call LHA at Phone Number	978-887-8407	24/7

List of Emergencies - Emergencies are those conditions which are immediately threatening to the life or safety of our residents, staff, or structures. The following is a list of typical conditions that warrant an emergency response. If there is an emergency condition whether or not enumerated on this list please notify the office or answering service at the numbers listed above. If you have any questions regarding this list or other matters that may constitute an emergency, please contact the Topsfield Housing Authority main office.

QUALIFYING EMERGENCY WORK REQUESTS
Fires of any kind (Call 911)
Gas leaks/ Gas odor (Call 911)
No electric power in unit
Electrical hazards, sparking outlets
Broken water pipes, flood
No water/ unsafe water
Sewer or toilet blockage
Roof leak
Lock outs
Door or window lock failure
No heat
No hot water
Snow or ice hazard condition
Dangerous structural defects
Inoperable smoke/CO detectors, beeping or chirping

#### Normal Maintenance Request Process

Make normal (non-emergency) maintenance requests using the following methods:

METHOD	CONTACT INFO.	TIMES		
Text Phone Number				
Call Answering Service	978-887-8407	24/7		
Call Housing Authority Office	978-887-8407	24-7		
Submit Online at Website				
Email to Following Email	ddrinan@topsfieldha.com			
Other				

#### Work Order Management

A. DHCD review of this housing authority's operations shows that the authority uses the following system for tracking work orders:

Type of work order system: PHANetwork

Work order classification used:

Emergency	$\checkmark$
Vacancy	$\checkmark$
Preventative Maintenance	<
Routine	$\checkmark$
Inspections	$\checkmark$
Tenant Requests	$\checkmark$

B. We also track deferred maintenance tasks in our work order system.

C. Our work order process includes the following steps:

Step	Description	Checked steps are used by LHA
1	Maintenance Request taken/submitted per the standard procedures listed above for the Emergency Request System and the Normal Maintenance Request Process.	<b>V</b>
2	Maintenance Requests logged into the work system	$\checkmark$
3	Work Orders generated	$\checkmark$
4	Work Orders assigned	$\checkmark$
5	Work Orders tracked	$\checkmark$
6	Work Orders completed/closed out	$\checkmark$
7	Maintenance Reports or Lists generated	$\checkmark$

#### **Maintenance Plan Narrative**

Following are Topsfield Housing Authority's answers to questions posed by DHCD.

A. Narrative Question #1: How would you assess your Maintenance Operations based on feedback you've received from staff, tenants, DHCD's Performance Management Review (PMR) & Agreed Upon Procedures (AUP), and any other sources?

We have received positive feedback from the tenants and the survey that they took. The Maintenace staff of 1 works very hard in order to turn over units quickly.

B. Narrative Question #2: What changes have you made to maintenance operations in the past year?

It's hard to improve on something working so well.

C. Narrative Question #3: What are your maintenance goals for this coming year?

At this time we have nothing on the agenda.

D. Maintenance Budget Summary

The budget numbers shown below are for the consolidated budget only. They do not include values from supplemental budgets, if any.

	Total Regular Maintenance Budget	Extraordinary Maintenance Budget
Last Fiscal Year Budget	\$118,348.00	\$10,000.00
Last Fiscal Year Actual Spending	\$118,240.00	\$11,294.00
Current Fiscal Year		
Budget	\$123,940.00	\$0.00

#### E. Unit Turnover Summary

# Turnovers Last Fiscal Year	5
Average time from date vacated to	
make Unit "Maintenance Ready"	47 days
Average time from date vacated to	
lease up of unit	203 days

#### Attachments

These items have been prepared by the Topsfield Housing Authority and appear on the following pages:

<u>Preventive Maintenance Schedule</u> - a table of preventive maintenance items showing specific tasks, who is responsible (staff or vendor), and the month(s) they are scheduled

<u>Deferred Maintenance Schedule</u> - a table of maintenance items which have been deferred due to lack of resources.

# TOPSFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE PLAN Approved by the board of Commissioner on: 2/8/18 Amended 6/9/22

\*\*Every week throughout the year, common areas, hallways, community rooms will be monitored for cleanliness and debris/dangerous items/blocked egresses. Community room and bathrooms in community building will be cleaned daily.

# March Preventative Maintenance Tasks

1.On the second Sunday in March, reset light timers for daylight savings

# April Preventative Maintenance Tasks

- 1. Clean dryer vents and exhaust vents. Contact MacGray for vent cleaning
- 2. Service lawn equipment.
- 3. Preventative maintenance on heat pumps

# May Preventative Maintenance Tasks

1. Unit inspections building 6-10

# June Preventative Maintenance Tasks

1. Unit Inspections Building 1-5

# August Preventative Maintenance Tasks

1. Unit inspections Building 11-15

# September Preventative Maintenance Tasks

- 1. Buy and stock ice melt for winter.
- 2. Fire alarm inspections

# October Preventative Maintenance Tasks

- 1. Annual cleaning of all gutters.
- 2. Clean, service and store lawn equipment.
- 3. Schedule air source heat pumps pm
- 4. Service and store landscaping equipment
- 5. Service snow removal equipment

# November Preventative Maintenance Tasks

1. First Saturday in November reset light timers and clocks back 1 hour for daylight saving time.

# **THA Deferred Maintenance Policy**

If during routine annual inspections or any other inspection of property or report to the authority, routine work items are identified but the work items are not detrimental to the health and safety of the residents, the work item may be considered "deferred". Examples of such deferred work items may include but not be limited to:

Replacement of countertop Replacement of worn flooring Shower/tub liners

THA may choose to defer work items due to budget constraints or man power limitations.

Only the Maintenance Supervisor or the Executive Director can determine if a Maintenance work item may be deferred. If the determination is made to defer a work item, a work order is generated for that item and the item is marked "deferred". No work item will be deferred if the work is determined necessary for decent, safe and sanitary housing standards.

Deferred maintenance item reports will be reviewed by the Maintenance Supervisor and the Executive Director on a quarterly basis.

The deferred maintenance items will be reviewed prior to capital improvement planning and prior to submission of the budget on an annual basis to determine if the work items need to be grouped and considered for larger modernization projects. Deferred Maintenance work items will be kept in an "open" classification until the work is completed.

The THA Work Order Procedures Policy outlines the procedures and classifications of all nondeferred work order items generated within the THA.

Approved by the Board of Commissioners June 14, 2018

#### **Operating Budget**

The tables on the following pages show the approved budget and actual income and spending per budget account (row) for the fiscal year ending 09/30/2022. It also shows the approved budget for the current year (2023) if there is one, and the percent change from last year's spending to this year's approved budget. The final column shows the current approved amount for each account divided by the number of housing units and by 12 months to show the amount per unit per month (PUM). The chart does not show a draft budget for the coming fiscal year as that will typically be developed in the final month of the fiscal year.

The budget format and accounts are mandated by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD). For a better understanding of the accounts and discussion of special situations see the notes following the budget tables and the "Definitions of Accounts" at the end of this section.

The LHA maintains a consolidated budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by the LHA. It does not maintain separate budgets for each development.

#### **Operating Reserve**

The LHA's operating reserve is the amount of funds that an LHA sets aside to sustain itself during lean years, or to remedy urgent health and safety concern or address deferred maintenance items. In addition, while DHCD approves a fixed non-utility operating budget level for every LHA (called the Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level, or ANUEL), LHAs can propose a budget that exceeds that level, with the additional cost to be funded from the Operating Reserve, as long as the reserve will still remain above the minimum threshold set by DHCD.

DHCD defines a full (100%) Operating Reserve (OR) amount to be equal to one-half of the previous year's operating expenses and requires LHAs to maintain a minimum OR of 35% of this amount to cover any unplanned but urgent needs that may arise during the year and that can't be funded by the operating budget. If the reserve is between 20% and 35% of the full level, the LHA must obtain prior written approval from DHCD to spend reserve funds, unless the expense is to resolve a health and safety issue. If the reserve is below the 20% level, the LHA can only spend OR funds on health and safety issues. In both cases, the LHA should address the health and safety issue immediately but must retroactively inform DHCD and obtain its approval.

The Topsfield Housing Authority operating reserve at the end of fiscal year 2022 was \$141,684.00, which is 76.3% of the full reserve amount defined above.

### Annual Plan 2024 Annual Operating Budget

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments owned by Topsfield Housing Authority.						
REVENUE							
						2023	
		2022	2022 Actual	2023	% Change	Dollars	
		Approved	Amounts	Approved	from 2022	Budgeted	
Account		Revenue	Received	Revenue	Actual to	per Unit per	
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2023 Budget	Month	
3110	Shelter Rent - Tenants	\$324,000.00	\$289,907.00	\$300,000.00	3.5%	\$416.67	
3111	Shelter Rent - Tenants -	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
	Fraud/Retroactive						
3115	Shelter Rent - Federal Section 8	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3190	Nondwelling Rentals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3400	Administrative Fee - MRVP	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3610	Interest on Investments -	\$250.00	\$318.00	\$301.00	-5.3%	\$0.42	
	Unrestricted						
3611	Interest on Investments - Restricted	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3690	Other Revenue	\$2,000.00	\$1,185.00	\$1,000.00	-15.6%	\$1.39	
3691	Other Revenue - Retained	\$0.00	\$5,996.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00	
3692	Other Revenue - Operating Reserves	\$24,907.00	\$0.00	\$27,993.00	100%	\$38.88	
3693	Other Revenue - Energy Net Meter	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3801	Operating Subsidy - DHCD (4001)	\$17,000.00	\$45,818.00	\$77,126.00	68.3%	\$107.12	
3802	Operating Subsidy - MRVP Landlords	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3803	Restricted Grants Received	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3920	Gain/Loss From Sale/Disp. of Prop.	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00	
3000	TOTAL REVENUE	\$368,157.00	\$343,224.00	\$406,420.00	18.4%	\$564.47	

### Annual Plan 2024 Annual Operating Budget

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for al				tered site family	) developments
		owned by To	psfield Housing A	Authority.		
EXPENSES Account Number	Account Class	2022 Approved Expense Budget	2022 Actual Amounts Spent	2023 Approved Expense Budget	% Change from 2022 Actual to 2023 Budget.	2023 Dollars Budgeted per Unit per
				-		Month
4110	Administrative Salaries	\$6,300.00	\$0.00			
4120	Compensated Absences	\$0.00	\$0.00	-		
4130	Legal	\$6,500.00	\$1,969.00			-
4140	Members Compensation	\$0.00	\$0.00	-		
4150	Travel & Related Expenses	\$1,000.00	\$826.00			
4170	Accounting Services	\$5,580.00				
4171	Audit Costs	\$3,780.00	\$3,780.00			-
4180	Penalties & Interest	\$0.00	\$0.00	-		
4190	Administrative Other	\$55,862.00	\$59,437.00			
4191	Tenant Organization	\$500.00	\$500.00			
4100	TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	\$79,522.00	\$72,077.00	\$77,991.00	8.2%	\$108.32
4310	Water	\$20,019.00	\$19,332.00	\$19,127.00	-1.1%	\$26.57
4320	Electricity	\$73,960.00	\$69,836.00	\$101,910.00	45.9%	\$141.54
4330	Gas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4340	Fuel	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4360	Net Meter Utility Debit/Energy Conservation	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4390	Other	\$5,000.00	\$8,891.00	\$9,000.00	1.2%	\$12.50
4391	Solar Operator Costs	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4392	Net Meter Utility Credit (Negative Amount)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00
4300	TOTAL UTILITIES	\$98,979.00	\$98,059.00	\$130,037.00	32.6%	\$180.61

### Annual Plan 2024 Annual Operating Budget

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for a				ttered site family	) developments		
	owned by Topsfield Housing Authority.							
EXPENSES	<u>s</u>	2022 Approved	2022 Actual Amounts	2023 Approved	% Change from 2022	2023 Dollars Budgeted per		
Account		Expense	Spent	Expense	Actual to	Unit per		
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2023 Budget	Month		
4410	Maintenance Labor	\$68,208.00	\$72,378.00	\$72,540.00	0.2%	\$100.75		
4420	Materials & Supplies	\$15,140.00	\$26,314.00	\$20,000.00	-24%	\$27.78		
4430	Contract Costs	\$35,000.00	\$19,548.00	\$31,400.00	60.6%	\$43.61		
4400	TOTAL MAINTENANCE	\$118,348.00	\$118,240.00	\$123,940.00	4.8%	\$172.14		
4510	Insurance	\$13,600.00	\$13,621.00	\$13,551.00	-0.5%	\$18.82		
4520	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
4540	Employee Benefits	\$56,337.00	\$57,125.00	\$60,901.00	6.6%	\$84.58		
4541	Employee Benefits - GASB 45	\$0.00	\$-24,635.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
4542	Pension Expense - GASB 68	\$0.00	\$-27,457.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
4570	Collection Loss	\$0.00	\$6.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
4571	Collection Loss - Fraud/Retroactive	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
4580	Interest Expense	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
4590	Other General Expense	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
4500	TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES	\$69,937.00	\$18,660.00	\$74,452.00	299%	\$103.42		
4610	Extraordinary Maintenance	\$10,000.00	\$11,294.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
4611	Equipment Purchases - Non	\$0.00	\$774.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
	Capitalized							
4612	Restricted Reserve Expenditures	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
4715	Housing Assistance Payments	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
4801	Depreciation Expense	\$0.00	\$230,669.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
4600	TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	\$10,000.00	\$242,737.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
4000	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$376,786.00	\$549,773.00	\$406,420.00	-26.1%	\$564.47		

	Consolidated Budget (400-1) for all state-aided 667 (Elderly), 200 (family), and 705 (scattered site family) developments							
	owned by Topsfield Housing Authority.							
SUMMARY								
Account		2022 Approved	2022 Actual Amounts	2023 Approved	% Change from 2022 Actual to	2023 Dollars Budgeted per Unit per		
Number	Account Class	Budget		Budget	2023 Budget	Month		
3000	TOTAL REVENUE	\$368,157.00	\$343,224.00	\$406,420.00	18.4%	\$564.47		
4000	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$376,786.00	\$549,773.00	\$406,420.00	-26.1%	\$564.47		
2700	NET INCOME (DEFICIT)	\$-8,629.00	\$-206,549.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		
7520	Replacements of Equip Capitalized	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
7540	Betterments & Additions - Capitalized	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
7500	TOTAL NONOPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0%	\$0.00		
7600	EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$-8,629.00	\$-206,549.00	\$0.00	-100%	\$0.00		

### **Explanation of Budget Accounts**

The following explains how each of the line items is to be prepared.

<u>3110:</u> Shelter Rent: The shelter rent projection should be based on the current rent roll plus anticipated changes expected from annual rent re-determinations or as a result of regulatory amendments.

<u>3111: Shelter Rent – Tenants - Fraud/Retroactive</u>: This account should be used for the reporting of total rent receipts from residents due to unreported income. These are often called fraud or retroactive balances. In cases where deficit LHAs discover, pursue cases, and have entered into a written fraud/retroactive repayment agreement with a present or former tenant who did not report income, the LHA will be allowed to retain two-thirds of the funds recovered. One third of the total dollar amount recovered should be included in the LHA's quarterly or year-end Operating Statement as Shelter Rent, account #3111, and two-thirds of this total dollar amount should be included in Other Revenue-Retained, account #3691.

<u>3115:</u> Shelter Rent - Section 8: This account applies only to those developments receiving support through the federal government's Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 8 New Construction and/or Substantial Rehab Programs.

<u>3190: Non-Dwelling Rental:</u> This account should be credited with the rents, other than tenants rents reported in line 3110 and 3115, including charges for utilities and equipment, billed to lessees of non-dwelling facilities as well as apartments rented for non-dwelling purposes, such as social service programs.

<u>3400: Administrative Fee- MRVP/AHVP</u>: This account should be credited with Administrative Fees to be received for the MRVP/AHVP Program. The MRVP/AHVP administrative fee is \$50.00 per unit per month, as of July 1, 2020.

<u>3610:</u> Interest on Investments – Unrestricted: This account should be credited with interest earned on unrestricted administrative fund investments.

<u>3611:</u> Interest on Investments – Restricted: This account should be credited with interest earned on restricted administrative fund investments. For example, an LHA may receive a grant whose use is restricted to a specific purpose, and the interest income earned on that grant may also be restricted to the same purpose.

<u>3690:</u> Other Operating Revenues: This account should be credited with income from the operation of the project that cannot be otherwise classified. Income credits to this account include, but are not limited to, penalties for delinquent payments, rental of equipment, charges for use of community space, charges to other projects or programs for the use of central office management and maintenance space, commissions and profits from vending machines, including washing machines, and certain charges to residents for additional services, materials, and/or repairs of damage caused by neglect or abuse in accordance with the Department's regulations on lease provisions.

<u>3691: Other Revenue – Retained</u>: This account should be credited with certain miscellaneous revenue to be <u>retained</u> by the LHA, and which is not used to reduce the amount of operating subsidy the LHA is due. The most common examples for this account is receipts for the rental of roof antennas to cell phone providers and net meter credits earned on electricity bills from Net Meter Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). Generally, surplus LHAs may retain 100% of these savings and deficit LHAs may retain 25% of the savings, with

the 75% balance used to offset its need for operating subsidy. However, for the period 7/1/16 through 6/30/20, all deficit LHAs may keep 100% of the net meter credit savings, while they can keep 50% effective 7/1/2020.

<u>3692: Other Revenue - Operating Reserves:</u> This account should be credited with funds that LHAs plan to utilize from their operating reserve accounts in excess of the Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level (ANUEL). To be approvable, LHA must maintain the DHCD prescribed operating reserve minimum level after deducting the amount budgeted. The only exception to this is when the expenses are for health and safety issues.

<u>3693: Other Revenue – Net Meter:</u> This account should normally be credited with 75% of the total net meter credit savings realized by a deficit LHA, while surplus LHAs with net meter credit savings would enter \$0 here. Savings are calculated as the value of the net meter credits appearing on the LHA's electric bills (or, in some cases, paid in cash to the LHA by their utility company), minus the cost of the payments made to the solar power developer under their Power Purchase Agreement (PPA). Deficit LHAs normally may retain 25% of the savings. That amount should be included as Other Revenue – Retained on line #3691. However, please note that for the period 7/1/16 through 6/30/20 all LHAs may retain 100% of their total net meter credit savings, and should report those savings as Other Revenue – Retained on line #3691. LHAs can keep 50% of savings effective 7/1/2020.

<u>3801:</u> Operating Subsidy – DHCD (400-1): This account represents all state-funded operating subsidy to be received and or to be earned for the fiscal year. At the end of each fiscal year, this account will be adjusted in the operating statement to equal the actual subsidy earned by the LHA.

#### <u>3802: Operating Subsidy – MRVP/AHVP Landlords:</u>

The credit balance in this account represents the anticipated total receipts from DHCD during the fiscal year for housing assistance payments to landlords. At the end of each fiscal year this account will be adjusted to equal the actual subsidy earned.

<u>3920:</u> Gain/Loss from Sale or Disposition of Property (Capitalized or Non-Capitalized): The debit or credit balance of this account represents the following items: a) Cash proceeds from the sale of property that was either: 1) non-capitalized; or 2) capitalized and has been fully depreciated, and b) Realized gain or loss from the sale or disposition of capitalized properly that has not been fully depreciated.

<u>4110:</u> Administrative Salaries: This account should be charged with the gross salaries of LHA personnel engaged in administrative duties and in the supervision, planning, and direction of maintenance activities and operating services during the operations period. It should include the salaries of the executive director, assistant executive director, accountants, accounting clerks, clerks, secretaries, project managers, management aides, purchasing agents, engineers, draftsmen, maintenance superintendents, and all other employees assigned to administrative duties.

<u>4120: Compensated Absences:</u> The debit balance in this account represents the actual cost incurred during the fiscal year for vacation, paid holidays, vested sick leave and earned compensatory time. This account includes both the direct compensated absences cost and associated employer payroll expenses (employment taxes, pension cost, etc.).

<u>4130: Legal Expense:</u> This account should be charged with retainers and fees paid to attorneys for legal services relating to the operation of the projects.

<u>4140: Compensation to Authority Members:</u> A local authority may compensate its members for performance of their duties and such other services as they may render to the authority in connection with its Chapter 200 development(s). Compensation for any other program is not authorized. Because of this, LHAs must base such compensation only on the actual rent receipts for these developments plus a prorated share of other operating receipts of funds on a per unit basis. The precise amount that members may be compensated is defined by statute to a maximum of \$40 per member per day, and \$50 for the chairperson per day. The total of all compensation to all board members is not to exceed two percent (2%) of actual gross income of Chapter 200 developments in any given year, consistent with the approved budget amount. In no case shall the payment of compensation exceed \$12,500 annually for the chairperson, or \$10,000 for any member other than the chairperson. Please note the statute requires the member to perform housing authority business in order to receive compensation.

<u>4150:</u> Travel and Related Expense: Legitimate travel expenses incurred by board members and staff in the discharge of their duties for any **state-aided program** are reimbursable from this account, as consistent with Department policy.

<u>4170: Contractual Accounting Services:</u> Fees for accounting services that are provided routinely and are contracted for on an annual basis. Only accounting services performed on a contractual basis (fee accountant) should be included in this item. Full or part-time LHA accounting staff that provides routine accounting services should be included in Account 4110, Administrative Salaries.

<u>4171:</u> Audit Costs: This account includes the state program's prorated share of audit fees paid to an Independent Public Accountant (IPA). The procurement of an IPA is necessary to satisfy the Federal Government's audit requirements. Costs for these services should be shared with all state and federal programs of LHA. Audit costs are to be absorbed within the ANUEL. The new Agreed Upon procedures (AUP) audit costs for state-assisted public housing programs should also be included in this account.

<u>4180:</u> <u>Penalties and Interest:</u> Any expenses incurred from penalties, fees, and interest paid on delinquent accounts shall be included in this line item.

<u>4190: Administrative Other</u>: This account is provided for recording the cost of administrative items for which no specific amount is prescribed in this 4100 group of accounts. It includes, but is not limited to, the cost of such items as: reports and accounting forms; stationery and other office supplies; postage; telephone services; messenger service; rental of office space; advertising for bids; publications; membership dues; collection agency & court costs, training costs; management fees, and fiscal agent fees.

<u>4191: Tenant Organization: LTO Funding by the LHA</u>. Upon request the LHA shall fund all LTOs in a city or town at the annual rate of \$6.00 per state-aided public housing unit occupied or available for occupancy by residents represented by such LTO(s) or an annual total of \$500.00 prorated among all such LTO(s), whichever is more. For more information on the creation and funding of LTOs see 760 CMR 6.09.

Authorities which operate computer learning centers, which are funded by the state consolidated budget or by other sources (which are typically recorded in line #3691 as "Other Revenue Retained", should budget the cost of the centers on this line.

<u>4310: Water:</u> This account should be charged with the cost of water and sewer charges purchased for all purposes.

<u>4320: Electricity</u>: This account should be charged with the total cost of electricity purchased for all purposes. Many LHAs have entered into Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In these deals, an LHA executes a contract with a solar power developer who constructs and owns an off- site solar electricitygenerating site. In exchange for contracting to purchase a percentage of the solar power produced, the LHA receives a credit on its utility electric bill for each KWH purchased or in some cases receives a direct cash payment from their utility company. Please ensure that the amount charged to this account is the total cost of electricity BEFORE any reductions due to the receipt of net meter credits.

<u>4330: Gas:</u> This account should be charged with the cost of gas (natural, artificial, or liquefied) purchased for all purposes.

<u>4340:</u> Fuel: This account should be charged with the cost of coal, fuel oil, steam purchased, and any other fuels (except electricity and gas) used in connection with Local Housing Authority operation of plants for the heating of space or water supplied to tenants as a part of rent.

<u>4360: Net Meter Utility Debit/Energy Conservation:</u> This account is to be charged with costs incurred for energy conservation measures.

<u>4390:</u> Other Utilities: This account should be charged with the cost of utilities which are not provided for in accounts 4310 through 4360. In addition, for all quarterly or year-end operating statements 9/30/20 or later, and all budgets 6/30/21 or later, please use this line to record the total net meter credits earned as reported in Line 4392, MINUS the Solar Operator Costs reported in Line 4391, with the result expressed as a positive number. For example, if you reported -\$20,000 in Net Meter Utility Credits in Line 4392 and \$15,000 in Solar Operator Costs in Line 4391, you would subtract the \$15,000 reported on Line 4391 from the -\$20,000 reported on Line 4392, and post the remainder of \$5,000 on Line 4360, as a positive number. This number essentially represents the "net" savings the LHA earned from its net meter credit contract.

<u>4391: Solar Operator Costs:</u> Many LHAs have entered into Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In these deals, an LHA executes a contract with a solar power developer who constructs and owns an off-site solar electricity-generating site. The LHA makes regular (usually monthly) payments to the developer for its contracted share of the solar electricity produced by the site. Those payments should be entered in this account.

<u>4392: Net Meter Utility Credit (Negative Amount):</u> As noted in account #4391 above, many LHAs have executed Net Meter Credit Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's). In exchange for contracting to purchase a percentage of the solar power produced, the LHA receives a credit on its utility electric bill for each KWH purchased from the developer, which reduces the balance on its electric bill, or, in some cases, the credits are paid in cash to the LHA by the utility company. The total gross amount of the net meter credits that appear on the LHA's utility bills should be carried in this account and entered as a negative number. In cases where credits are paid in cash to the Host LHA, the net balance after paying out the amounts due the participating housing authorities, should also be carried in this account and entered as a negative number.

<u>4410:</u> Maintenance Labor: This account should be charged with the gross salaries and wages, or applicable portions thereof, for LHA personnel engaged in the routine maintenance of the project.

<u>4420:</u> <u>Materials & Supplies</u>: This account should be charged with the cost of materials, supplies, and expendable equipment used in connection with the routine maintenance of the project. This includes the operation and maintenance of automotive and other movable equipment, and the cost of materials, supplies, and expendable equipment used in connection with operating services such as janitorial services, elevator services, extermination of rodents and household pests, and rubbish and garbage collection.

<u>4430: Contract Costs:</u> This account should be charged with contract costs (i.e. the cost of services for labor, materials, and supplies furnished by a firm or by persons other than Local Authority employees) incurred in connection with the routine maintenance of the project, including the maintenance of automotive and other movable equipment. This account should also be charged with contract costs incurred in connection with such operating services as janitorial services, fire alarm and elevator service, extermination of rodents and household pests, rubbish and garbage collection, snow removal, landscape services, oil burner maintenance, etc.

<u>4510:</u> Insurance: Includes the total amount of premiums charged all forms of insurance. Fire and extended coverage, crime, and general liability are handled by DHCD on a statewide basis. All other necessary insurance policies include: Workers' Compensation, boiler, vehicle liability and owner, etc.

#### 4520: Payments in Lieu of Taxes:

This account should be charged with all payments in lieu of taxes accruing to a municipality or other local taxing body.

<u>4540:</u> Employee Benefits: This account should be charged with local housing authority contributions to employee benefit plans such as pension, retirement, and health and welfare plans. It should also be charged with administrative expenses paid to the State or other public agencies in connection with a retirement plan, if such payment is required by State Law, and with Trustee's fees paid in connection with a private retirement plan, if such payment is required under the retirement plan contract.

Employee benefits are based upon a given percentage of the total payroll; therefore, the total amount approved in this account will be based on the approved budgeted salaries representing the state's fair share.

<u>4541: Employee Benefits - GASB 45: This line covers "</u>Other Post-Employment Benefits" (OPEB). Of the total benefits offered by employers to attract and retain qualified employees, some benefits, including salaries and active-employee healthcare are taken while the employees are in active service, whereas other benefits, including post-employment healthcare and other OPEB are taken after the employees' services have ended. Nevertheless, both types of benefits constitute compensation for employee services. In accordance with required accounting practices, this amount is not projected in the budget (and is therefore blank) but the estimated future costs of this item is carried in the operating statement.

<u>4542: Pension Expense – GASB 68:</u> The primary objective of GASB 68 Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for pension costs. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. As with account 4541 above, in accordance with required accounting practices, this amount is not projected in the budget (and is therefore blank) but the estimated future costs of this item is carried in the operating statement.

<u>4570:</u> Collection Loss: The balance in this account represents the estimated expense to cover unexpected losses for tenant rents. Note: Do not include losses from fraud/retroactive balances here. Report them in Account 4571 – Collection Loss – Fraud/Retroactive.

<u>4571: Collection Loss – Fraud/Retroactive:</u> The balance in this account represents the estimated expense to cover unexpected losses for tenant rents due to unreported income, i.e. fraud/retroactive balances.

<u>4580:</u> Interest Expense: The debit balance in this account represents the interest expense paid and accrued on loans and notes payable. This debt can be from operating borrowings or capital borrowings.

<u>4590:</u> Other General Expense: This account represents the cost of all items of general expenses for which no specific account is prescribed in the general group of accounts.

<u>4610:</u> Extraordinary Maintenance – Non-Capitalized: This account should be debited with all *costs* (labor, materials and supplies, expendable equipment (such as many tools or routine repair parts), and contract work) of repairs, replacements (but not replacements of non-expendable equipment), and rehabilitation of such a substantial nature that the work is clearly not a part of the routine maintenance and operating program. The items charged to this account should not increase the useful life or value of the asset being repaired. These items are not capitalized and are not added as an increase to fixed assets at the time of completion. Nor are these items depreciated. An example of this would be scheduled repainting of apartments.

<u>4611: Equipment Purchases – Non-Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the costs of equipment that does not meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization. Because these items are being expended when paid, they should not be categorized as a fixed asset and therefore will not be depreciated. These items include stoves, refrigerators, small tools, most computers and software, etc.

The budget is a planning tool and as our portfolio ages it is essential that LHAs evaluate their properties annually and plan for extraordinary maintenance. To that end DHCD very strongly recommends that for all 400-1 operating budgets, depending on the age of the portfolio and condition, LHAs spend between \$100 and \$500 a year per unit in Extraordinary Maintenance, Equipment Purchases, Replacement of Equipment, and Betterments & Additions to ensure that the aging public housing stock is preserved.

<u>4715:</u> Housing Assistance Payments: This account should be debited with all housing assistance payments paid to landlords for the MRVP program on a monthly basis.

<u>4801: Depreciation Expense:</u> This account should be debited with annual fixed asset depreciation expenses as determined by the LHA's capitalization policy.

<u>7520: Replacement of Equipment – Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the acquisition cost (only the net cash amount) of non-expendable equipment purchased as a replacement of equipment of substantially the same kind. These items, such as vehicles, computers, or furniture, meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization and will also be added to fixed assets and therefore depreciated over the useful life.

<u>7540: Betterments & Additions – Capitalized:</u> This account should be debited with the acquisition cost (only the net cash amount) of non-expendable equipment and major non-routine repairs that are classified as a betterment or addition. These items meet the LHA's criteria for capitalization and will also be added to fixed

assets and therefore depreciated over the useful life of the asset. Examples are: major roof replacement, structural repairs such as siding, or major paving work.

In accordance with GAAP accounting, inventory purchases (Replacement of Equipment and Betterments & Additions) are distinguished between capitalized and non-capitalized items. Any inventory or equipment purchase greater than \$5,000 is required by DHCD to be capitalized, inventoried and depreciated. Any inventory or equipment purchase costing \$1,000 to \$4,999 should be inventoried by LHA staff for control purposes only but is not subject to capitalization or depreciation, it is, however, required to be expensed when the items are paid for. An LHA's inventory listing should include both capitalized and non-capitalized items of \$1,000 and more, as well as all refrigerators and stoves of any value. All items that appear on the inventory listing should be tagged with a unique identification number, and all refrigerators and stoves (regardless of value) should be tagged. LHAs may adopt a capitalization policy that capitalizes inventory purchases at a lesser amount than the \$5,000 requirement (i.e. \$1,000 - \$4,999); however, no capitalization policy can have an amount higher than \$5,000. Any inventory or equipment purchases costing \$0 to \$999 are to be expensed when paid for.

#### PMR Narrative Responses

# Narrative Responses to the Performance Management Review (PMR) Findings

PMRs are conducted for most LHAs on a biennial basis. This year there is no PMR record for this Housing Authority.

# Explanation of PMR Criteria Ratings

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Management	
Occupancy Rate	<ul> <li>The rating is calculated using the following formula: (Total Number of Occupied units on Monthly Report divided by (Total Number of Units Minus Units that Received a Waiver Minus Number of Units Vacant less than 30 days on Monthly Report)</li> <li>"No Findings": Occupancy Rate is at or above 98%</li> <li>Operational Guidance: Occupancy rate is at 95% up to 97.9%</li> <li>Corrective Action: Adjusted occupancy rate is less than 95%</li> </ul>
Tenant Accounts Receivable (TAR)	<ul> <li>This criterion calculates the percentage of uncollected rent and related charges owed by starting with the amount reported by the LHA, as uncollected balances for the TAR (Account 1122 from the Balance Sheet) minus Normal Repayment Agreements* divided by Shelter (Tenant) Rent (account 3110 from the Operating Statement)</li> <li>"No Findings" : At or below 2%</li> <li>"Operational Guidance": More than 2% , but less than 5%</li> <li>"Corrective Action": 5% or more</li> </ul>
Certifications and Reporting Submissions	<ul> <li>Housing authorities are required to submit 4 quarterly vacancy certifications by end of the month following quarter end; 4 quarterly operating statements and 4 Tenant Accounts Receivable (TAR) reports within 60 days of quarter end.</li> <li>"No Findings": At least 11 of the required 12 reports were submitted and at least 9 were submitted on time.</li> <li>"Operational Guidance": Less than 11 of the required 12 reports were submitted and/or less than 9 were submitted on time.</li> </ul>
Board Member Training	<ul> <li>Percentage of board members that have completed the mandatory online board member training.</li> <li>"No Findings" : 80% or more completed training</li> <li>"Operational Guidance" : 60-79.9% completed training</li> <li>"Corrective Action" : &lt;60 % completed training</li> </ul>
Staff Certifications and Training	<ul> <li>Each LHA must have at least one staff member complete a relevant certification or training During the fiscal year. The number of required trainings varies by LHA size.</li> <li>No Findings: LHAs completed the required number of trainings Corrective Action: LHAs have not completed any trainings</li> </ul>
Annual Plan (AP) Submitted	<ul> <li>Housing authorities are required to submit an annual plan every year.</li> <li>"No Findings" =Submitted on time</li> <li>"Operational Guidance" =Up to 45 days late</li> <li>"Corrective Action" =More than 45 days late</li> </ul>

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
СНАМР	
Paper applications	<ul> <li>Paper applications are available, received and entered into CHAMP</li> <li>No Findings: Paper applications are available; And paper applications are date and time stamped correctly; And 90% of new paper applications are entered into CHAMP within 15 calendar days of date/time stamp; And 2% or less of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after date/time stamp</li> <li>Operational Guidance: Paper applications are available; And paper applications are date and time stamped and entered correctly; And 75% - 89% of new paper applications are entered into CHAMP within 15 calendar days; And 3% - 5% of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after date/time stamp</li> <li>Corrective Action: Paper applications are not available; Or the LHA has failed to date and time stamp paper applications and/or failed to enter them correctly; Or Less than 75% of new paper applications are entered into CHAMP within 15 calendar days of date/time stamp; Or more than 5% of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after date/time stamp; Or more than 5% of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after date stamp; Or more than 5% of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after date/time stamp; Or more than 5% of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after date/time stamp; Or more than 5% of new paper applications are entered more than 30 days after</li> </ul>
Vacancies occupied using CHAMP	<ul> <li>Vacancies are recorded correctly and occupied using CHAMP</li> <li>No Findings: All vacancies during the fiscal year are recorded in DHCD's Housing Applications Vacancy System within 30 days; And the housed Applicant ID and Pull List ID match between DHCD's Housing Applications Vacancy System and CHAMP for unit occupied during the fiscal year, excluding administrative transfers; And 25% or less of occupied units have data entry errors</li> <li>Operational Guidance: All vacancies during the fiscal year are recorded in DHCD's Housing Applications Vacancy System, all vacancies are not recorded within 30 days; Or the Housed Applicant ID and Pull List ID match between DHCD's Housing Applications Vacancy System and CHAMP for units occupied during the fiscal year, excluding administrative transfers; And greater than 25% of occupied units have data entry errors</li> <li>Corrective Action: All vacancies during the fiscal year are not recorded in DHCD's Housing Applications Vacancy System; Or the Housed Applicant ID and Pull List ID do not match (or data is missing) between DHCD's Housing Applications Vacancy System and CHAMP for units occupied during the fiscal year, excluding administrative transfers</li> </ul>

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Financial	
Adjusted Net Income	The Adjusted Net Income criterion calculation starts with an LHA's Net Income and subtracts Depreciation, GASB 45 (Retirement Costs), GASB 68 (Retirement Costs), Extraordinary Maintenance (maintenance expense outside of routine/ordinary expenses), and Equipment Purchases – Non Capitalized. This Adjusted Net Income amount is then divided by the Total Expenses of the LHA. If this Adjusted Net Income amount is positive, it means underspending and if it is negative it means overspending. Underspending Rating: • "No Findings" : 0 to 9.9% • "Operational Guidance": 10 to 14.9% • "Corrective Action": 15% or higher Overspending Rating: • "No Findings" : 0 to -4.9% • "Operational Guidance": -5% to -9.9% • "Corrective Action": -10% or below
Operating Reserves	<ul> <li>Current Operating Reserve as a percentage of total maximum reserve level. Appropriate reserve level is buffer against any unforeseen events or expenditures.</li> <li>"No Findings" :35%+ of maximum operating reserve</li> <li>"Operational Guidance": 20% to 34.9% of maximum operating reserve</li> <li>"Corrective Action": &lt;20% of maximum operating reserve</li> </ul>
Capital Planning	
Capital Spending	<ul> <li>Under the Formula Funding Program (FF), authorities receive undesignated funds to spend on projects in their Capital Improvement Plan. They are rated on the percentage of available funds they have spent over a three-year period</li> <li>"No Findings" = at least 80%</li> <li>"Operational Guidance" = At least 50%</li> <li>"Corrective Action" = Less than 50%</li> </ul>

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Health & Safety	
Health & safety violations	DHCD has observed conditions at the LHA's developments and reported health and safety violations. The LHA has certified the number of corrected violations in each category.
Facility Management – Inspection Standards and Practices 100% Unit Inspections	<ul> <li>All units inspected at LHA during FY under review</li> <li>No Findings: 100% of units inspected Corrective Action: Less than 100% of units inspected</li> </ul>
LHA Inspections Reports/Work Orders	<ul> <li>Unit inspection reports create, track, and report work orders for inspection repairs, and inspection WOs completed within 30 days or add to DM/CIP</li> <li>No Findings: All inspection work orders/lease violations are created, tracked, and reported; And non-health and safety work orders for inspection repairs/lease violations are completed within 30 days or added to DM/CIP; And health and safety work orders for inspection repairs/lease violations are addressed within 48 hours</li> <li>Operational Guidance: All health and safety inspection work orders/lease violations are created, tracked, reported and completed within 48 hours; And LHA fail to create, track, or report no more than 1 or 2 (based on LHA size) non-EHS (exigent health and safety) deficiencies; Or LHA failed to complete any non-EHS work orders/lease violations appropriately</li> <li>Corrective Action: Any EHS work orders/lease violations not created, tracked, reported, or completed; Or 1 of the following: LHA failed to create, track or report (small LHA); b) More than 2 non-EHS deficiencies (Medium/Large)</li> </ul>
Accuracy of LHA Inspections	<ul> <li>Unit inspection reports accurately reflect necessary repairs</li> <li>No Findings: c.667 unit has less than 2 EHS deficiencies and c.200/705 unit has less than 3 EHS deficiencies</li> <li>Operational Guidance: c.667 unit has 2 EHS deficiencies or c.200/705 has 3 EHS deficiencies</li> <li>Corrective Action: c.667 has equal to or greater than 3 EHS deficiencies or c.200/705 unit has equal to or greater than 4 EHS deficiencies</li> </ul>
Facility Management – Vacancy Turnover Standards and Practices	

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION
Vacancy Turnover Work Orders	<ul> <li>Work orders created for every vacancy and completed within 30 days (or waiver requested)</li> <li>No Findings: Vacancy work orders are created, tracked and reported for every unit and reflect all work in unit; And Vacancy work orders are Maintenance Ready in &lt;=30 days for c.667 units or &lt;=45 days for c.200/705 units or have approved waiver</li> <li>Operational Guidance: Vacancy work orders are created, tracked and reported for every unit; And work orders do not reflect all work completed in unit; Or vacancy work orders are Maintenance Ready in 31-45 days for c.667 and 46-60 days for c.200/705 and no approved waiver</li> <li>Corrective Action: Vacancy work orders are not created, tracked and reported for every unit; Or vacancy work orders are Maintenance Ready in 31-45 days for c.667 and 46-60 days for c.200/705 and no approved waiver</li> </ul>
Accuracy and Standard of Vacancy Turnovers	<ul> <li>Vacancy turnover work orders accurately reflect necessary repairs         <ul> <li>No Findings: c.667 unit less than 2 EHS deficiencies and c.200/705 less than 3 EHS deficiencies</li> <li>Operational Guidance: c.667 2 EHS deficiencies or c.200/705 3 EHS deficiencies</li> </ul> </li> <li>Corrective Action: c.667 equal to or greater than 3 EHS deficiencies or c.200/705 equal to or greater than 4 EHS deficiencies</li> </ul>
Facility Management – Preventative Maintenance Standards and Practices	
LHA Preventative Maintenance Schedule Accuracy and Implementation of Preventative Schedules	<ul> <li>LHA preventative maintenance schedule accurately reflects all necessary work to maximize the life of LHA components <ul> <li>No Findings: c.667 unit less than 2 EHS deficiencies and c.200/705 less than 3 EHS deficiencies</li> <li>Operational Guidance: c.667 2 EHS deficiencies or c.200/705 3 EHS deficiencies</li> <li>Corrective Action: c.667 equal to or greater than 3 EHS deficiencies or c.200/705 equal to or greater than 4 EHS deficiencies</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Work Order Types and Systems	
Emergency Work Orders	<ul> <li>All emergency work orders are created, tracked, reported and completed within 48 hours</li> <li>No Findings: All emergency work orders under review are created, tracked, reported and completed within 48 hours</li> <li>Operational Guidance: All emergency work orders completed within 48 hours; Less than 100% but greater than or equal to 80% of work orders under review are correctly created, tracked and reported administratively</li> </ul>

CRITERION	DESCRIPTION				
	<ul> <li>Corrective Action: Not all emergency work orders are completed within 48 hours; Or less than 80% of work orders under review are correctly created, tracked and reported administratively</li> </ul>				
Requested Work	All requested work orders are created, tracked, reported and completed				
Orders	within 14 days or added to DM/CIP				
	<ul> <li>No Findings: All requested work orders under review are created,</li> </ul>				
	tracked, and reported; All work is complete within 14 days or added to DM/CIP				
	<ul> <li>Operational Guidance: All requested work orders completed within</li> </ul>				
	14 days or added to DM/CIP; And less than 100% of work orders under review are correctly created, tracked and reported				
	Corrective Action: Not all requested work orders are completed within 14				
	days or added to DM/CIP				

# **Policies**

The following policies are currently in force at the Topsfield Housing Authority:

Policy	Last Ratified by Board Vote	Notes
*Rent Collection Policy	12/12/2019	
*Personnel Policy	06/10/2021	
*Capitalization Policy	02/11/2016	
*Procurement Policy	12/14/2015	
*Grievance Policy	08/13/2020	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	02/13/2020	Wildlife feeding policy
Credit/Debit Card Policy	12/14/2015	
Parking	03/12/2015	
Emergency Response Plan	04/09/2015	
Pet Policy	08/20/2015	
Smoking Policy	01/14/2016	
Investment Policy	02/16/2017	
Travel Policy	04/15/2016	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	07/14/2018	deferred maintenance policy
Community Room Use	01/14/2016	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	02/12/2015	maintenance clothing policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	09/15/2014	laundry room policy

Policy	Last Ratified by Board Vote	Notes
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	02/11/2016	write off policy
Anti-Discriminatory Harassment Policy	10/13/1993	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	04/15/2016	disposition policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	02/16/2017	occupancy policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	05/10/2018	work order procedure policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	02/16/2017	investment policy
Criminal Offender Records Information (CORI) Policy	06/08/2017	
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	02/13/2020	preventative maintenance policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	12/01/2014	A/C policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	12/01/2014	ceiling fan policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	12/01/2014	outdoor grill and firepit policy
Other – Define in the 'Notes' column	12/09/2021	Space Heater Policy
Reasonable Accommodations Policy	09/09/2021	
Fair Housing Marketing Plan	07/14/2022	
Language Access Plan	09/08/2022	

\* Starred policies are required by DHCD. Policies without a "Latest Revision" date are not yet in force.

The list of policies has been provided by the LHA and has not been verified by DHCD.

## **Waivers**

Topsfield Housing Authority has received the following waivers from DHCD's regulations. This list does not include vacancy waivers, pet waivers, or any waivers that would release personally identifiable tenant or applicant data.

Description	Reason	Date Waiver Approved by DHCD	Date Expired
Waiver to join RCAT	Because they are great and very helpful to the HA.	07/01/2019	06/30/2023

The list of waivers has been provided by the LHA and has not been verified by DHCD.

#### Glossary

- **ADA**: Americans with Disabilities Act. Often used as shorthand for accessibility related issues or improvements.
- AHVP: Alternative Housing Voucher Program
- Alternative Housing Voucher Program provides rental vouchers to disabled applicants who are not elderly and who have been determined eligible for Chapter 667 (elderly and disabled) housing.
- Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level (ANUEL) is the amount of non-utility expense allowed for each local housing authority based upon the type(s) of housing programs administered.
- ANUEL: Allowable Non-Utility Expense Level
- AP: Annual Plan
- Annual Plan: A document prepared by each Local Housing Authority, incorporating the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), Maintenance and Repair Plan, Budget, responses to the Performance Management Review, and other elements.
- Cap Share is the amount of Formula Funding spending approved by DHCD for each year.
- **Capital Funds**: Funds provided by DHCD to an LHA for the modernization and preservation of state-aided public housing, including Formula Funds and Special Capital Funds.
- **Capital Needs Assessment**, similar to the CIP, often used for developments in the Section 8 New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation program. Such developments are generally not eligible for state capital funds and therefore do not participate in the CIP process. However, to track their ongoing capital needs and plan for construction projects to address those needs, they often conduct a CNA to determine when building systems will wear out and need to be replaced, and what replacement will cost, so they can plan the ensure that the necessary funding will be available
- **Capital Projects** are projects that add significant value to an asset or replace building systems or components. Project cost must be greater than \$1000.
- **CIMS** is a web-based software system used for creating CIP's and Annual Plans. For the CIP, the CIMS program allows the LHA to prioritize, select and schedule projects, assign funding sources and direct project spending to specific fiscal years to create a CIP that is consistent with the LHA's FF award amount and FF cap shares, plus any additional funding resources the LHA has identified. The LHA submits its CIP and DHCD conducts its review of the LHA's CIP in CIMS. For the Annual Plan CIMS imports data from other DHCD systems and combines that with data entered by the LHA.
- **CIP**: A Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a five (5) year plan which identifies capital projects, provides a planning scope, schedule and budget for each capital project and identifies options for financing and implementing the plan. The contents of a CIP are limited to available resources. An approved CIP is required in order to receive Formula Funds.
- **CNA:** Capital Needs Assessment

- **CPS** is DHCD's transparent Web-based capital planning system that catalogues the condition of every building and site in the statewide public housing portfolio, providing LHAs with detailed technical information to make strategic long-term capital investments. It includes a Facility Condition Index (FCI) for every development that compares the value of expired components of a development relative to its replacement cost.
- **Deferred Maintenance** is maintenance, upgrades, or repairs that are deferred to a future budget cycle or postponed for some other reason. Sometimes it is referred to as extraordinary maintenance.
- **Deficit housing authority:** a housing authority whose income (mainly from rent) does not cover all its normal operating costs in its approved operating budget, and which therefore operates at a deficit and requires operating subsidy from DHCD.
- DHCD: Massachusetts Department of Housing & Community Development
- **Extraordinary Maintenance**: see the description for budget line 4610 in the Explanation of Budget Accounts in the Budget Section of this Annual Plan.
- **FF**: Formula Funding
- **Formula Funding** is state bond funding allocated to each LHA according to the condition (needs) of its portfolio in comparison to the entire state-aided public housing portfolio.
- FYE: Fiscal Year End
- **HHA Administrative Fee** is the fee paid to an HHA from the RCAT Program budget.
- **HHA**: Host Housing Authority for the RCAT program.

Host Housing Authority (HHA). An LHA selected by the Department to employ and oversee an RCAT.

- HUD: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
- LHA: Local Housing Authority
- LTO: Local Tenants Organization
- Management and Occupancy Report: This is an annual HUD review process that is used to evaluate the performance of developments in various HUD housing programs, including the Section 8 New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation program, which some LHAs operate. It is similar to the state PMR process in that it evaluates LHA performance on variety of financial, housing quality, and other standards
- Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) is a state-funded program that provides rental subsidies to low-income families and individuals.
- MOR: Management and Occupancy Report
- **MRVP**: Massachusetts Rental V DHCD's annual review of each housing authority's performance. It pulls together data on the authority's occupancy rates, tenant accounts receivables, accounts payable, budget variance, operating reserve, capital improvement plan submission, capital spending, annual inspections and work order and maintenance systems to identify and address areas of strength and areas for development. Its goal is to allow DHCD and the LHA to

take a deep dive into the data, lift up best practices, and work together towards improving operations oucher Program.

#### Performance Management Review (PMR):

- **PMR**: Performance Management Review
- **RCAT**: Regional Capital Assistance Team
- **Regional Capital Assistance Team**: One of three organizations employed at HHAs designated by the Department to carry out the RCAT Program.
- Sec.8 NC/SR (or S8NCSR): Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation
- Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation (Sec.8 NC/SR): This term refers to a federal HUD housing program operated at a small number of state public housing developments whose construction was funded by state grants, but whose ongoing operating costs are supported by project-based subsidies from HUD's federal Section 8 program, rather than from state public housing operating funds..
- **Special Awards**: In addition to allocations to each LHA, DHCD has created limited set aside funds to provide for extreme emergency or code compliance needs which are beyond the capacity of an LHA's current FF balance.
- **Surplus housing authority:** a housing authority whose income (mainly from rent) covers all its normal operating costs in its approved operating budget, and which therefore operates at a surplus and does not require operating subsidy from DHCD.

## **Attachments**

The following items have been uploaded as attachments to this Annual Plan.

Due to the COVID-19 emergency, on-site Performance Management Review (PMR) assessments by the Facilities Management Specialists were cancelled for the December fiscal year end housing authorities. Therefore, the Facility Management categories have been omitted from the PMR document.

- Topsfield LTO (T/A) Letter
- Public Comments
- Cover sheet for tenant satisfaction surveys
- Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
- Tenant Satisfaction Survey 667 Program
- Board Approval Topsfield

May 24, 2023 Topsfield Housing Authority (THA) Diane Drinan, Executive Director THA Commission Board of Directors 69 Washington St. Topsfield, MA 01983

Tenant Response to the 2024 Annual Plan

Dear Ms. Drinan and Board Members:

This is my eighth year responding to the annual capital improvement plans for the Topsfield Housing Authority; Yet, Fiscal Year 2024 has proven to be the most difficult to assess and therefore, has impacted our ability to present a line by line item evaluation to the Board. As tenants we noted two key issues. First, the lack of continuity and/or capital improvement progress between each year's respective Annual Plan prevents any reasonable evaluation and may have further alienated residents to bother participating in future tenant meetings. Second, the lack of strategies to deal with the physical deterioration of the property has resulted in a yearly reorganization of a five year plan to deal with emergency safety issues on an annual basis.

We concluded that the Annual Plan should be more than a boiler plate of ongoing emergency repairs. It requires rethinking the way we communicate to be more inclusionary in identifying preventative maintenance, more transparent in management decision making and more creative in our financial solutions. We want the annual plan to reflect our long term strategies to restore the THA into a viable source of affordable housing for eligible disabled and senior residents. We believe that without changing the mindset behind this document, we are merely perpetuating wishful thinking.

For example, prior to the emergence of Covid and its subsequent restrictions, the THA Board approved and prioritized paving the circular drive around the Housing Authority Clubhouse and Office to deal with hazardous roadway conditions affecting resident safety. It was the understanding of residents that the paving of the *areas outside the loop* would be done sometime in the future. For whatever reason, that initial project was delayed and is now the basis of an expanded plan to pave the entire roadway and parking areas throughout the complex in FY2024, absorbing the majority of capital improvement funds as an emergency safety prioritization. As someone who has fallen on this pavement and seriously hurt herself, I must recuse myself from the discussion about this reclassification. However, the fact that residents are both confused and angry about the capital improvement process and the reprioritization that occurred over an approved siding project that has been consistently postponed is the focal point of this letter.

From the beginning, the loop paving project placement within long term capital improvements has been difficult to understand. Although the project was scheduled as an emergency safety

precaution a year prior to Covid, no action has been taken thus far. In other words, this safety hazard prevailed over 4 years without any short term solutions such as temporarily patching the potholes or crumbling pavement edges. Consequently, escalating this capital improvement to interfere with a much needed continuation of a siding project makes little sense to tenants. It also offers no insight into long term planning goals regarding deteriorating physical property hazards. Tenants want to know where were the concerns about issues of safety and liability during the past four years when the paving of the loop was not implemented? How many residents need to fall before any corrective action is taken including filling in the holes and cracks until such time as the entire facility could be repaved? Failure to address these questions highlights the lack of communication and unwillingness to actually identify or even compromise and find solutions, even if temporary.

To further confuse matters, two years ago, the Tenants and the Board entered a healthy discussion about proposed capital improvement projects. At that time, residents requested and received full Board support to convert the painting project to a siding project with a proposed starting date in FY2023. With the exception of the building trim, the siding on Building One was completed and Phase Two was scheduled to begin in FY2024. The siding project has been an emotional, collective effort between residents, management and theTHA Board. This project was scheduled to begin over 5 years ago, but emergency unplanned expenses took precedence in the capital improvement planning process. In this year's plan, Phase two is now pushed out to 2028, to accommodate an extensive repaving of roadways and parking areas in the development, while the buildings will continue to deteriorate with peeling paint, rotted wood slats and frames and the landscape remains untrimmed and the lawn bare and unfertilized in many sections of the property. This is a housing development that won architectural landscaping awards over 20 years ago and is now often referred to by town residents as the rundown senior complex. Is there any wonder why we are not viewed as an asset to a town with a growing population over the age of 60?

In summary, many Little Book Village residents were previous homeowners in Massachusetts or New England, who have chosen to live in affordable rental apartments in their senior years. It is no surprise, then, that residents requested siding to improve the exterior buildings and have worked individually at their own expense to improve the common property areas through tree and flower planting, soil fertilization, and lawn seed. Completion of Building One siding supported the long postponed building improvements waylaid during the past seven years due to emergency repairs that have overridden simple maintenance projects to escalate into major capital improvements. We also believe that other financial commitments listed on the capital improvement chart such as bath enclosure replacements with walk-in showers or full replacement of 13 building water heaters can be delayed to allow continuation of the siding project. Without prioritization of established measurable goals, we confront a new set of emergencies each year creating a pushback on planned capital improvements and a lack of accountability on proposed and actual project implementation and escalating capital improvement costs.

While I know if the Executive Director locates some financial support or grant money becomes available for these discussed projects, our Executive Director would move mountains to pursue Phase Two of the painting/siding project. When we talk about a changing mindset needed to improve the significance of the Annual Plan, however, we don't mean tenants want to relinquish their knowledge of our financial standing. Residents don't want to be surprised but want to actively know where the THA stands financially and not have long range plans decided without our input. Yet, that is what has consistently happened. Tenants under CMR 760 have the right to be involved in capital improvement plans; yet, the meetings with the architect and contractor for Building One did not include any tenant, Tenant Association officer or THA board member. The contractor was outstanding, but the neglect to include the building trim, the 2 day notice to residents and the destruction of flower gardens and shrubs, exterior lighting systems, etc., highlighted a communications gap. Exclusion enhances and perpetuates the feeling that we are not capable of making decisions about where we live and actually detracts from the success of the Executive Director.

As with many organizations, people have short term memories and need to be reminded about accomplishments. When I moved into Little Brook Village there were not enough parking spaces for resident vehicles. While this goal was met, our input was excluded and recent references to improve visitor parking or access to our mail suggest a continuation of this approach. Tenant Questions often have evasive responses or are answered with references to loyalty or trust, but we want to be knowledgeable based on access to information and input to decisions affecting our day to day activities.

My point is that residents live here. This is our home. What may be appealing to the Executive Director or to a Board member may be of no value to a resident. Making small improvements to our living space makes it comfortable to be living in senior housing and that comfortableness is the way for residents to share why they like their living arrangements in our community, thus promoting town awareness of the value of affordable housing. No one wants to invest in something viewed as an eyesore nor listen to residents who feel they have no input about the conditions where they live.

On behalf of the residents of Little Brook Village of the Topsfield Housing Authority, I humbly submit these comments as an attachment to the 2024 Annual Plan.

Kathleen L. Hunt President LBV Tenant Association

# Topsfield Housing Authority Annual Plan Hearing

We had our Annual Plan Hearing on June 8<sup>th</sup>, 2023. Other than the LTO letter there were no other public comments.

Diane Drinan Executive Director

## **Resident Surveys – Background**

Since 2016 DHCD has been working with the Center for Survey Research (CSR) at the University of Massachusetts Boston to survey residents in the state public housing units it oversees. The surveys are confidential, mailed directly to residents, and returned to CSR by mail (or, starting in 2019, completed on-line). CSR surveys residents of elderly/disabled units (also known as Chapter 667) and family units (also known as Chapter 200 and Chapter 705).

During each round all units are mailed surveys, with one exception: in the case of the twelve housing authorities with more than 225 c.200 family units, a randomly selected group of 225 units was surveyed at each housing authority. This group was determined to be large enough to generate statistically useful results. In both rounds, responses from c.200 and c.705 residents are always combined.

# Round One Surveys (2016 - 2018)

In Round One of the surveys, CSR surveyed residents of elderly/disabled units (c.667) in three groups in the Fall of 2016, 2017 and 2018. CSR surveyed residents of family units (c.705 and c.200) in the Spring of 2016. (Note: there are many more c.667 units, so they were broken down into three groups).

Notes on Round One Surveys

- 1. In previous publications of this survey data, if there were at least twenty responses from residents of an authority's c.667 units or from their c.200/705 units, then there is a separate report for that program.
- 2. We originally combined data from c.667 and c.200/705 units for some LHAs with limited family data. However, to be consistent with the new Round Two methodology described below, we recalculated the Round One data using the new methodology. Since we no longer combine results from the different programs several LHAs no longer have a report for their c.200/705 units given the small data set for those units.

# Round Two Surveys (2019 - 2022)

Round Two of the surveys began in 2019. CSR surveyed about one-third of the elderly/disabled units in Fall 2019, Fall 2021, and Fall 2022. CSR surveyed all family units in Fall 2020.

## Notes on Round Two Surveys

- 1. We refined our reporting methodology and will issue survey results for any program (c.667 or c.200/705) meeting these requirements:
  - 8-19 completed surveys received, if the response rate is at least 40%
  - o 20-29 completed surveys received, if the response rate is at least 20%
  - 30+ completed surveys received, if the response rate is at least 15%
- Responses from the family units will not be combined with responses from elderly/disabled units as they originally were in Round One. Since the variance between the results of the elderly/disabled and family programs was sometimes significant, we determined that combining the two yielded less accurate results.

# **Topsfield Housing Authority**

Chapter 667 Housing Summary 2019 – 2022

DHCD is working with the Center for Survey Research at the University of Massachusetts Boston to survey residents in the housing units it oversees.

#### Fall 2019:

• Surveys were sent to 6955 housing units (Chapter 667). 3352 surveys were filled out and returned.

#### Fall 2021:

• Surveys were sent to 8350 housing units (Chapter 667). 3787 surveys were filled out and returned.

#### Fall 2022:

- Surveys were sent to 9118 housing units (Chapter 667). 3951 surveys were filled out and returned.
- In the **Topsfield Housing Authority**, surveys were sent to a total of **60** Topsfield housing units (Chapter 667); **26** surveys were completed.

This report provides some information about how the residents from the **Topsfield Housing Authority** who answered the survey responded. It compares their answers to those from residents in the entire state and to those from small LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts. These small LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts include: Bedford, Burlington, Chelmsford, Danvers, Dracut, Essex, Georgetown, Hamilton, Haverhill, Lexington, Lowell, Lynnfield, Manchester, Merrimac, Middleton, Nahant, Newburyport, North Andover, North Reading, Reading, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Swampscott, Tewksbury, Topsfield, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, Wenham, West Newbury, and Wilmington.

# Communication

• **Communication with management:** Residents were asked about how they interacted with their Housing Authorities in this peer group in the last 12 months. The table below shows what percentage of residents said they did each of the following:

	Topsfield Housing Authority	Small LHAs in Northeast MA *	Entire State
Felt they were usually or always treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted management	89%	84%	83%
Knew the Executive Director held a meeting with residents	52%	41%	42%

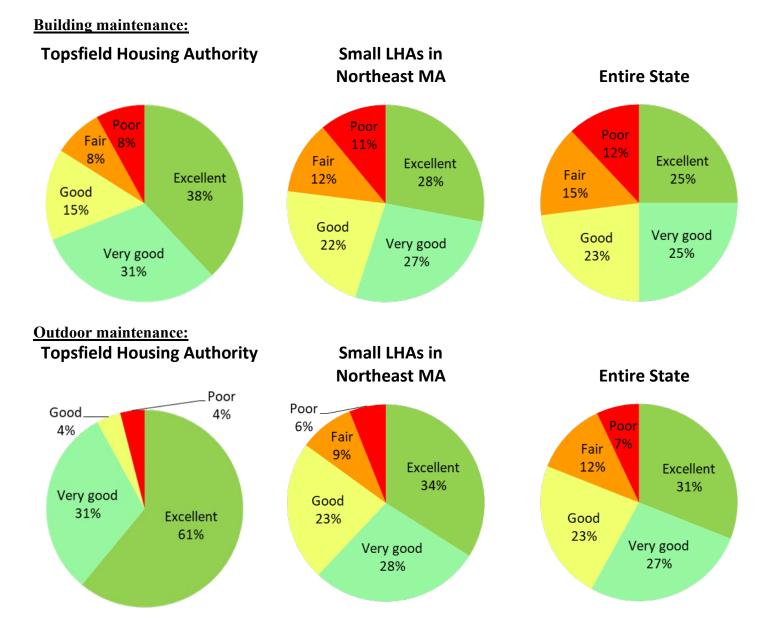
<sup>\*</sup> Small LHAs in Northeastern Massachusetts: Bedford, Burlington, Chelmsford, Danvers, Dracut, Essex, Georgetown, Hamilton, Haverhill, Lexington, Lowell, Lynnfield, Manchester, Merrimac, Middleton, Nahant, Newburyport, North Andover, North Reading, Reading, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Swampscott, Tewksbury, Topsfield, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, Wenham, West Newbury, and Wilmington.

# **Maintenance and Repair**

• **Communication with maintenance staff:** Residents were asked about their interactions with the Topsfield Housing Authority maintenance staff in the last 12 months.

	Topsfield Housing Authority	Small LHAs in Northeast MA	Entire State
Felt they were treated with courtesy and respect when they contacted maintenance	96%	88%	87%
Were contacted by the Housing Authority before entering their apartment	92%	91%	91%

• **Overall maintenance** Respondents were asked how they would they rate overall building maintenance (such as clean halls and stairways and having lights and elevators that work) and outdoor space maintenance (such as litter removal and clear walkways) in the last 12 months.



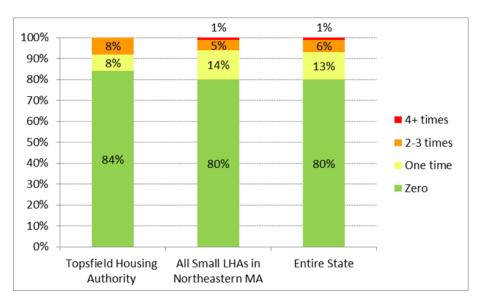
• Heating and Water Problems: About one-quarter of respondents had a problem with their heating and more than one-third had a plumbing problem in the last 12 months.

	Topsfield Housing Authority	Small LHAs in Northeast MA	Entire State
Had any heating problem	23%	37%	37%
Had any water problem	42%	59%	58%

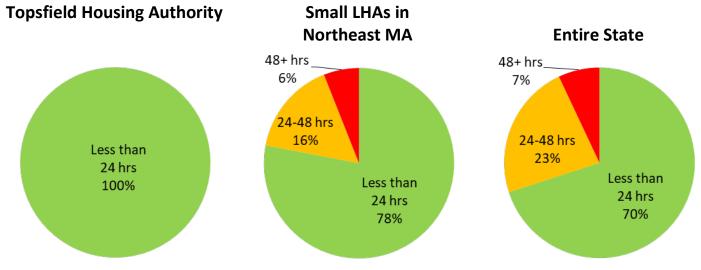
#### • Heating Problems

#### How many times did residents completely lose heat?

The chart below shows how many times respondents had completely lost heat in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



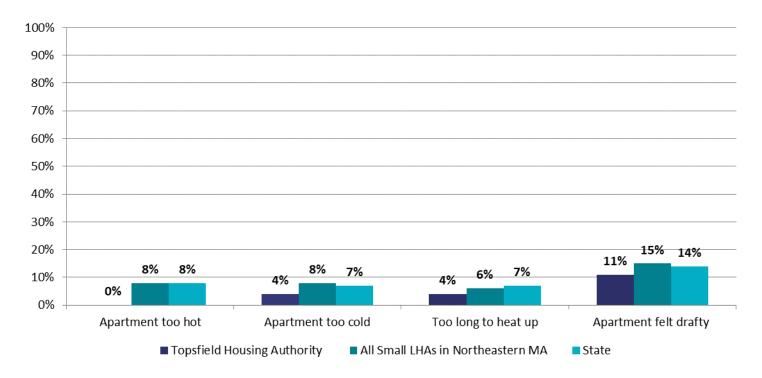
**How long did it usually take for heat to come back on?** For those respondents who reported completely losing heat, we asked how long it usually took for the heat to come back on – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, or more than 48 hours.



#### • Other Heating Problems

#### In the last 12 months did residents have other heating problems?

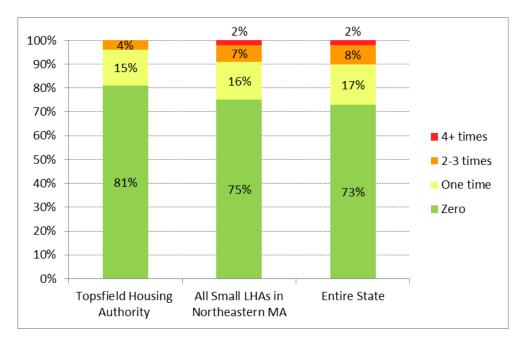
The chart below shows what percentage of residents experienced other heating problems in the last 12 months.



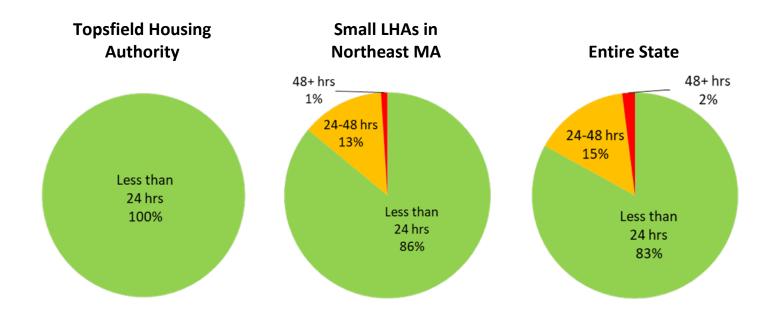
## • Water or Plumbing Problems

#### How many times did residents have no hot water in their apartment?

The chart below shows how many times respondents did not have no hot water in their apartment in the last 12 months. The green part of the bars shows what percentage of residents did not have the problem at all. The yellow shows who had the problem one time. The orange shows those who had the problem 2-3 times. And the red shows those who had the problem 4 or more times in the last 12 months.



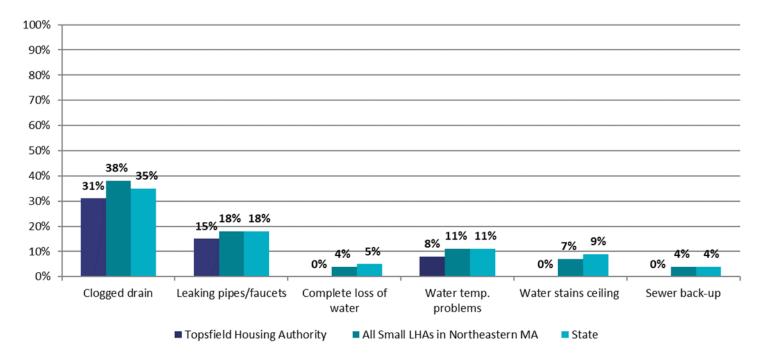
**How long did it usually take for hot water to come back on?** For those respondents who reported not having hot water in their apartment, we asked how long it usually took for hot water to come back on – less than 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, or more than 48 hours.



#### • Other Water or Plumbing Problems

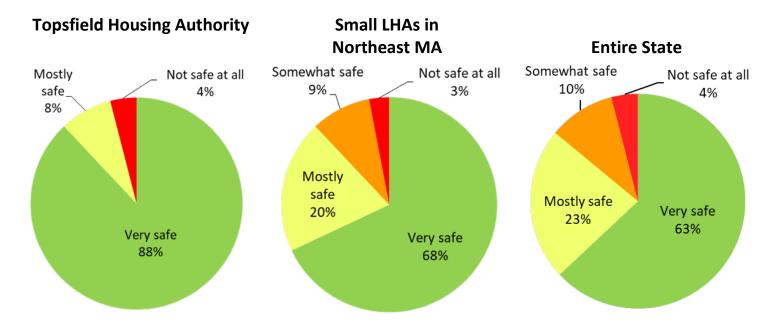
#### In the last 12 months did residents have other water or plumbing problems?

The chart below shows how many times respondents had other water or plumbing problems in the last 12 months.

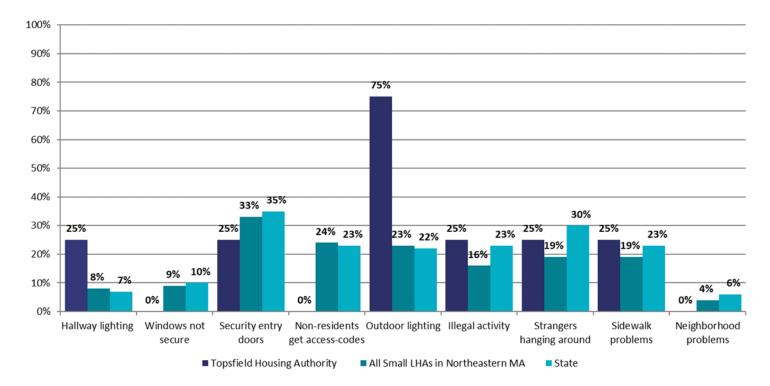


# Safety

**Respondents were asked how safe they felt in their development**. The charts below show what percentage of residents said they felt "very safe", "mostly" safe, "somewhat safe", or "not safe at all" in their development in the last 12 months.

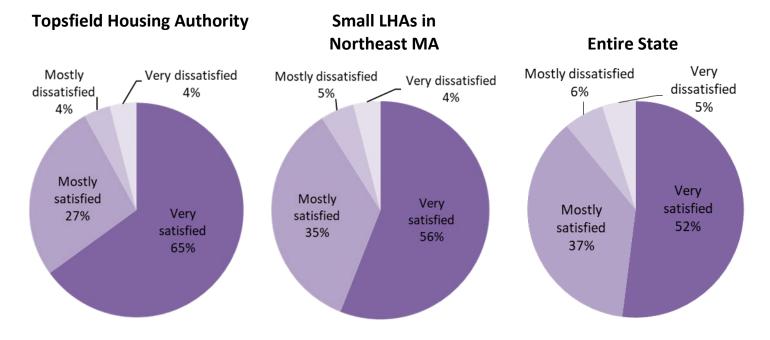


**Reasons why respondents felt unsafe in their development:** Respondents were asked why they felt unsafe in their development. This chart shows what specific concerns respondents mentioned.



# **Overall Satisfaction**

**Respondents were asked about their overall satisfaction living in their development**. The chart below shows what percentage of people said they were "very satisfied", "mostly satisfied", "mostly dissatisfied", or "very dissatisfied".



#### Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development

# A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL

# Resident Survey TOPSFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY

Chapter 667 Housing Fall 2022

# NOTE

This copy of the survey shows the percentage of respondents who chose each answer. DHCD also collected demographic information from survey respondents, such as gender, race, education, and age. The responses to these demographic questions are not included in this report in order to protect the anonymity of respondents.

In the fall of 2022, surveys were sent to **60** housing units (Chapter 667) in the Topsfield Housing Authority. **26** surveys were completed. The percentages presented here are based on that number.

#### How many years have you lived in your <u>current</u> apartment? 12% Less than 2 years 20% 2 to 5 years

- **32%** 6 to 10 years
- 36% More than 10 years

# Maintenance & Repair

- 8. In the last 12 months, how often were you treated with courtesy and respect by the maintenance staff of your development??
  - 0% Never
  - 4% Sometimes
  - 8% Usually
  - 88% Always
- 9. Does the Housing Authority let you know before they enter your apartment?92% Yes
  - 92% Yes4% No4% Don't Know
- **10.** "Building maintenance" includes things such as clean halls and stairways and having lights and elevators that work. In the last 12 months, how would you rate the overall building maintenance?
  - 8% Poor
  - 8% Fair
  - **15%** Good
  - 31% Very Good
  - 38% Excellent
- **11.** In the last 12 months, how would you rate how well the outdoor space is maintained at your development (such as litter removal and clear walkways)?
  - 4% Poor
  - 0% Fair
  - **4%** Good
  - 31% Very Good
  - 61% Excellent
- **12.** In the last 12 months, how many times did you completely lose heat in your apartment?
  - 84% Never  $\rightarrow$  If Never, go to #14
  - 8% Once
  - **8%** 2 or 3 times
  - 0% 4 times or more

- 13. How long did it usually take for your heat to come back on?
  - 100% Less than 24 hours
    - **0%** 24 to 48 hours
    - **0%** More than 48 hours
- **14.** In the last 12 months, did you have any of these other heating problems?

	Yes
a. Apartment was too hot	0%
b. Apartment was too cold	4%
c. Took too long for apartment to heat up	4%
d. Apartment felt too drafty	11%

- **15.** In the last 12 months, how many times did you have no hot water in your apartment?
  - 81% Never  $\rightarrow$  If Never, go to #17
  - 15% Once
  - 4% 2 or 3 times
  - 0% 4 times or more
- **16.** How long did it usually take for the hot water to come back on?
  - 100% Less than 24 hours
    - 0% 24 to 48 hours
    - 0% More than 48 hours
- **17.** In the last 12 months, did you have any of these other water or plumbing problems?

		Yes
a.	Clogged drains (sink, toilet, shower)	31%
b.	Leaking pipes or faucets	15%
C.	Complete loss of water	0%
d.	Water temperature problems (too hot, too cold, unreliable)	8%
e.	Water stains on the ceiling	0%
f.	Sewer backed-up into your apartment	0%

# Communication

- **18.** In the last 12 months, has the Executive Director at your development held any meetings with residents?
  - 52% Yes
  - 28% No
  - 20% Don't remember

- 19. In the last 12 months, how often were you treated with courtesy and respect by the management office of your development?4% Never
  - 8% Sometimes
  - 15% Usually
  - 73% Always
    - 3% Always

# Safety

- **20.** In the last 12 months, in general, how safe did you feel in your development?
  - **88%** Very safe  $\rightarrow$  If Very safe, go to #22
  - 8% Mostly safe
  - 0% Somewhat safe
  - 4% Not at all safe
- **21.** For those who felt not at all, somewhat, or mostly safe: Why do you feel unsafe in your development? *(Check all that apply.)*

# Building/Indoor Concerns

- **25%** Not enough lighting in the hallways
  - 0% Windows are not secure
- 25% Security of entry doors
- **0%** Other tenants give door access code to non-residents

# Outdoor Concerns

- **75%** Not enough outdoor lights
- 25% Illegal activity in the development
- **25%** Strangers hanging around who should not be there
- 25% Sidewalks are difficult to walk on

# Other Concerns

- **0%** The neighborhood/area the development is in
- 0% Another reason
- **22.** Overall, how satisfied are you living in your development?
  - 65% Very satisfied
  - 27% Mostly satisfied
  - 4% Mostly dissatisfied
  - 4% Very dissatisfied

# MINUTES OF THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE TOPSFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY

## June 8, 2023 69 WASHINGTON STREET, TOPSFIELD MASSACHUSETTS

Members Present:

Talisa Rafferty Colleen Gibson Jennifer DiCarlo Gerald McCarthy

The meeting was called to order at 9:013 AM

Minutes: The minutes from the May 11th meeting were accepted.

**Bills and Communications:** Diane Drinan presented the check summary for May 2023 totaling \$45,851.56 **Executive Director's Report:** 

Diane Drinan reported: 5 vacancies, one unit off line for a Mod project The waitlist has 2720 applicants, 1089 are elderly, 1631 are non-elderly, 3 transfers Enclosed the February operating statement

#### Old Business

On 5/22/23 we received \$10,000 subsidy from DHCD <u>New Business</u> Jerry McCarthy made a motion , 2<sup>nd</sup> by Talisa Rafferty to approve the Annual Plan. U.

#### Adjournment 10:00 AM

Respectfully submitted: Diane Drinan, PHM Executive Director Topsfield Housing Authority